

Section 10. Inventory of Historic Resources: Sites 61–80

Site 61

KHC Survey #: GD-481

Photographs: Figures 10.1–10.5

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717760 N: 4171283

Description: This house, which appears to be abandoned, is located at the corner of KY 39 and KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). It is a two-story, two-bay (w/d), side-gable frame house (Figure 10.1). A gable-roof porch with wood box columns shelters the single-leaf entry. The entry, which is located on the right side of the façade, contains a historic wood door with three vertical lights. A window with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes is to the left of the entry. Two windows at the upper level of the façade have been boarded over. These windows have decorative fixed wood shutters. An interior corbelled brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the ell's roof.

The west elevation has a window with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes at the lower level, while the upper level window is covered by a metal panel (Figure 10.2). A two-story, gable-roof ell extends from the rear elevation of the house. The windows on the west side of the ell have both six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes and three-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes. A central interior brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the ell's roof. The east side of the ell has a shed-roof addition (Figure 10.3). Windows on the addition have one-over-one-light sashes. The house is clad in weatherboards and the roof is covered with asphalt shingles. The foundation is covered with pressed metal panels.

A gable-roof, vertical board outbuilding with a metal roof is located behind the house (Figure 10.4). A gable-roof, vertical board transverse-crib barn is also associated with the house (Figure 10.5). The barn is currently used for livestock and has a corrugated metal roof.



Figure 10.1. Site 61, Two-story, two-bay, side-gable frame house (GD-481).



Figure 10.2. Site 61, West elevation.

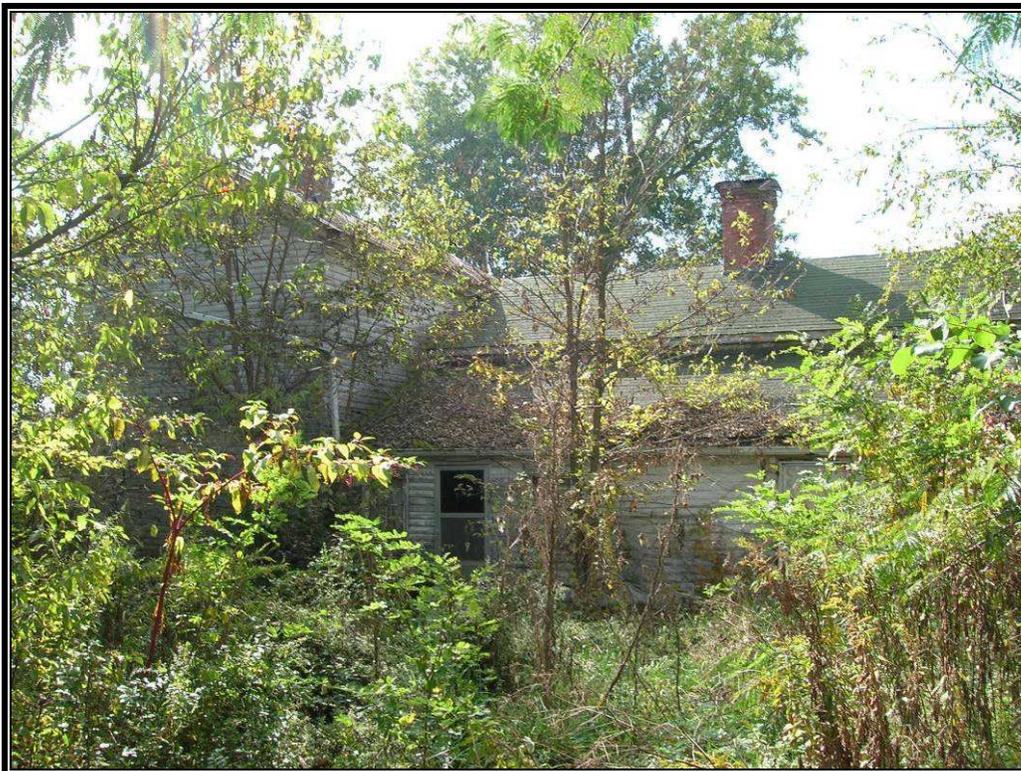


Figure 10.3. Site 61, East elevation,



Figure 10.4. Site 61, Gable-roof outbuilding.

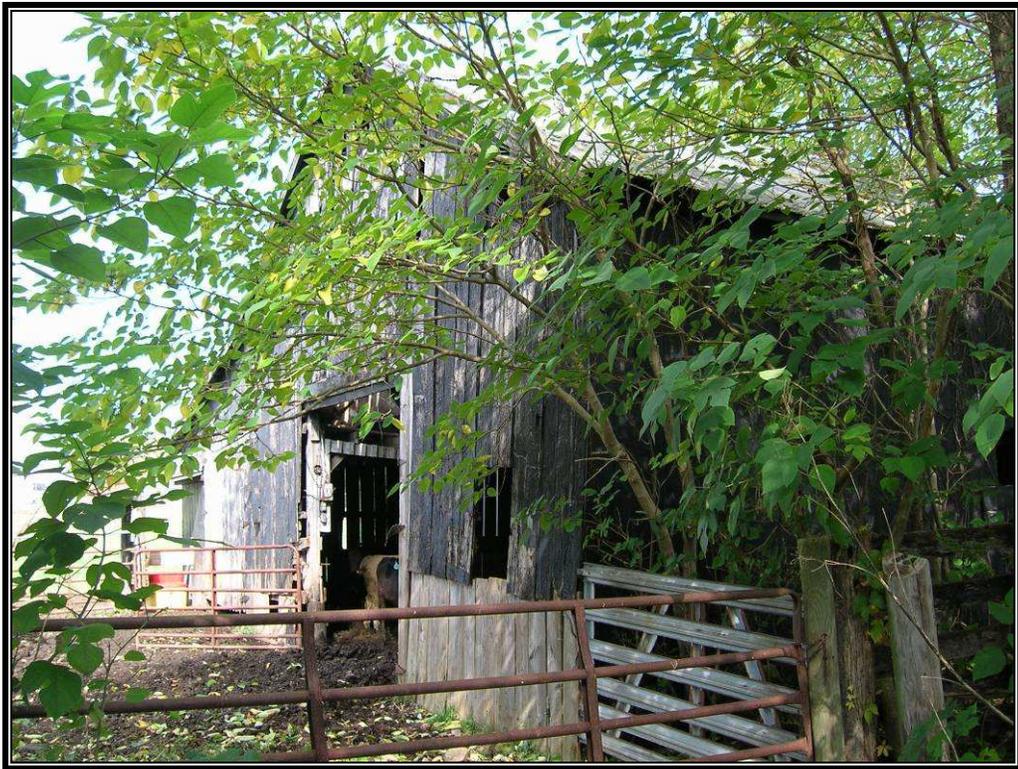


Figure 10.5. Site 61, Gable-roof transverse-crib barn.

The house and barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). The house appears to be associated with a residence belonging to “Jas. Beasley” on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Although this house retains much of its historic fabric, including the siding and porch components, many of its windows are missing, diminishing its integrity of design, materials, and workmanship. Because of its diminished integrity and its lack of distinctive or character defining features, this does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a house type, style, or method of construction. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 62

KHC Survey #: GD-482

Photographs: Figures 10.6–10.8

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717777 N: 4171483

Description: This house is located at 153 KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). The 1927 and 1941 maps indicate this building may have originally served as the Antioch School (Figures 5.9-5.10). The form of the building, which does not appear to be a traditional residential form, also supports the idea that the house was originally a school. Neither the 1879 map nor the 1952 map indicated a school in this location, therefore, it is likely the school was built after 1879 and discontinued its use as a school between 1941 and 1952 (Figures 5.7, 5.10, 5.12) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS

1952b). The house is comprised of two hip-roof sections (Figure 10.6). The south end of the façade, which projects slightly in front of the north end, has six bays (w/w/d/w/w/d) (Figure 10.7). The central single-leaf entry contains a half-light door and windows flanking the entry contain one-over-one-light double-hung replacement sashes. The windows have lunettes above the upper sashes. A gable-roof porch with two nonhistoric decorative metal posts shelters the entry. The porch roof is covered with standing seam metal and the gable front is clad in vinyl siding. A single-leaf nonhistoric door covered with a metal security door is located to the right of the four south-end bays. The north end of the façade is recessed and contains three bays. The single-leaf entry, located on the left side of the north end of the façade, contains a wood panel door and is flanked by sidelights. A hip-roof porch shelters the entry and is supported by square wood posts and a corbelled brick column. A nonhistoric metal rail is located between the two porch supports. Two windows, situated on the right side of the façade, contain one-over-one-light double-hung replacement windows with lunettes at the tops. Windows on the side elevations also contain one-over-one-light double-hung replacement sashes. The house is clad with vinyl siding and the roof is covered with standing seam metal. The house rests on a poured concrete foundation. A nonhistoric metal-clad garage is located to the side of the house. A gable-roof, vertical board barn with a corrugated metal roof is located behind the house (Figure 10.8).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Although this house may have originally served as the Antioch School, it no longer retains original features that would convey its association as a school. With the replacement siding, windows, and façade alterations, this house’s integrity of design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association have been compromised. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 10.6. Site 62, One-story, multi-bay, hip-roof house (GD-482).



Figure 10.7. Site 62, Façade and south elevation.



Figure 10.8. Site 62, Gable-roof barn.

Site 63

KHC Survey #: GD-483

Photographs: Figures 10.9–10.14

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717678 N: 4172114

Description: This house is located at 521 KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). It is a one-story, three-bay (w/d/ww), frame T-plan house (Figure 10.9). The house is comprised of a projecting front-gable portion, a recessed side-gable portion, and a hip-roof section, located behind the side-gable portion. A shed-roof porch with round vinyl columns extends across the side-gable portion. The porch has a poured concrete deck and an asphalt shingle roof. The single-leaf entry is located on the right side of the side-gable portion, while a window with one-over-one-light double-hung replacement sashes is to the left. Paired windows with one-

over-one-light double-hung replacement sashes are located on the projecting front-gable portion of the façade. A similar window is found on the south elevation. A shed-roof porch, supported by a round vinyl column, is located on the south elevation. A single-leaf entry, exiting onto the porch, is located on the rear of the side-gable portion. A window with one-over-one-light replacement sashes is to the left of the porch. Similar windows are also found on the north elevation and all have decorative fixed shutters. The rear elevation has a gable-roof section with two shed-roof additions to either side (Figure 10.10). An interior chimney pierces the north slope of the gable-roof section. Nonhistoric windows with one-over-one-light double-hung sashes are found on the rear elevation, and each of the shed-roof additions has single-leaf entries. The house is clad in aluminum siding and the roof is covered with asphalt shingles. The house rests on a dry-laid stone foundation.



Figure 10.9. Site 63, One-story, three-bay, frame T-plan house (GD-483).



Figure 10.10. Site 63, Rear elevation.

A gable-roof, vertical board garage is located to the west of the house (Figure 10.11). The garage has two batten doors at the gable end and a shed-roof section on the north side with an open bay. The garage has a poured concrete foundation and a V-groove metal roof. A nonhistoric, metal clad garage is located adjacent to this garage. A shed-roof vertical board outbuilding is located behind the house (Figure 10.12). The outbuilding has a batten door and a V-groove metal roof. A gable-roof, vertical board outbuilding is also located behind the house (Figure 10.13). It has a batten door at the gable end and an open square window at the upper gable. The roof is covered with corrugated metal. A gable-roof vertical board barn is also located behind the house (Figure 10.14). The barn has central sliding doors at the gable end and a historic Palladian window has been inserted at the upper gable. A shed-roof wing is located on the south side of the barn. Double-leaf batten doors are located on the shed-roof wing. The barn has a V-groove metal roof. A small gable-roof outbuilding is located in front of the barn (Figure 10.14). It is of vertical board construction and is partially clad in rolled asphalt siding. The roof is covered with asphalt shingles. A shed-roof, vertical board machine shed with open bays is located to the north of the barn. A gable-roof vertical board tobacco barn is located to the north of the house. A photograph of the barn could not be provided here due to limited access to the adjacent fields.

The house and two barns appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1941 and 1927 historic maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house also appears in this approximate location on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7). The residence is marked as the property of “L. Brown” (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Frame T-plan houses are common throughout central Kentucky. In order for an example to be considered eligible for the NRHP, it must retain sufficient integrity as well as character defining features, such as historic porch posts and trim. With its replacement siding and windows, altered and replaced porch components, and rear additions, this house’s integrity of design, materials, and workmanship have been compromised. Because of its diminished integrity this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a frame T-plan house in rural Garrard County. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. Nor do its associated outbuildings impart significance to the site as a whole. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

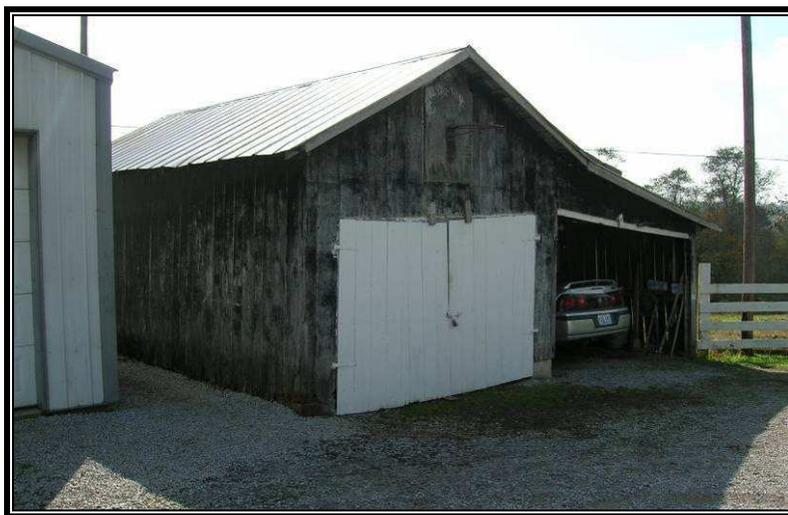


Figure 10.11. Site 63, Gable-roof garage.



Figure 10.12. Site 63, Shed-roof outbuilding.

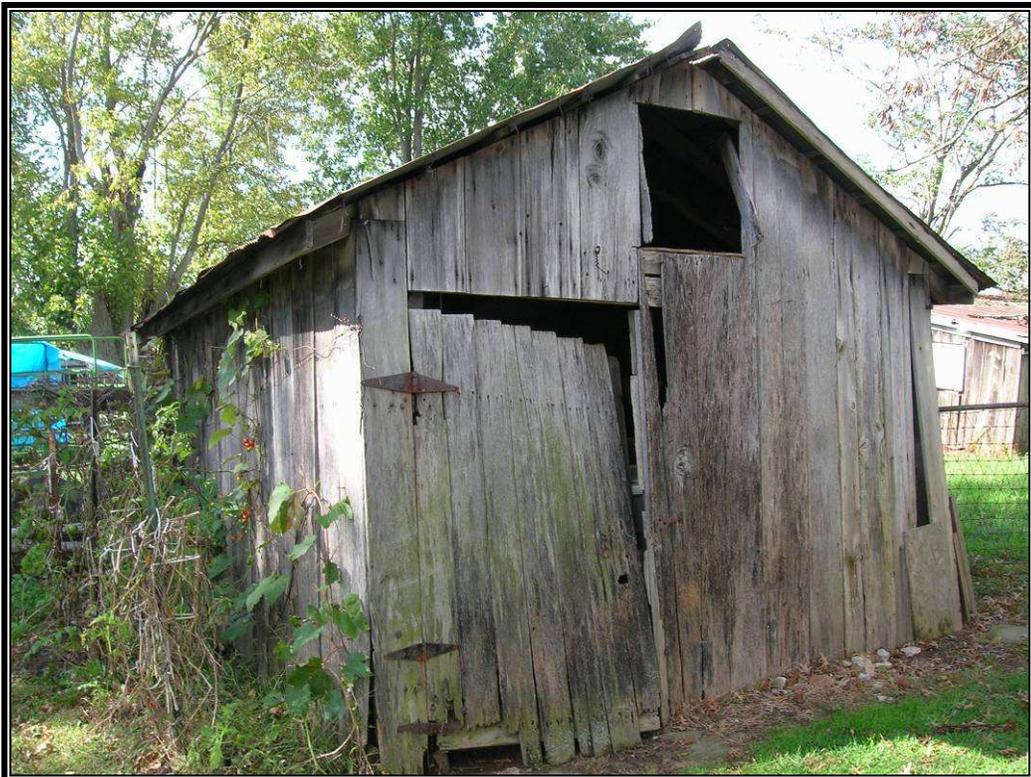


Figure 10.13. Site 63, Gable-roof outbuilding.



Figure 10.14. Site 63, Gable-roof barn and outbuilding, located behind house.

Site 64

KHC Survey #: GD-484

Photographs: Figures 10.15–10.17

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717858 N: 4172307

Description: This house is located at 694 KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). It is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), frame T-plan house (Figure 10.15). The house is comprised of a recessed hip-roof section and a projecting hip-roof section. A shed-roof porch, supported by nonhistoric decorative metal posts atop brick piers, extends across the recessed hip-roof section of the façade and wraps around the north side of the house. The porch has a poured concrete deck and a V-groove metal roof. A single-leaf entry containing a half-light wood door is located on the right side of the recessed hip-roof section of the façade. A window with six-over-six-light double-hung vinyl sashes is to the left of the entry. The upper half-story above the porch is comprised of a cross gable located on the left side of the façade. The cross gable contains a window

with six-over-six-light double-hung vinyl sashes. A similar window is also found on the projecting hip-roof section of the façade, which is three-sided. The projecting section's roof is perpendicular to the recessed portion of the facade (Figure 10.16). Windows along the south elevation have nine-over-nine-light double-hung vinyl sashes. An interior brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the roof where the two roofs meet. A single-story shed-roof addition is located along the rear elevation. The addition contains six-over-six-light double-hung vinyl windows. A nonhistoric treated lumber deck is located on the rear of the addition. The house is clad in aluminum siding and the roof is covered with metal panels. The addition has a poured concrete foundation. The foundation of the main block of the house could not be determined due to the siding extending to grade. A nonhistoric metal-clad garage is located next to the house, in addition to a shed-roof vertical board outbuilding. A large gable-roof tobacco barn is located behind the house (Figure 10.17). Constructed with vertical boards, the barn is oriented north-south. It has three bays with double-leaf batten doors at the north end and seven vertical side vents. The barn has a poured concrete foundation and a V-groove metal roof.



Figure 10.15. Site 64, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, frame T-plan house (GD-484).



Figure 10.16. Site 64, South elevation.



Figure 10.17. Site 64, Gable-roof tobacco barn.

The house and barn appears on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1941 and 1927 historic maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house in this approximate location does not appear on the 1879 map (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b) (Figure 5.7).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Frame T-plan houses are common throughout central Kentucky. In order for an example to be considered eligible for the NRHP, it must retain sufficient integrity as well as character defining features, such as historic porch posts and trim. With its replacement siding and windows, altered and replaced porch components, and rear addition, this house's integrity of design, materials, and workmanship have been compromised. Because of its diminished integrity this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a frame T-plan house in rural Garrard County. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. Nor do its associated outbuildings impart significance to the site as a whole. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 65

KHC Survey #: GD-485

Photographs: Figures 10.18–10.20

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717846 N: 4172452

Description: This house is located at 787 KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). It is a one-story, four-bay (w/d/d/w), front-gable frame house (Figure 10.18). A shed-roof porch supported with nonhistoric decorative metal posts shelters the central single-leaf entries. The porch has a poured concrete foundation and a metal roof. The single-leaf entries contain nonhistoric multi-light wood doors. Windows flanking the entries contain one-over-one-light replacement sashes. Similar windows are found along the side elevations, along with paired four-over-four-light vinyl windows (Figure 10.19). The windows are flanked by decorative fixed shutters. Two interior brick chimneys are located along the ridgeline of the roof. A single-story shed-roof addition is located along the rear elevation. A nonhistoric multi-light door is located on the south side of the addition.



Figure 10.18. Site 65, One-story, front-gable, four-bay frame house (GD-485).



Figure 10.19. Site 65, Rear and north elevations.

The addition is clad in aluminum siding and the roof is covered with rolled asphalt sheets. The main block of the house is clad in vinyl siding and the roof is covered with V-groove metal. The foundation is covered with panels of vinyl siding. A nonhistoric metal-clad garage is located next to the house. A gable-roof smokehouse, clad in vinyl siding, is located behind the house (Figure 10.20). A single-leaf wood door is located on the right side of the façade and is sheltered by a shed-roof porch. The porch roof is covered with corrugated metal and is supported by turned wood posts. An exterior brick and concrete block chimney is located on the south side of the smokehouse. The foundation type and material could not be determined due to the siding extending to grade. The roof is covered with corrugated metal.

The house appears on the 1941 and 1952 maps (KDOH 1941; USGS 1952b) (Figures 5.10, 5.12).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Early-twentieth century, one-story, front-gable frame

houses are common house forms in Garrard County as well as throughout the state. In order for an example to be eligible, it must retain a high degree of integrity in addition to distinctive or character defining features found in porch components, windows, and architectural details. With its replacement siding, windows and doors, and replacement porch components, this house's integrity of design, materials, and workmanship have been diminished. As a result, this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a one-story, front-gable frame house. Additionally, the associated smokehouse does not retain sufficient integrity as an outbuilding and does not impart significance to the site as a whole. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

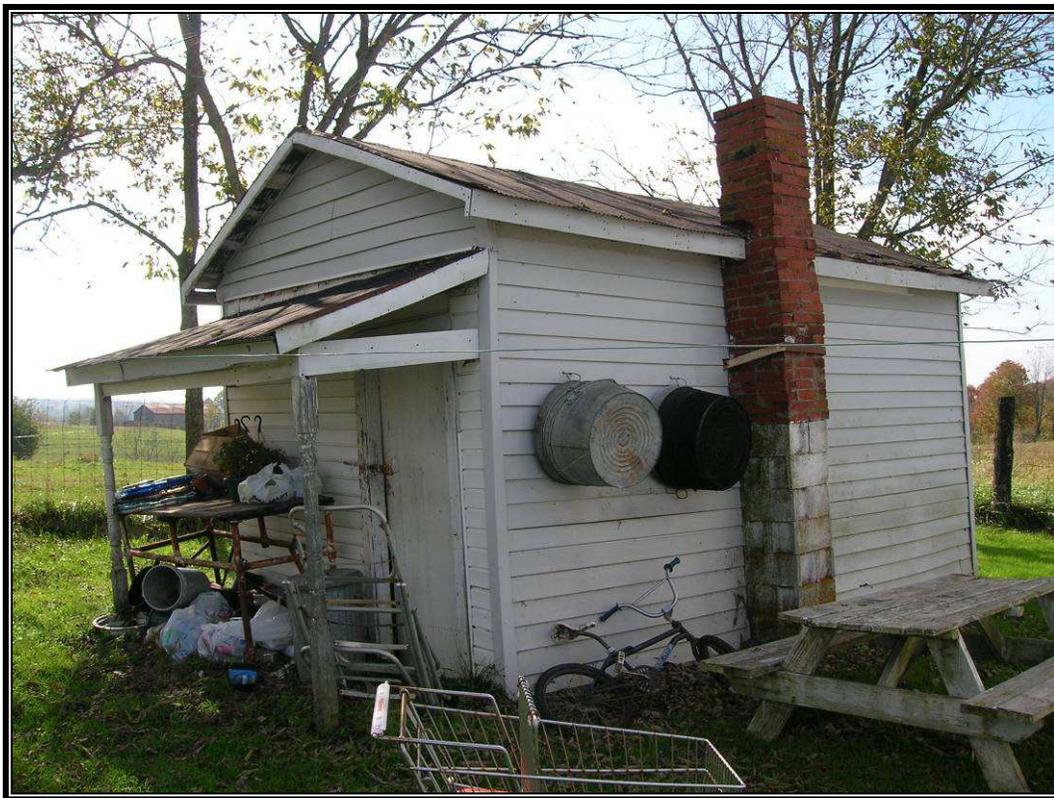


Figure 10.20. Site 65, Gable-roof smokehouse.

Site 66

KHC Survey #: GD-486

Photographs: Figures 10.21–10.24

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717839 N: 4172952

Description: This house is located on the west side of KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). It is a one-and-one-half-story, two-bay (d/w), frame T-plan house (Figure 10.21). The façade is comprised of a recessed side-gable portion, punctuated with a cross gable, and a projecting front-gable portion. A hip-roof porch with round aluminum columns spans the façade (Figure 10.22). A single-leaf entry with a half-light wood door is situated in the center of the side-gable portion of the façade. A window with one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes is located on the right side of the façade, on the front-gable portion. Similar windows are found on the upper level of the façade as well; it appears the windows have retained their wood surrounds. An additional single-leaf entry is located on the south side of the front-gable portion. An interior brick chimney is located along the ridgeline of the side-gable roof. The upper level of the north elevation has two cross gables containing windows with one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes. A one-story, gable-roof addition is located on the north elevation. The addition has a single-leaf entry and one-over-one-light windows, placed horizontally. A single-story shed-roof addition is located on the south elevation. It has one-over-one-light windows and is clad in asbestos shingles. The house is clad in aluminum siding and the roof is covered with asphalt shingles. The foundation type and material could not be determined as it was covered by the siding.

There are three domestic outbuildings behind the house, in addition to a gambrel-roof barn. A gable-roof, vertical board outbuilding with double-leaf batten doors is located directly behind the house (Figure 10.23). The roof, which has a slight overhang above the façade,

is covered with corrugated metal. A shed-roof, vertical board outbuilding is also located in the house's rear yard. It is clad in horizontal wood siding and has a batten door. The roof is covered with corrugated metal. A gable-roof outbuilding clad with horizontal wood siding is adjacent to the shed-roof outbuilding. It has a central batten door and the roof is covered with metal panels. The gambrel-roof barn has a vertical board exterior and a central bay with sliding batten doors (Figure 10.24). Windows with six-over-two-light and two-over-two-light wood sashes are located at the upper gable. The roof is covered with corrugated metal.

The house and barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A residence in this approximate location also appears on the 1879 map as the property of "Mrs. Ray" (Figure 5.7) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Frame T-plan houses are common throughout central Kentucky. In order for an example to be considered eligible for the NRHP, it must retain sufficient integrity as well as character defining features, such as historic porch posts and trim. With its replacement siding, altered and replaced porch components, and side additions, this house's integrity of design, materials, and workmanship have been diminished. Because of its diminished integrity this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a frame T-plan house in rural Garrard County. Although this house retains good examples of domestic outbuildings as well as a gambrel-roof barn, these do not impart significance to the site as a whole. A better example of a two-story frame T-plan house within a much more cohesive agricultural complex is the Dixie Stock Farms (GD-372), located on U.S. 27, north of Lancaster. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

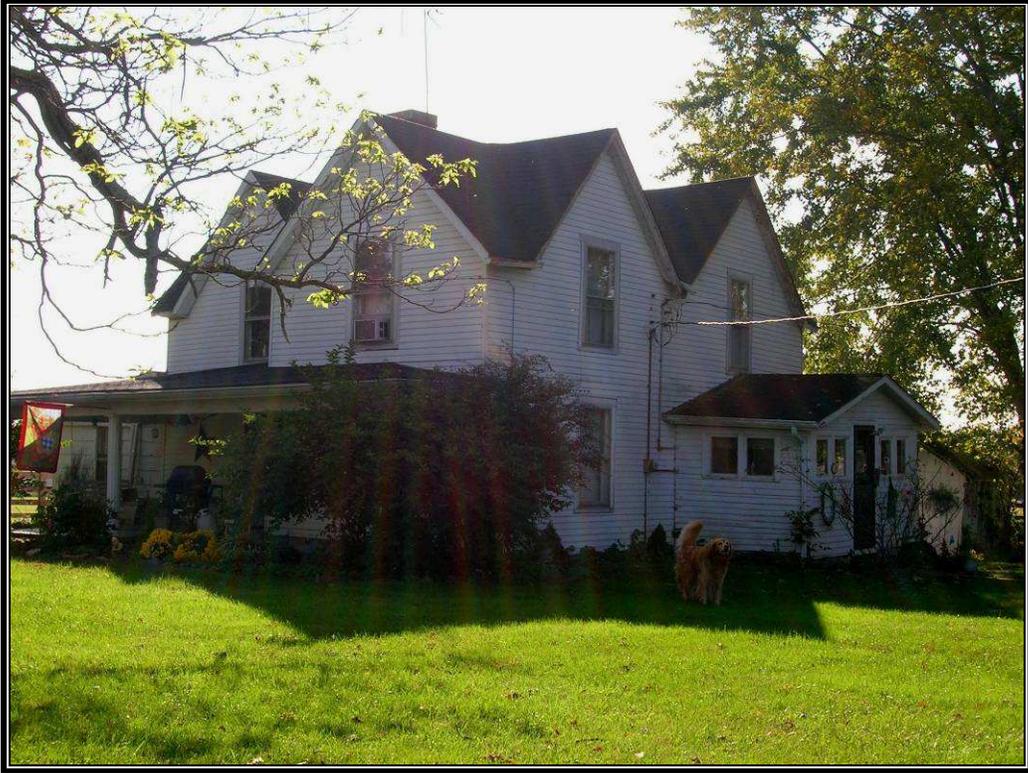


Figure 10.21. Site 66, Two-story, two-bay, frame T-plan house (GD-486).



Figure 10.22. Site 66, Façade.



Figure 10.23. Site 66, Rear domestic outbuildings.



Figure 10.24. Site 66, Gambrel-roof barn.

Site 67

KHC Survey #: GD-487

Photographs: Figures 10.25–10.27

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717771 N: 4173578

Description: This house is located on the west side of KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). It is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable frame house (Figure 10.25). A shed-roof porch supported by square wood posts shelters the central single-leaf entry. The porch has a poured concrete deck and a standing seam metal roof. The entry contains a nonhistoric half-light door, which is flanked by windows with one-over-one-light replacement sashes. Each window has a single decorative fixed shutter at its outer edge. An interior corbelled brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the roof. Windows with one-over-one-light double-hung replacement sashes are found on

the side elevations as well (Figure 10.26). The windows have decorative fixed shutters and wrapped surrounds. A gable-roof and a shed-roof addition are located on the rear elevation. The shed-roof addition has a single-leaf entry and six-light fixed sash windows. A shed-roof carport extends from the addition. The carport is supported with square wood posts. The house is clad in vinyl siding and the roof is covered with standing seam metal. A gable-roof outbuilding with a metal roof is located behind the house. A gable-roof, vertical board tobacco barn is located south of the house (Figure 10.27). The central bay has a vertical board sliding door. A shed-roof addition or stripping room is located on the north side of the barn. The roof is covered with corrugated metal.

The house and barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10) (KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).



Figure 10.25. Site 67, One-story, three-bay, side-gable frame house (GD-487).



Figure 10.26. Site 67, Façade and south elevation.



Figure 10.27. Site 67, Gable-roof barn.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. This house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a common house type. With its replacement siding, windows, and porch components, and rear additions, this house no longer retains the integrity necessary to convey significance. The house only retains two outbuildings and does not appear to be associated with agricultural fields, diminishing its integrity as an agricultural site. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 68

KHC Survey #: GD-488

Photographs: Figures 10.28–10.30

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717881 N: 4173607

Description: This house is located on the east side of KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). Access to this site was limited due to an unrestrained dog. It is a one-and-one-half-story, two-bay (d/w), frame T-plan house (Figure 10.28). The façade is comprised of a recessed side-gable portion and a projecting front-gable portion. A shed-roof porch, supported by chamfered wood posts, is located on the side-gable portion of the façade (Figure 10.29). The porch has a poured concrete deck and a V-groove metal roof. A single-leaf entry, containing a historic multi-light wood door, is centered under the porch. An additional single-leaf entry is located on the north side of the front-gable portion, exiting onto the front porch. The entry contains a wood panel door. The upper level above the porch has a cross gable containing a window with two-over-two-light double-hung wood sashes. Similar windows are found on the front-gable portion of the façade. The windows retain their wood frames. An interior brick chimney pierces the

ridgeline of the roof on the south side of the house. Windows on the north elevation also contain two-over-two-light double-hung wood sashes. A one-story gable-roof addition is located on the rear of the house (Figure 10.30). A shed-roof enclosed porch, located on the north side of the addition, is collapsing. The house is clad in weatherboards and the roof is covered with V-groove metal panels. The foundation is covered with pressed metal panels. A gable-roof garage and a gable-roof tobacco barn are located behind the house. The barn has a vertical board exterior, central sliding door, and vents in the upper gable.

The house and two barns appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). The second barn, if it is still extant, could not be accessed. A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A residence does not appear in this approximate location on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. T-plan houses are common throughout central Kentucky. In order for an example to be considered eligible for the NRHP, it must retain sufficient integrity as well as character defining features, such as historic porch posts and trim. While this house retains its wood siding and windows, it lacks distinctive or character defining features. Additionally, the deteriorating rear addition diminishes the house's integrity of design, materials, and workmanship. Because of its diminished integrity and lack of distinctive features, this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a frame T-plan house in rural Garrard County. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

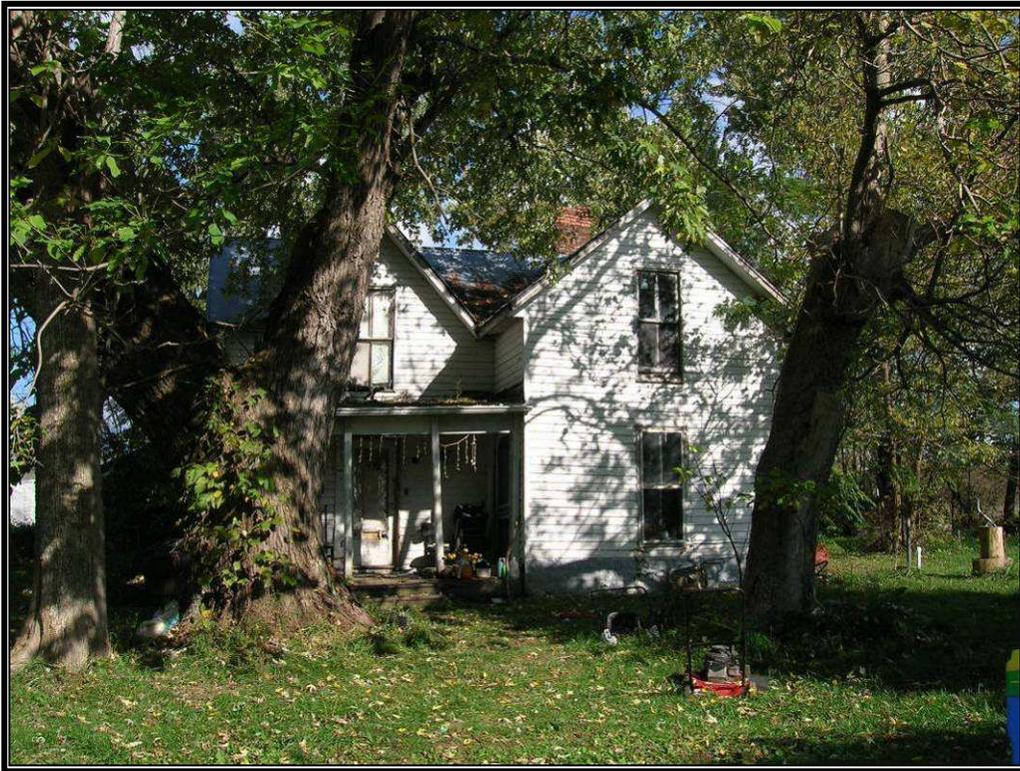


Figure 10.28. Site 68, One-and-one-half-story, two-bay, frame T-plan house (GD-488).



Figure 10.29. Site 68, Façade and north elevation.



Figure 10.30. Site 68, North elevation.

Site 69

KHC Survey #: GD-489

Photographs: Figures 10.31–10.34

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717944 N: 4173256

Description: This house is located at 1304 KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). It is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), frame American Bungalow (Figure 10.31). The original shed-roof inset porch has been enclosed, forming the current façade. The single-leaf entry, spaced slightly off center on the façade, contains a nonhistoric wood door with a diamond-shaped window at the top. Windows, located on either side of the entry, have one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes. A centered gable-roof dormer, containing paired one-over-one-light wood windows, is located on the front roof slope. An interior corbelled brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the dormer roof and wood rafter tails project from under the dormer's eaves. The south elevation

has a mixture of one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes and three-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes (Figure 10.32). An interior corbelled brick chimney pierces the rear roof slope above the south elevation. The north elevation has a mixture of windows with either one-over-one-light or two-over-two-light double-hung wood sashes (Figure 10.33). The windows on both side elevations retain their wood surrounds. A single-story shed-roof section extends across the rear elevation. The south side of the rear section contains a single-leaf entry and three-over-one-light wood windows, while the north side of the addition has a rectangular single-light window. The entry on the south side is situated on the corner of the rear section. An exterior brick chimney is located on the rear elevation. The house is clad in aluminum siding and the roof is covered with corrugated metal. The foundation material and type could not be determined due to the siding extending to grade.

A gable-roof, vertical board tobacco barn is located to the south of the house (Figure 10.34). The barn has a central sliding door and a shed-roof wing, or stripping room.



Figure 10.31. Site 69, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, frame American Bungalow (GD-489).



Figure 10.32. Site 69, South elevation.



Figure 10.33. Site 69, North elevation.



Figure 10.34. Site 69, Gable-roof tobacco barn.

The house and barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1941 county highway map (Figure 5.10) (KDOH 1941; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Although Bungalows are common house forms throughout central Kentucky and the state, it is not a particularly pervasive form in the northeastern portion of Garrard County. Because of their regional and national popularity, eligible examples should retain a high degree of integrity as well as character defining features, which include multi-light over single-light windows, Craftsman style doors and porch elements, knee braces and rafter tails. With its enclosed porch, replacement siding, windows, and doors, and general lack of character defining features, this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a Bungalow in rural Garrard County. A better example is Site 48, a Bungalow that appears to be eligible under Criterion C. Nor does this site appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 70

KHC Survey #: GD-490

Photographs: Figures 10.35–10.37

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717837 N: 4173076

Description: This house is located at 1191 KY 563 (Poor Ridge Pike). It is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/d), frame T-plan house with a side addition (Figure 10.35). The façade is comprised of a recessed side-gable portion and a projecting front-gable portion. A shed-roof porch, supported with nonhistoric decorative metal posts, extends across the façade. The porch has a poured concrete deck

and a V-groove metal roof. A single-leaf entry is located on the right side of the side-gable portion of the façade. A window with eight-over-eight-light double-hung sashes is to the left of the entry. A single-leaf historic half-light wood door is located on the lower level of the front-gable portion of the façade. A window with two-over-two-light double-hung wood sashes is at the upper level of the front-gable portion. An interior brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the roof of the side-gable portion. A single-story shed-roof addition is located on the north side of the house. The addition's façade has a window with one-over-one-light replacement sashes. The south elevation has a window with four-over-four-light double-hung vinyl sashes (Figure 10.36). The front-gable portion extends to the rear elevation and a shed-roof addition is located on its south side. The side of the addition has a window with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes. The addition rests on a concrete block foundation. The house is clad in vinyl siding and the roof is covered with V-groove metal panels. The foundation of the main block of the house is concealed by the vinyl siding. A gable-roof, vertical board outbuilding with a metal roof is located behind the house. A gable-roof, vertical board garage is located south of the house (Figure 10.37). The garage is clad in a combination of board and batten siding and masonite siding.

The house and a barn located behind the house appear on the 1952 topographic map; the barn is no longer extant (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A residence appears in this approximate location on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7). The residence on the map belonged to "M. Ray" (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).



Figure 10.35. Site 70, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, frame T-plan house with side addition (GD-490).



Figure 10.36. Site 70, South elevation.



Figure 10.37. Site 70, Gable-roof garage.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Frame T-plan houses are common throughout central Kentucky. In order for an example to be considered eligible for the NRHP, it must retain sufficient integrity as well as character defining features, such as historic porch posts and trim. With its replacement siding windows, and altered and replaced porch components, this house's integrity of design, materials, and workmanship have been diminished. Because of its diminished integrity, along with its lack of distinctive or character defining features, this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a frame T-plan house in rural Garrard County. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 71

KHC Survey #: GD-31

Photographs: Figures 10.38–10.45

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716986 N: 4172693

Description: This house is located on the west side of Jess Ray Road, north of KY 39, and facing Sugar Creek. It is a one-story, five-bay (w/w/d/w/w), side-gable Federal stone house (Figure 10.38). The location of this house was recorded in the KHC GIS database as being the residence south of this house; during the survey, it was found the correct location was the house north of the one designated in the database. According to the 1982 KHC survey form of GD-31, completed by Carolyn Murray Wooley, the house has a central passage plan

and the interior woodwork was removed around 1930, after a fire. The symmetrical façade has a single-leaf entry containing a half-light wood door and windows with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes. The entry has a wood surround and the area above the entry is clad with wood siding that extends to the top of the façade wall. The entry exits onto a nonhistoric treated lumber deck. The windows have nonhistoric decorative fixed shutters. A wood cornice board extends across the façade under the eaves. Each gable end has an interior stone chimney and wood cornice boards. The south elevation does not contain any bays, while the north elevation contains a single-leaf entry on the right side of the chimney. The south side of the rear elevation has two windows with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes. A single-story shed-roof frame addition is located on the rear elevation (Figure 10.39). The south side of the addition has a single-leaf nonhistoric door and one-over-one-light nonhistoric windows; one of the windows is placed horizontally. The north side of the addition has a single-light picture window and a window with two-over-two-light double-hung horizontal sashes. The addition is clad in vinyl siding. The house is constructed of coursed stone with mortar between the joints. The stone foundation, which is visible on the southwest corner of the house, is located at the ground level and extends out slightly from the exterior walls. The roof is covered with standing seam metal.

The house has several associated outbuildings (Figure 10.40). The gable-roof stone root cellar, located behind the house, appears to be the only outbuilding that dates to the construction period of the house. A close up photograph of the root cellar could not be taken due to unrestrained dogs on the property. The root cellar is constructed of coursed stone and has a batten door at the gable end that faces the house. The roof is clad with metal panels. Adjacent to the root cellar is a small gable-roof outbuilding, clad in plywood. It has a single-leaf entry with a half-light door on the south gable end. A six-light wood sash is next to the entry and a window with six-over-six-light double-hung sashes is

located on the east side of the outbuilding. A gable-roof vertical board garage is located south of the house (Figure 10.41). It has double-leaf plywood doors and a metal panel roof. A gable-roof vertical board tobacco barn is located south of the house (Figure 10.42). The barn has five vertical side vents and a shed-roof stripping room on the east side. The roof is covered with metal panels. A gable-roof vertical board outbuilding is attached to the barn, on its north side. A smaller gable-roof, vertical board barn is located behind the tobacco barn. The tobacco barn appears on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12) (USGS 1952b).

The house also appears on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A residence appears in this approximate location on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7). The residence on the map appears to have belonged to “J. Mackey” (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b). The KHC survey form and the Ballard and Powell survey book both state an early property owner was John Lackey. The house and property are also associated with the surnames Jennings, Anderson, Holtzclaw, and Hutcherson (Ballard and Powell 1987: 54; Survey form on file at the KHC). The name that appears on the map may have been misspelled.

NRHP Evaluation: Listed. This house was listed in the NRHP in 1983 as a part of the Multi-County Thematic Nomination entitled “Early Stone Buildings of Central Kentucky” (Wooley 1983). A photo of the house is provided in the Ballard and Powell book, which was compiled not long after the house was nominated (Ballard and Powell 1987:54). The house appears much as it did in the mid-1980s and appears to retain much, if not all, of the integrity it possessed when it was nominated to the NRHP. This house remains an outstanding example of late eighteenth and early nineteenth century stone house construction in rural Garrard County.



Figure 10.38. Site 71, One-story, five-bay, side-gable stone house (GD-31).

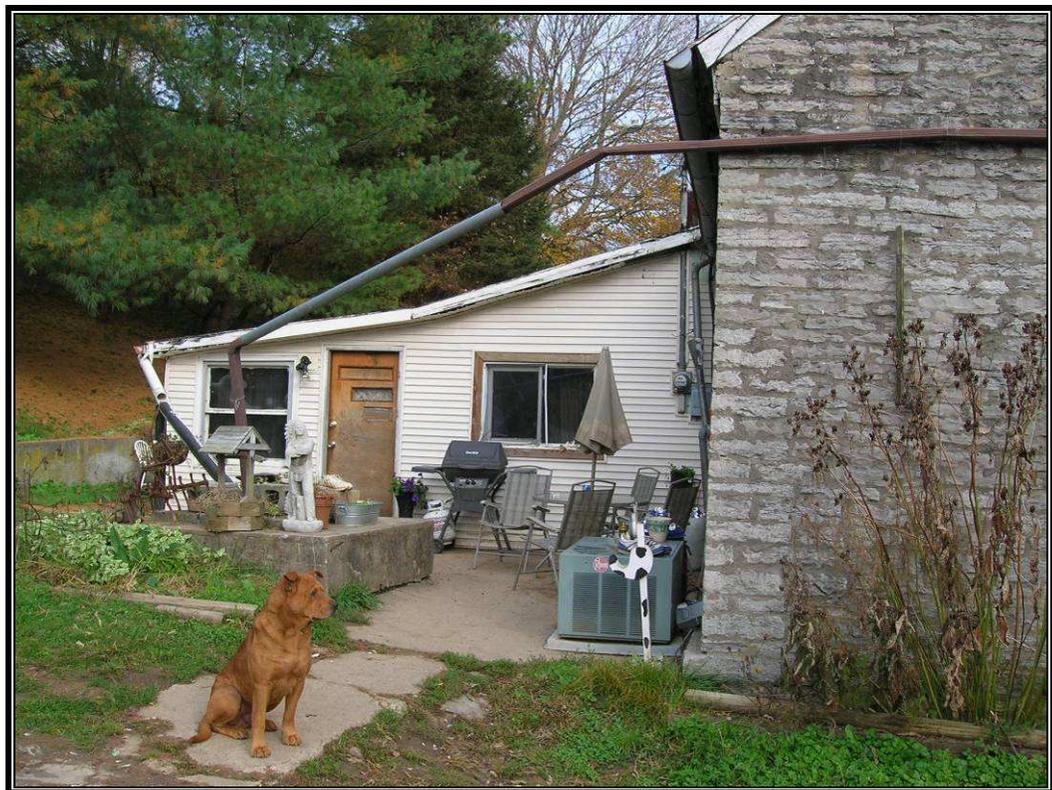


Figure 10.39. Site 71, Rear addition, looking north.



Figure 10.40. Site 71, Overview of Site 71, looking southwest.



Figure 10.41. Site 71, Gable-roof garage.



Figure 10.42. Site 71, Gable-roof tobacco barn.

The existing NRHP boundary, provided on the KHC survey form, includes the house and stone root cellar. The boundary is a 200-x-300 ft square area (Figure 10.43). The boundary does not include the other outbuildings as they date much later than the house and stone cellar, and they do not contribute to the house's significance under Criterion C. The garage, which is located inside the boundary, is a non-contributing structure to the site. Additionally, the site's integrity of setting remains intact, as the rolling hills and Sugar Creek remain important landscape features in the immediate area. No modern intrusions are evident on the landscape.

Effects Recommendation: Adverse Effect.

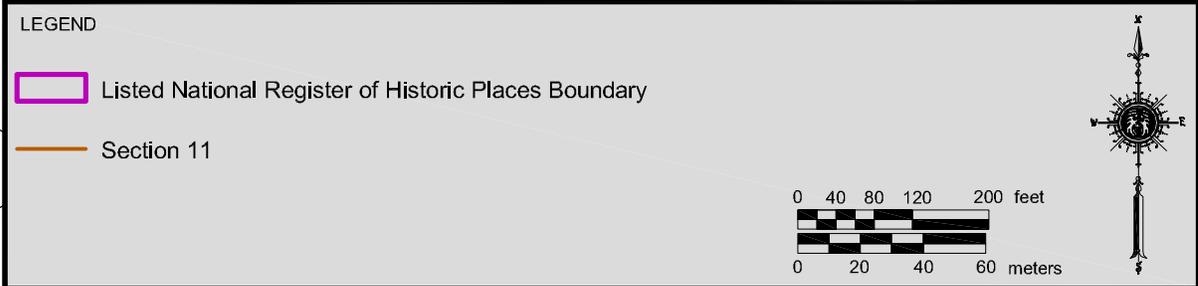
Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr: Adverse Effect

The proposed section of transmission line located nearest Site 71 is Section 11 of proposed Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr. Section 11 of these alternatives is located approximately 241 ft to the north of the northern boundary of Site 71. It appears the proposed line will be located along the top of a hill adjacent to Site 71. Figure 10.44 shows Site 71 and the adjacent hill where the line will be built. Figure 10.45 shows the view from the front yard of the house looking north

toward the approximate area where the line will cross Jess Ray Road. Although the proposed line will not intersect with the NRHP boundary, it appears the new line will be located adjacent to the site, on a prominent hill that is readily seen from Site 71, and will therefore have an indirect adverse effect on the site. The view from the house of the new transmission line will include the area to its northeast, where the line will cross Jess Ray Road, as well as the hill to its north. The proposed line will significantly diminish the site's integrity of setting, which has remained intact, apparently since the construction of the house. Because of the indirect effects presented by the proposed transmission line, it appears Alternatives A, C, E, and G will have an adverse effect on Site 71.

Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr: No Effect

No sections contained within the remaining Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr are located either within the established one-mile APE corridor in which Site 71 is located, or within any general proximity to the site. Therefore, Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr will have no effect on Site 71.



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Figure 10.43. Site 71 (GD-31) listed NRHP boundary.



Figure 10.44. Site 71, View of Site 71 and adjacent hill where proposed line will be located.



Figure 10.45. Site 71, View from front yard of house, looking northeast to where proposed line will cross Jess Ray Road.

Site 72

KHC Survey #: GD-491

Photographs: Figures 10.46–10.48

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717101 N: 4172152

Description: This house is located on the west side of Jess Ray Road. It is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable house (Figure 10.46). From the exterior, it appears the right side of the house may be a single-pen log section, as is indicated by the projecting girts on the façade and the exterior stone chimney, which is a common component to log houses in the area. The property owners were not available to confirm the house's construction, nor has the house been previously surveyed. A hip-roof porch extends across the façade and is supported by battered wood columns. The porch has a nonhistoric

wood railing and an asphalt shingle roof. The single-leaf entry, located on the right side of the façade, contains a wood door with three vertical lights. The window adjacent to the entry contains two-over-two-light double-hung wood sashes. An identical window is located on the far left side of the façade. An exterior mortared stone chimney is located on the north elevation. The south elevation has a single-leaf entry at the upper level (Figure 10.47). The entry contains a wood door with three horizontal lights. A single-story gable-roof addition is located on the rear elevation. The addition extends past the south side of the house, where a single-leaf nonhistoric door is located. Windows with six-over-six-light vinyl sashes are found on the addition. The house's foundation is covered with an unidentified material and the roof is covered with asphalt shingles. The house is clad in vinyl siding. A gable-roof, vertical board tobacco barn is located behind the house (Figure 10.48). The barn has central batten doors at the gable end and seven vertical side vents. The roof is covered with asphalt shingles.



Figure 10.46. Site 72, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, side-gable house (GD-491).



Figure 10.47. Site 72, South elevation.

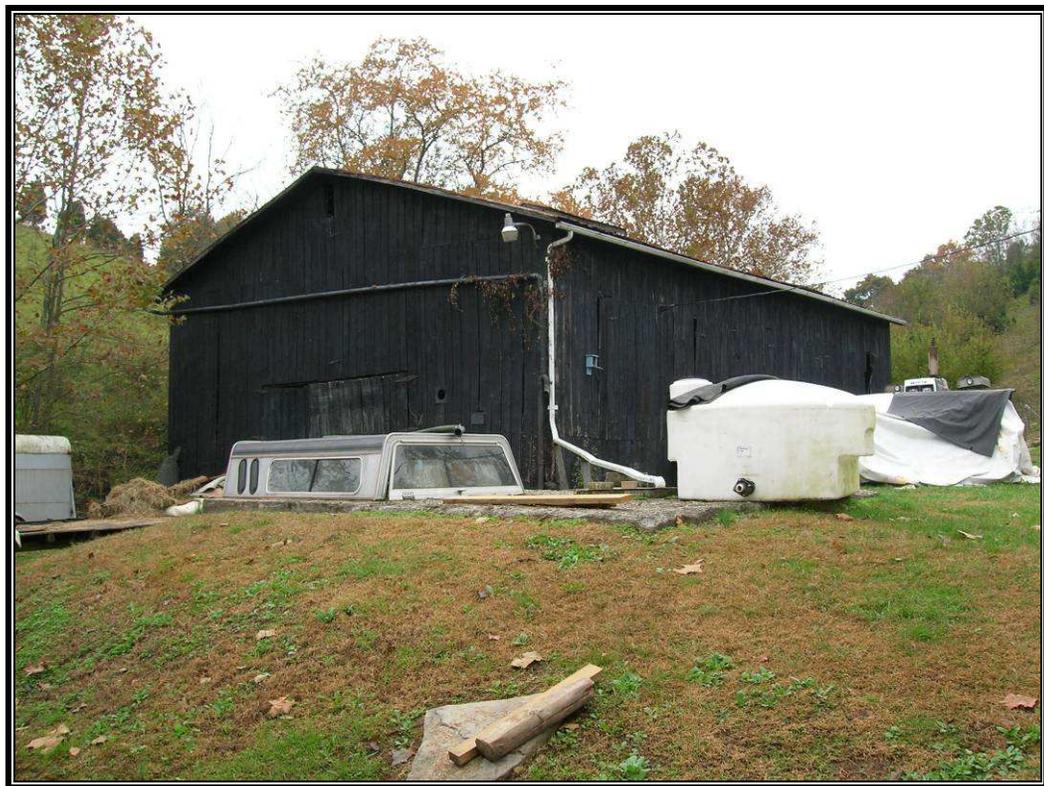


Figure 10.48. Site 72, Tobacco barn.

The house and barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A residence appears in this approximate location on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7). The owner of the property is "S. Pollard" (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. With its vinyl siding and rear addition detracting from its integrity of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling, this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a one-story side-gable house with an apparent log section. A better example of a log house is Site 75, which appears to be eligible for the NRHP under Criterion C. Additionally, this house does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 73

KHC Survey #: GD-492

Photographs: Figure 10.49

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717196 N: 4172211

Description: This house is located on the east side of Jess Ray Road. It is a two-story, three-bay (w/d/w), frame I-house (Figure 10.49). A nonhistoric, one-story, shed-roof porch extends across the façade. The porch has square wood supports and the roof is covered with panels of plywood. The central single-leaf entry contains a nonhistoric door with nine-lights in the upper portion. Windows flanking the entry have six-over-six-light double-hung replacement sashes. The three windows at the upper level contain two-over-two-light double-hung wood sashes. Interior brick chimneys are located at each of the gable

ends. Small attic windows flanking the chimneys have been boarded over. A single-story shed-roof addition is located on the rear of the house. The house could not be accessed closely due to the wishes of the property owner, therefore the foundation type could not be determined. The house is clad in a combination of weatherboards, vinyl siding, and aluminum siding. The roof is covered with asphalt shingles. A gable-roof, vertical board barn is located south of the house. It has a central entry and a V-groove metal roof. Shed-roof wings are located on each side of the barn. A deteriorating gable-roof outbuilding is located north of the house. It is partially clad in vertical boards. A wood suspension footbridge is located in front of the house, spanning Sugar Creek. The bridge is anchored by a pair of log posts on each bank of the creek and the bridge deck extends between them.

The house appears on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). It does not appear that the house is depicted on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. With its replacement siding, door and windows, and replacement porch, this house's integrity of design, materials, and workmanship have been diminished. With its diminished integrity and lack of distinctive or character defining features, this does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a frame I-house in rural Garrard County. Neither does the barn or footbridge impart sufficient significance to the site as a whole. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 10.49. Site 73, Two-story, three-bay, frame I-house (GD-492).

Site 74

KHC Survey #: GD-58

Photographs: Figures 10.50–10.54

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716369 N: 4173469

Description: This house is located on the northwest side of Jess Ray Road. It is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable, double-pen log house (Figure 10.50). Photos of the house in the Ballard and Powell survey book as well as the 1983 KHC survey form reveal the façade was originally comprised of four bays (w/d/d/w) (Ballard and Powell 1987:81; Survey form on file at the KHC). Each of the log pens was accessed with a single-leaf entry. The house currently has a nonhistoric shed-roof porch with treated lumber posts and railing, which extends across

the façade. The porch foundation is covered with wood lattice panels and the roof is covered with V-groove metal panels. The single-leaf entry is located on the right side of the façade and contains a nonhistoric wood panel door. A window is located on the right side of the door and contains two-over-two-light double-hung wood sashes. A similar window is located on the far left side of the façade. Large exterior stone chimneys are located on each gable end; a majority of the mortar or sand from between the stones has receded, and only portions of the chimneys appear to retain mortar. Both chimneys have been shortened so the tops are flush with the roofline. The northeast elevation has two boarded over square attic windows flanking the chimney (Figure 10.51). A window with one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes is to the right of the chimney, at the lower level. The southwest elevation also has boarded over attic windows flanking the chimney (Figure 10.52). A single-story shed-roof addition is located on the rear elevation.

The southwest side of the addition is clad in rolled asphalt shingles while the northeast side is clad in weatherboards. A window covered with a wood board is located on the southwest elevation. Small windows with three vertical lights are found on the northeast side of the addition as well as a single-leaf entry with a half-light wood door. The façade is clad in vinyl siding while the sides are clad in weatherboards. The house rests on a dry-laid stone foundation and the roof is covered with V-groove metal panels.

A dry-laid stone cellar is located in a hill behind the house (Figure 10.53). The cellar has a single-leaf bay with no door. A nonhistoric, gable-roof, three-bay outbuilding clad in vinyl siding is located next to the house. A deteriorated gable-roof barn is located behind the house.

The house and barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house in the approximate location of Site 74 appears on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7). Due to the nature of the map, it is difficult to determine the exact location of the house on the map. It is also difficult to determine the name of the property owner, although it appears to be “J.H. Brugg” (Beers and Langan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Listed. This house, known as the Ray House, was listed in the NRHP in 1985 as part of the Garrard County Multiple Resources National Register nomination (Powell 1984). According to Ballard and Powell, the house was constructed by Burchell Ray in the mid-nineteenth century (1987: 81). The 1983 KHC survey form states the house is the best example of a one-and-one-half-story double-pen log house in Garrard County. Photos of the house included in the 1983 survey form show the house was clad in weatherboards and did not have a front porch. The chimneys were intact and the two front doors were still in use. The house has undergone several alterations since its listing in the NRHP. With the addition of the front porch, the covering or removal of the second

front entry, the shortening of the chimneys, the partial cladding in vinyl siding, and the covering of the attic windows, this house’s integrity of design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association have been diminished and potentially compromised. Therefore, this house may no longer be the county’s best example of a double-pen log house.

The existing NRHP boundary includes the house and surrounding yard, comprising a 135-x-133 ft area (Figure 10.54).

Effects Recommendation: No Effect.

Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr: No Effect

The proposed transmission line nearest Site 74 is Section 11 of proposed Alternatives A, Ar C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr. Section 11, a new build portion of the line, is located approximately 2,298 ft to the south of Site 74. Because of the distance between the proposed line and the house, coupled with the hilly terrain located to the south of the house, it does not appear that the line will have an effect on Site 74.

Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr: No Effect

No sections contained within the remaining Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr are located either within the established one-mile APE corridor in which Site 74 is located, or within any general proximity to the site. Therefore, Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr will have no effect on Site 74.



Figure 10.50. Site 74, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, side-gable, double-pen log house (GD-58).

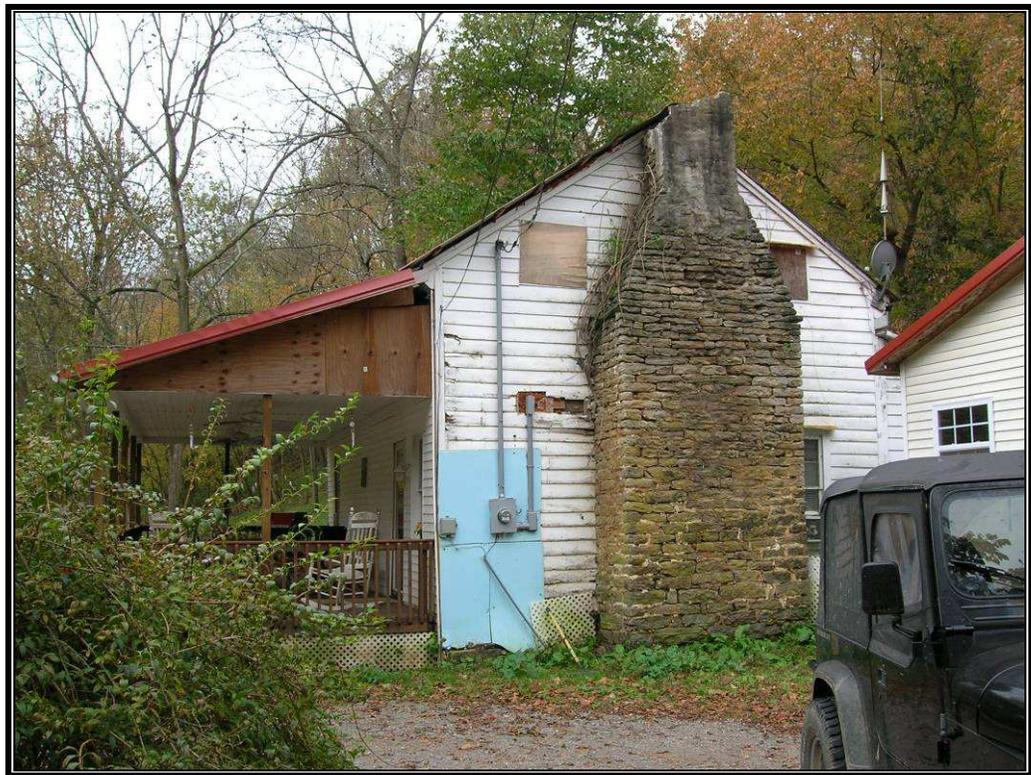


Figure 10.51. Site 74, Northeast elevation.

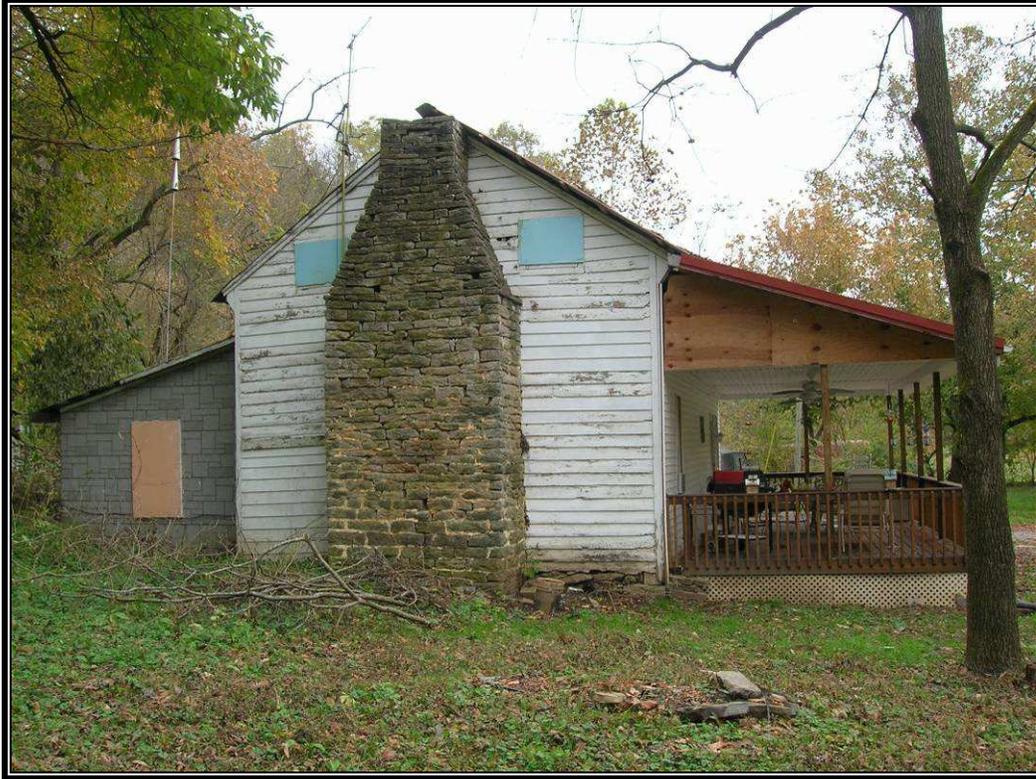


Figure 10.52. Site 74, Southwest elevation.



Figure 10.53. Site 74, Stone cellar.

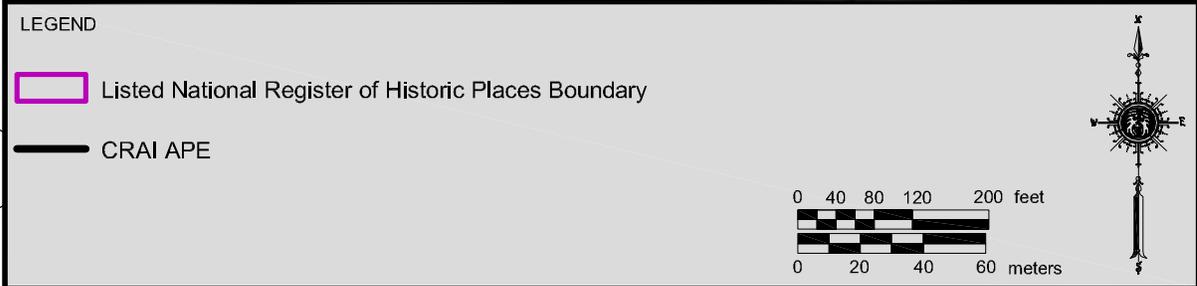


Figure 10.54. Site 74 (GD-58) listed NRHP boundary.

Site 75

KHC Survey #: GD-493

Photographs: Figures 10.55–10.62

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 715993 N: 4173147

Description: This house is located at 2542 Jess Ray Road. It is a one-and-one-half-story, two-bay (d/w), side-gable, single-pen log house (Figure 10.55). The single-leaf entry, which is centrally located on the façade, contains a four-panel wood door. A window with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes is to the right of the entry. A large exterior mortared stone chimney is located on the east elevation. A small four-light window is located on the right side of the chimney on the lower level, while a larger four-light window is on the left side of the chimney at the upper level. A window with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes is located at the upper level on the west elevation (Figure 10.56). A single-story gable-roof addition is located on the rear elevation. A window with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes is located on the east elevation while a single-leaf entry with a four-panel wood door is on the west elevation. An exterior mortared stone chimney is located on the rear of the addition (Figure 10.57). A wood panel door is located to the right of the chimney. According to the property owner, this rear addition has been rebuilt. The addition is clad in vertical boards and has a V-groove metal roof. The log house is clad in weatherboard siding and its roof is also covered with V-groove metal panels. Both the house and rear addition have a dry-laid stone foundation. Scroll-sawn wood bargeboard decorates the raking cornice of the roof. A dry-laid stone retaining wall is located directly behind the house (Figure 10.58). The wall has three sides, with the largest section in the middle. The side sections of the wall taper as the hill recedes. The tallest portion of the wall is 20 courses in height while the wall extends approximately 20 ft in length. Because of its design and location,

the wall appears to date to the period of construction of the house. A gable-roof, vertical board outbuilding is located west of the house (Figure 10.59). It has a double-leaf entry on the eave-oriented side and a corrugated metal roof. A shed-roof, vertical board outbuilding is also associated with the house (Figure 10.60). It has a batten door and a V-groove metal roof. Portions of the outbuilding are clad in rolled asphalt siding.

The house and barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house in the approximate location of Site 75 also appears on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7). Due to the nature of the map, it is difficult to determine the exact location of the house on the map and it is also difficult to determine the name of the property owner. It appears to be associated with “Mrs. E.J. Ray” (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Eligible. This house appears to be an outstanding example of a single-pen log house in rural Garrard County. The house retains a high degree of integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association. Although the rear addition may have been rebuilt, it has been constructed with respect to the house, and does not detract from the feeling and association of the house. Together with its wood siding, wood windows and doors, intact overall form, stone chimneys, and decorative bargeboards, this house retains qualities which convey its significance as a single-pen log house. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this house appears to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion C as an excellent example of a single-pen log house in rural Garrard County.

The proposed NRHP boundary includes the house and rock retaining wall (Figure 10.61). The associated outbuildings do not appear to date to the period of the house and do not contribute to the qualities for which the house appears eligible, for its architectural importance.



Figure 10.55. Site 75, One-and-one-half-story, two-bay, side-gable, single-pen log house (GD-493).

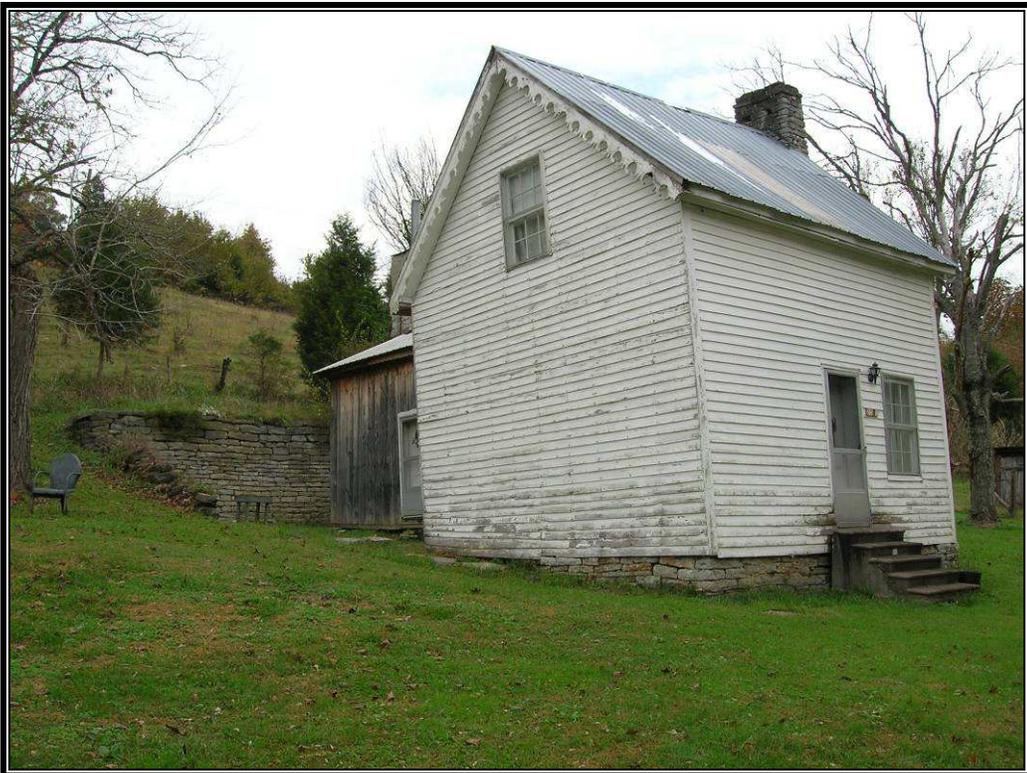


Figure 10.56. Site 75, Façade and west elevation.



Figure 10.57. Site 75, Rear elevation.



Figure 10.58. Site 75, Dry-laid stone retaining wall.



Figure 10.59. Site 75, Gable-roof barn.

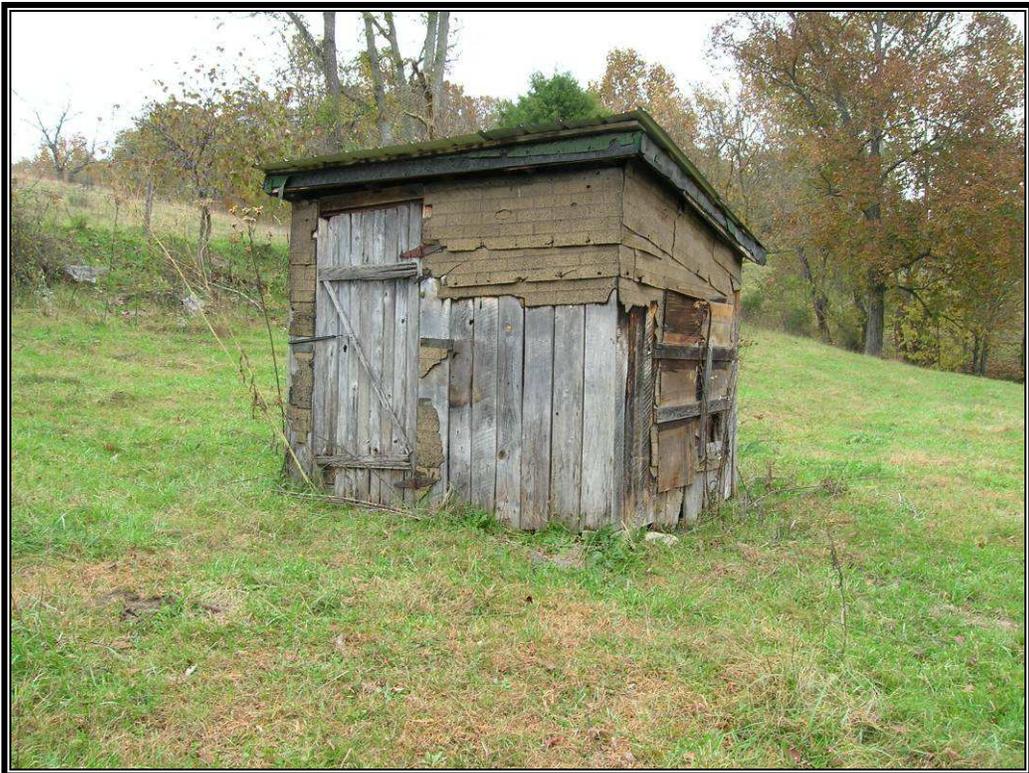
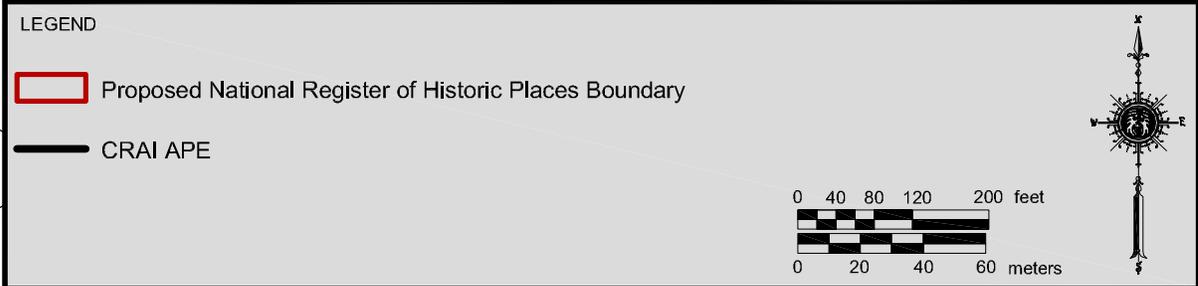


Figure 10.60. Site 75, Shed-roof outbuilding.



K06E014 (22Jan07).DMW

Figure 10.61. Site 75 proposed NRHP boundary.

Effects Recommendation: No Effect.

Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr: No Effect

The proposed transmission line nearest Site 75 is Section 11 of proposed Alternatives A, Ar C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr. Section 11, a new build portion of the line, is located approximately 1,842 ft to the southeast of Site 75. Figure 10.62 shows the current view from the front of the house, looking south. Rolling hills and wooded areas lie to the south of the house. Because of the distance of the proposed line from the house, coupled with the rolling topography and wooded areas to the south of the house, it does not appear the proposed transmission line will have an effect on Site 75.

Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr: No Effect

No sections contained within the remaining Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr are located either within the established one-mile APE corridor in which Site 75 is located, or within any general proximity to the site. Therefore, Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr will have no effect on Site 75.

Site 76

KHC Survey #: GD-494

Photographs: Figures 10.63–10.65

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 715895 N: 4173106

Description: This house is located at 2606 Jess Ray Road. It is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable house (Figure 10.63). Although the form may suggest the house is constructed of logs, the exact construction method is not clear from the exterior. A nonhistoric shed-roof porch extends over the façade. The porch, which extends to the east, past the east wall plane, has square wood posts and wood lattice panels form the railing. The central single-leaf entry is flanked by windows with six-over-six-light double-hung vinyl sashes. An exterior mortared stone chimney is located on the east elevation. A window with six-over-six-light double-hung vinyl sashes is located on the upper level of the west elevation (Figure 10.64).



Figure 10.62. Site 75, View from front of house, looking south toward proposed line.



Figure 10.63. Site 76, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, side-gable house (GD-494).



Figure 10.64. Site 76, Façade and west elevation.

The windows have decorative fixed shutters. A single-story shed-roof addition is located on the rear elevation. The addition extends past the west side of the house. A window with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes is located on the south side of the addition. A shed-roof enclosed porch is located on the west side of the addition. The house is clad in board and batten wood siding and the roof is covered with V-groove metal panels. The foundation type and material could not be determined as it was covered by the siding.

A nonhistoric root cellar is located behind the house. It is constructed of concrete block and vertical boards. A gable-roof, vertical board tobacco barn is located to the west of the house (Figure 10.65). The barn has a central gable-end entry and a V-groove metal roof. One-over-one-light windows have been placed horizontally on the east side of the barn.

The house appears on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house in

the approximate location of Site 76 appears on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7). Due to the nature of the map, it is difficult to determine the exact location of the house on the map and it is also difficult to determine the name of the property owner. There does not appear to be a name associated with the house on the 1879 map (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. With its nonhistoric siding, replacement windows, nonhistoric porch, and rear additions, this does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a one-and-one-half-story, (possibly log) side-gable house, in rural Garrard County. The alterations have diminished the house's integrity of design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this house does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 10.65. Site 76, Gable-roof tobacco barn.

Site 77

KHC Survey #: GD-495

Photographs: Figures 10.66–10.73

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717217 N: 4170814

Description: This house is located on the northwest side of KY 39, northeast of Lancaster. It is a two-story, three-bay (w/d/w), frame T-plan house (Figure 10.66). The façade is comprised of a projecting front-gable portion and a slightly recessed side-gable portion. A hip-roof porch supported with round wood columns shelters the façade bays. One column is missing and three have missing pieces. The porch, which has a painted stone foundation and a poured concrete deck, follows the wall plane of the façade and has a projecting section and a recessed section. The single-leaf entry, which contains a historic half-light wood door, is situated on the left side of the side-gable portion of the façade. A window to the right of the entry has one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes. Similar windows are located on the lower level of the front-gable portion of the façade, as well as on the upper level of the façade. The upper level façade windows have decorative fixed wood shutters. The southwest elevation contains three windows with one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes and one window with six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes (Figure 10.67). An interior brick chimney pierces the ridgeline above the southwest elevation. Windows on the northeast elevation also contain one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes (Figure 10.68). Windows on the façade and side elevations have molded wood surrounds. A single-story gable-roof addition is located on the rear of the front-gable portion of the house (Figure 10.69). It has a single-leaf entry sheltered by a metal awning and a single-light fixed sash window. An exterior brick chimney is located on the rear of the addition. Two single-story shed-roof additions are located on the rear and

northeast elevations. The shed-roof addition that projects past the northeast elevation is clad in vinyl siding and rests on a poured concrete foundation. The house is clad with weatherboards and the roof is covered with V-groove metal panels. The house rests on a painted stone foundation.

Located behind the house is a gable-roof, vertical board outbuilding (Figure 10.70). It has a single-leaf batten door at the gable end and a rectangular window on the side elevation. The roof is covered with corrugated metal. An outbuilding clad in vertical boards is also located behind the house (Figure 10.71). It has an asymmetrical gable roof covered with corrugated metal. A single-leaf batten door is located on the left side while a rectangular window covered with a metal screen is to the right of the entry. The outbuilding has a poured concrete foundation. A gable-roof, vertical board multi-use or livestock barn is located behind the house (Figure 10.72). The barn is constructed along a hill, providing a central, ground level entry. The main floor of the barn is accessed by a bay on the right side, located on the top of the hill. Concrete blocks form a retaining wall along the central lower level entry. The barn, which is constructed of sawn lumber and nails, has stalls along the southwest side. The barn has two vertical side vents and a dry-laid stone livestock loading ramp, also on the southwest side. A gable-roof, vertical board barn with double-leaf batten doors is located southwest of the house (Figure 10.73). The barn has a corrugated metal roof.

The house and livestock barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house in the approximate location of Site 77 appears on the 1879 map; the property was owned by “B. Jennings Jr” (Figure 5.7) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).



Figure 10.66. Site 77, Two-story, three-bay, frame T-plan house (GD-495).



Figure 10.67. Site 77, Southwest elevation.



Figure 10.68. Site 77, Northeast elevation.



Figure 10.69. Site 77, Rear addition.



Figure 10.70. Site 77, Gable-roof outbuilding.

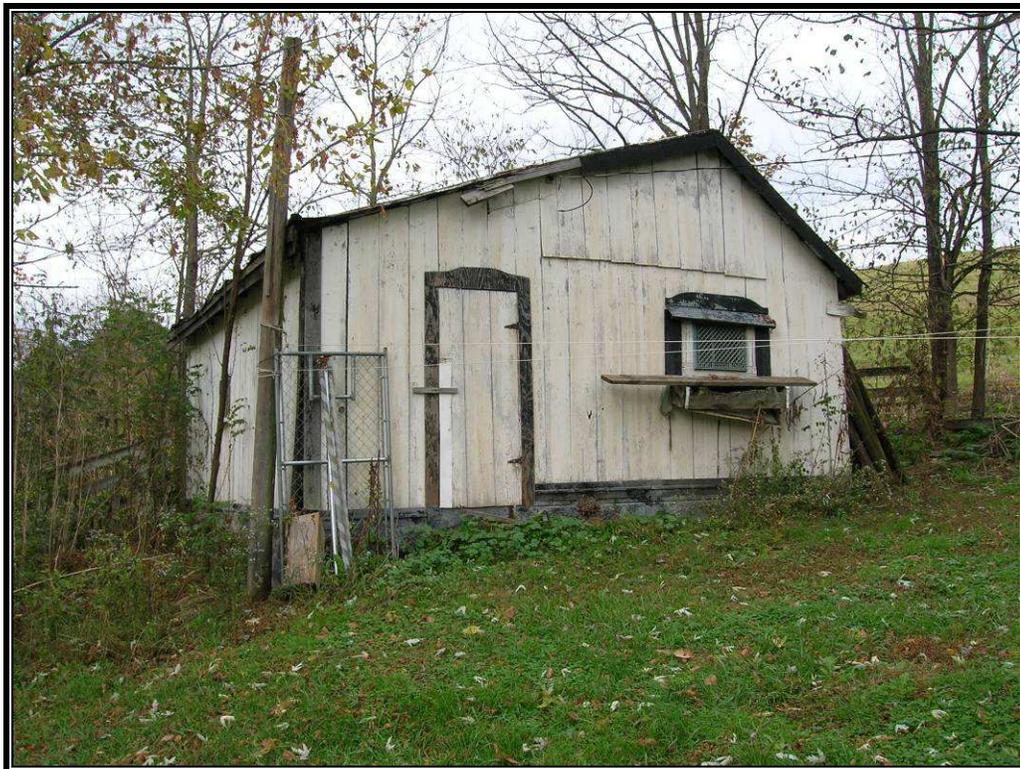


Figure 10.71. Site 77, Gable-roof outbuilding.



Figure 10.72. Site 77, Gable-roof livestock barn.

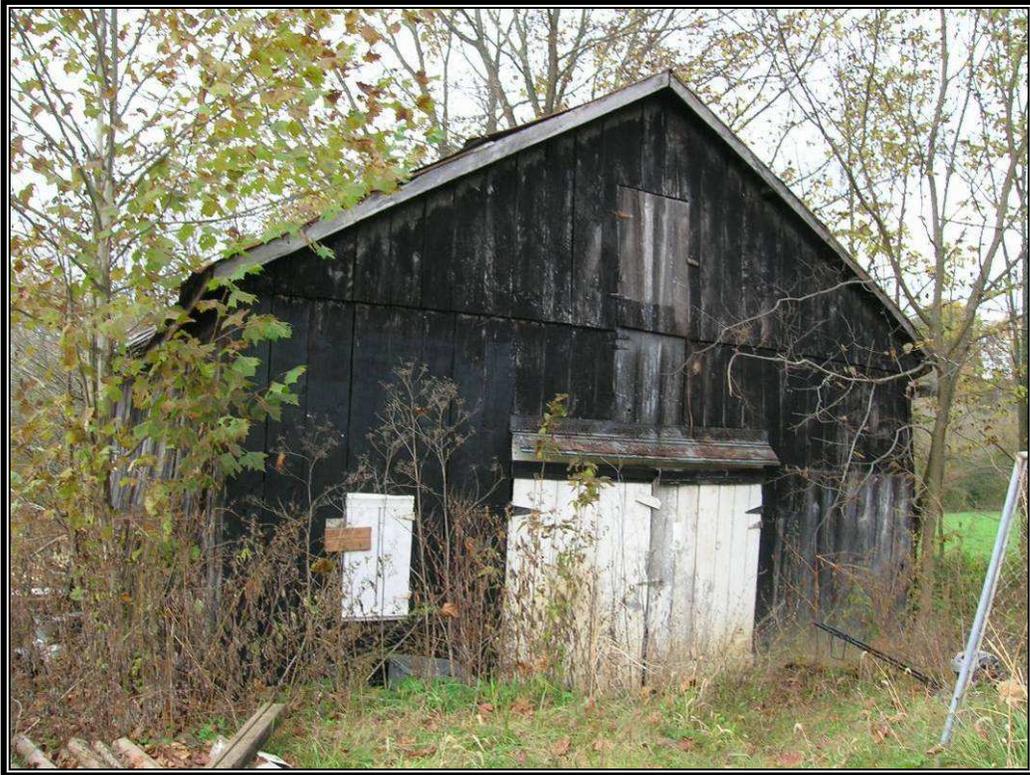


Figure 10.73. Site 77, Gable-roof barn.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Frame T-plan houses are common throughout Garrard County and central Kentucky. In order for an example to be considered eligible for the NRHP, it must retain sufficient integrity and character defining features, such as historic porch posts and trim. Although this house retains a majority of its historic materials, such as the wood siding, wood windows and surrounds, its missing and deteriorating porch columns and rear additions diminish its integrity of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling. Because of its slightly diminished integrity, coupled with its general lack of distinctive or character defining features, this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a two-story frame T-plan house in rural Garrard County. Neither do the associated outbuildings impart significance to the site as a whole. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 78

KHC Survey #: GD-496

Photographs: Figures 10.74–10.75

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717354 N: 4170565

Description: This house is located on the east side of KY 39. It is a one-story side-gable house with a side entry (Figure 10.74). A shed-roof porch supported by square wood posts extends across the façade. A single-leaf entry, containing a half-light wood door, is located on the left side of the façade. Half of the façade is obscured by plastic sheeting. The porch foundation is covered with metal panels. The north elevation has windows with two-over-two-light double-hung sashes. An exterior concrete block chimney is situated between the two windows. An additional concrete block chimney pierces the roof along the south side of the house. The façade is clad in wood drop siding while the side elevation is clad in vinyl siding. The foundation is covered with metal panels. A gable-roof, vertical board tobacco barn is located west of the house (Figure 10.75). The barn has a central bay at the gable end facing the house and a vertical side vent above the entry. It has five vertical side vents and a concrete block foundation. The roof is covered with corrugated metal.

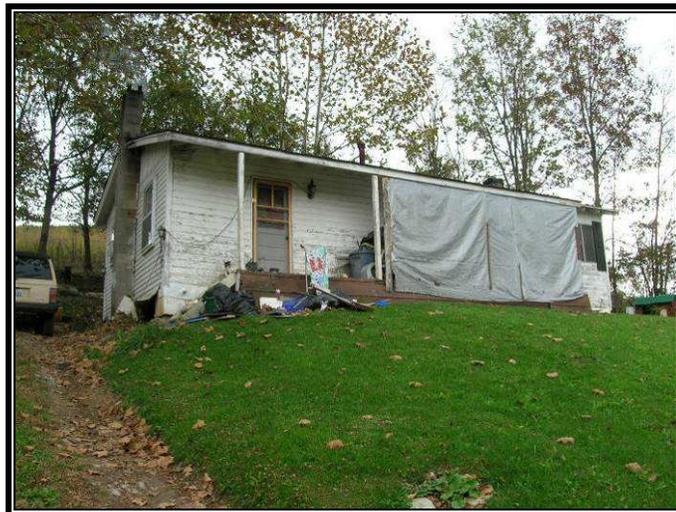


Figure 10.74. Site 78, One-story, side-gable house with side entry (GD-496).



Figure 10.75. Site 78, Gable-roof tobacco barn.

The house and livestock barn appear on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house in the approximate location of Site 78 does not appear on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. With its replacement siding, windows, and porch components, and general lack of distinctive or character defining features, this does not appear to be a particularly good example of a common house type. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 79

KHC Survey #: GD-497

Photographs: Figures 10.76–10.78

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717256 N: 4170399

Description: This house is located at 3529 KY 39. It is a one-story, three-bay (w/d/ww), hip-roof T-plan house (Figure 10.76). The house is comprised of two hip-roof sections, with one projecting in front of the other, and a rear shed-roof section. A shed-roof porch, supported with 2-x-4 wood posts, shelters the recessed section of the façade. The porch, which rests on a brick foundation, has a wood deck and rail. The porch is accessed by two entries, one on the side and one on the front. The single leaf entry is located on the left side

of the recessed portion of the façade and paired windows with six-over-six-light double-hung vinyl sashes are located on the right side. A window with six-over-six-light double-hung vinyl sashes is located on the projecting portion of the façade. An interior brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the recessed hip-roof section. A window with one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes is located on the north elevation (Figure 10.77). This window and one of the façade windows both have decorative fixed shutters. A single-story shed-roof addition is located on the north side of the rear elevation. A single-leaf entry containing a wood door with three horizontal lights is located on the addition. A small window with one-over-one-light double-hung replacement sashes is to the left of the entry. The house, with the exception of the façade, is clad in aluminum siding and the roof is covered with asphalt shingles. The façade is clad in wood panels. The house rests on what appears to be a parged brick foundation. A mixture of historic and nonhistoric attached shed-roof outbuildings are associated with the house (Figure 10.78). The older of the two is clad in board and batten siding and has a wood panel door. The roof is covered with corrugated metal. A nonhistoric metal-clad outbuilding is adjacent to the other shed-roof outbuildings.

The house appears on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house in the approximate location of Site 79 does not appear on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Frame T-plan houses are common throughout Garrard County and central Kentucky. In order for an example to be considered eligible for the NRHP, it must retain sufficient integrity and character defining features, such as historic porch posts and trim. With its replacement siding, windows, and porch components, and rear addition, this house's integrity of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished. Because of its diminished integrity, coupled with its general lack of distinctive or character defining features, this house does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example of a frame T-plan house in rural Garrard County. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 10.76. Site 79, One-story, three-bay, frame T-plan house (GD-497).

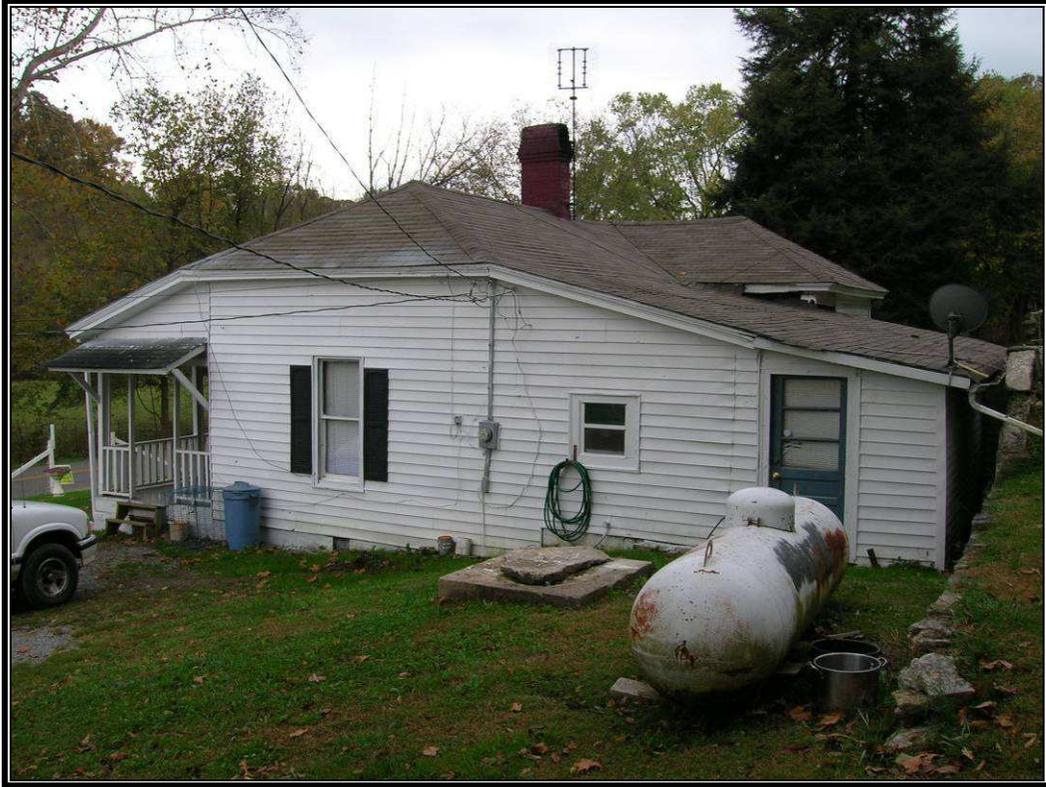


Figure 10.77. Site 79, North elevation.



Figure 10.78. Site 79, Shed-roof outbuildings.

Site 80

KHC Survey #: GD-498

Photographs: Figures 10.79–10.80

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 717244 N: 4170321

Description: This house is located on the west side of KY 39, northeast of Lancaster. It is a one-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable house clad in board and batten siding (Figure 10.79). A shed-roof porch supported with square wood posts extends across the façade. The central single-leaf entry contains a historic half-light wood door. Windows are found to either side of the front entry. The window to the left of the door contains two-over-two-light double-hung wood sashes while the window on the right side of the façade is covered. An interior central chimney pierces the ridgeline of the roof. A gable-roof addition, also clad in board and batten siding, is located on the north elevation (Figure 10.80). It has an offset single-leaf entry that has been covered. Windows with six-light

wood sashes are found to either side of the entry. The addition has a corrugated metal roof, while the main block of the house has an asphalt shingle-clad roof. The foundation type and material could not be identified as it was covered by the siding.

The house appears on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.12). A house in this approximate location also appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). A house in the approximate location of Site 80 does not appear on the 1879 map (Figure 5.7) (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. With its replacement siding and porch and general lack of distinctive or character defining features, this does not appear to be a particularly good example of a common house type. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 10.79. Site 80, One-story, three-bay, side-gable house (GD-498).

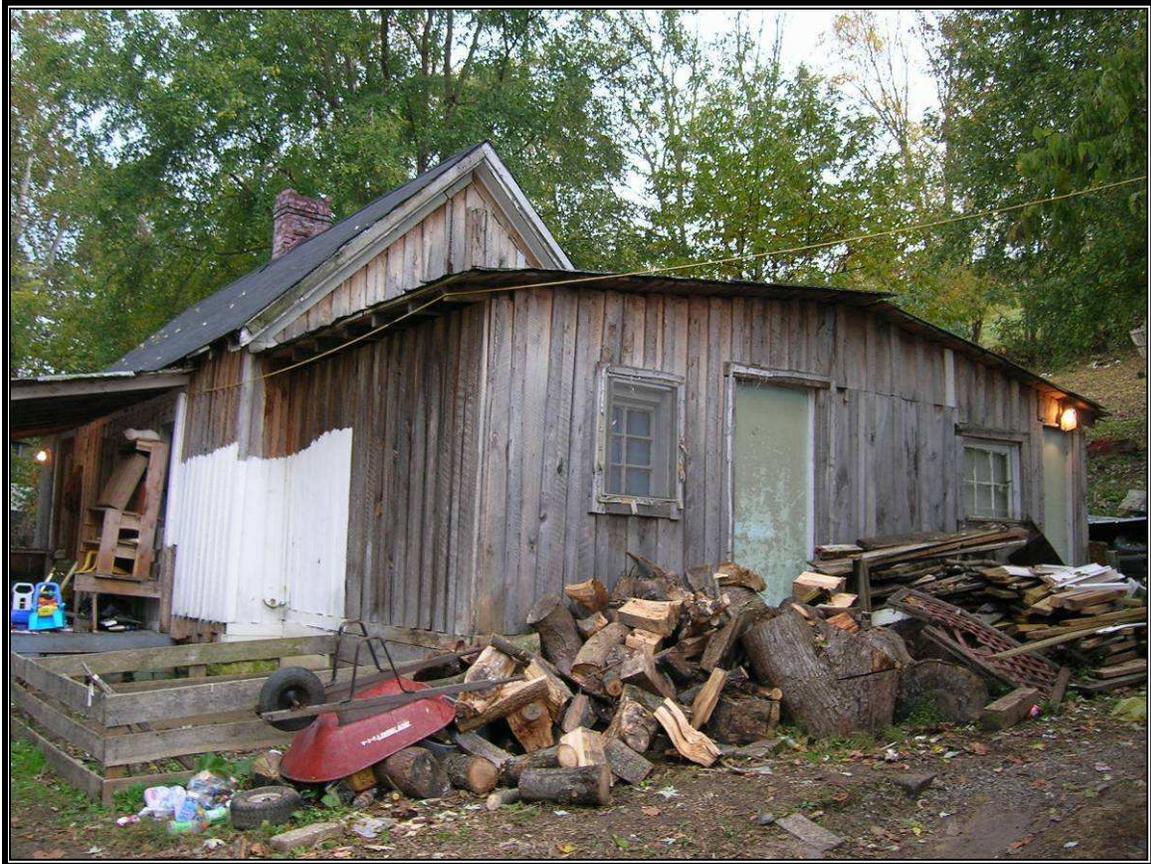


Figure 10.80. Site 80, North elevation.

Section 11. Inventory of Historic Resources: Sites 81–100

Site 81

KHC Survey #: GD-499

Photographs: Figures 11.1–11.2

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716795 N: 4169453

Description: This is a one-story, two-bay (w/w), frame T-plan house (Figure 11.1). The residence, located at 2895 KY 39, is oriented to the southeast. A shed-roof porch extends along the side-gable portion of the façade. The porch is supported by turned wood posts and 2-x-4 planks resting on a poured concrete deck. The porch roof is sheathed in corrugated metal. The porch shelters a window along the side-gable portion of the façade with single-over-single double-hung sashes. The porch also shelters a single-leaf entry that accesses the front-gable portion of the façade. Centered along the front-gable portion of the façade is a 20-light non-historic picture window. Modern octagon-shaped attic vents are located near the apex of the façade and southwest gables. The northeast elevation has two windows with single-over-single double-hung sashes (Figure

11.2). An apparent gable-roof addition is visible to the rear of the front-gable portion of the house. The wall plane of this addition is recessed from that of the original portion of the house. The addition has paired windows with six-light sashes. A brick chimney is located along the rear of this addition. A shed-roof addition is visible to the rear of the side-gable portion of the house (Figure 11.1). A single-leaf entry is located on the southwest elevation of the shed-roof addition. A parged brick chimney is located along the ridgeline at the intersection of the front- and side-gable sections of the house. The roof is sheathed in metal panels. The residence is clad in aluminum siding. The foundation material could not be determined. This site is not indicated on the 1879 Map of Garrard and Lincoln Counties (Figure 5.8) (Beers and Lanagan 1879). This residence appears on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927).

Located to the southwest of the residence is a front-gable garage clad in rolled asphalt. The roof of the garage is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The garage does not appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Figure 11.1. Site 81, One-story, two-bay, frame T-plan house (GD-499).

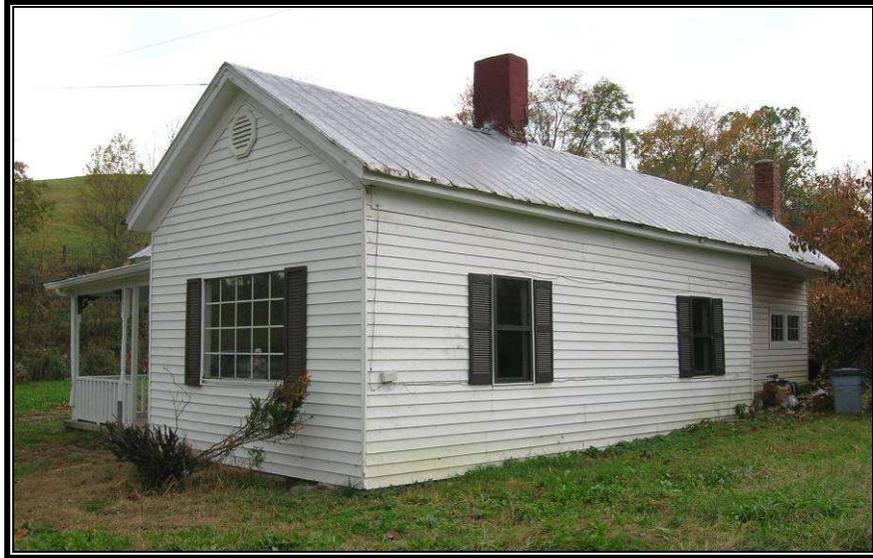


Figure 11.2. Site 81, Façade and northeast elevations of the house.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Modifications to this residence have compromised the integrity necessary to convey significance. The historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished by the aluminum siding, modern picture window, and additions to the rear of the house. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 82

KHC Survey #: GD-500

Photographs: Figures 11.3–11.5

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716622 N: 4169257

Description: This is a dry-laid rock retaining wall located on the northwest side of KY 39 (Figure 11.3). The total length of the wall is approximately 90 ft. The southwest portion of the rock retaining wall is no longer intact, with missing coping stones (Figure 11.4). The northeast section of the rock retaining wall is

in relatively complete condition (Figure 11.5). This is a horizontally coursed rock wall with wide, rough cut diagonal coping. No differentiated courses are detected, as the wall is constructed of rock of varying thickness.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Although portions of this site remain intact, overall it is not an excellent example of dry-laid rock retaining wall construction in the area. Portions of Site 82 are missing coping stones and upper sections of the rock wall are no longer intact. The coping stones of the southwest portion of the rock wall appear to have fallen over and are no longer an integral part of the wall. The intact portion of the rock wall has large coping stones that are not reflective of better examples of dry-laid retaining walls extant along roadsides in other portions of the central Bluegrass. Because of its current state, this site has diminished historic characteristics of design, material, workmanship, and feeling. Site 93 is a better example of a dry-laid rock retaining wall along KY 39. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 11.3. Site 82, Dry-laid, rock retaining wall along KY 39 (GD-500).



Figure 11.4. Site 82, Portion of rock wall showing loss of coping stones.



Figure 11.5. Site 82, Detail of intact portion of rock retaining wall.

Site 83

KHC Survey #: GD-501

Photographs: Figures 11.6–11.11

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716502 N: 4169055

Description: This is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable house with two cross-gables (Figure 11.6). The residence, located at 2562 KY 39, is oriented to the northwest. A hip-roof porch shelters the three bays of the façade. The porch is supported by wood box columns resting on a poured concrete deck. The porch also has a wood railing. The single-leaf entry sheltered by the porch has a replacement door. Flanking the door are windows with replacement single-over-single double-hung sashes. The same window sashes are found on the northeast and southwest elevations of the house. The upper portion of the façade has two cross-gables, each containing a window with replacement single-over-single double-hung sashes. The northeast elevation of the main block of the house has a window on both the lower and

upper floors (Figure 11.7). A shed-roof section, probably an addition, is located along the rear of the main block of the house. This shed-roof section has a single-leaf entry with a modern door along the northeast elevation, near the rear of the house. Figure 11.8 illustrates the rear elevation of the house. The rear of the house appears to have two shed-roof sections, each with different roof heights. Figure 11.8 also shows the rear and southwest elevations of a gable-roof addition located along the southwest elevation of the residence. The gable-roof addition, which appears to be non-historic, has a bay window along its façade and rests on a concrete block foundation. A centered brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the house. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house is clad in vinyl siding. The foundation material of the main block of the house was not determined. This residence does not appear to be indicated on the 1879 Map of Garrard and Lincoln Counties (Figure 5.8) (Beers and Lanagan 1879). This residence appears on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927).



Figure 11.6. Site 83, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, side-gable house (GD-501).



Figure 11.7. Site 83, Façade and northeast elevation of the house.



Figure 11.8. Site 83, Southwest and rear elevations of the house.

Located northeast of the residence is a non-historic one-story, two-bay (d/d), side-gable garage constructed of concrete block. To the rear of the garage is a shed-roof outbuilding clad in vertical boards (Figure 11.9). The southwest elevation of the outbuilding has a single-leaf entry with a batten door and a window with a six-light sash. Northeast of the residence is a tobacco barn clad in vertical boards (Figure 11.10). The southwest gable end of the barn has an entry with two modern, metal, horizontal sliding doors. Five vertical side vents are located along the northwest and southeast elevations of the barn. The barn has five ridgeline vents and the roof is sheathed in metal panels. A concrete block foundation is visible on the southwest gable end of the barn. The barn appears on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.12) (USGS 1952). Also associated with the site is a short section of dry-laid rock retaining wall along KY 39 (Figure 11.11). The retaining wall is on the southeast side of a stream

located between the residence and KY 39. Sections of this rock retaining wall are no longer intact. A small non-historic bridge consisting of a poured concrete slab resting on a concrete block pier and poured concrete abutments crosses the stream to provide access to the residence.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Modifications to this residence have compromised the integrity necessary to convey significance. The historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished by the vinyl siding, replacement windows, and additions to the rear and side of the house. None of the associated outbuildings or rock retaining wall appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 11.9. Site 83, Shed-roof, frame outbuilding.



Figure 11.10. Site 83, Southwest and southeast elevations of the tobacco barn.



Figure 11.11. Site 83, Dry-laid, rock retaining wall along KY 39.

Site 84

KHC Survey #: GD-502

Photographs: Figures 11.12–11.14

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716277 N: 4168880

Description: This is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable, frame house with a gambrel roof (Figure 11.12). The roof has jerkinhead gables. The residence, located at 2401 KY 39, is oriented to the southeast. A hipped-roof porch shelters the three bays of the façade's first floor. The porch is supported by modern wood posts on a wood deck. The porch has a wood railing. The single-leaf entry is off-center to the left along the façade. This entry has a multi-light door. The placement of the entry indicates there may have originally been a second entry to the right of the existing entry. The windows flanking the entry have replacement single-over-single double-hung sashes. Above the porch is a gable-roof wall dormer with two windows. The windows have three-over-single double-hung sashes. The southwest elevation of the residence has replacement single-over-single sashes on the

first floor and a window with three-over-single double-hung sashes on the upper floor (Figure 11.13). The figure also shows a large shed-roof addition to the rear of the house. The southwest elevation of this addition has a single-leaf entry with a modern door. Adjacent to the entry is a window with double-hung sashes, possibly eight-over-eight; the window has been covered with plastic sheeting. Figure 11.14 shows the rear addition extending beyond the northeast wall plane of the residence. The northeast elevation of the addition has an asymmetrical roofline and a single-leaf entry near the rear elevation. A brick chimney pierces the roof to the rear of the gable-roof wall dormer. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house is clad in aluminum siding, except for the lower portion of the facade. From the window sills to the porch floor, the façade is clad in a plastic-like material molded to simulate Bedford stone. The main block of the house appears to rest on a concrete block pier foundation that has been filled with parged concrete block. Due to the scale of the map, it is unclear if this residence appears on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927). No historic outbuildings appear to be associated with this site.



Figure 11.12. Site 84, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, side-gable, frame house (GD-502).



Figure 11.13. Site 84, Façade and southwest elevation of house.



Figure 11.14. Site 84, Façade and northeast elevation of house.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Modifications to this residence have compromised the integrity necessary to convey significance. The historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished by the aluminum siding, replacement windows, replacement door, modern porch supports, and large addition to the rear of the house. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 85

KHC Survey #: GD-503

Photographs: Figures 11.15–11.19

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716054 N: 4168631

Description: This is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/w/d), front-gable, frame house (Figure 11.15). The residence, oriented to the southeast, is located at the northeast corner of KY 39 and Roy Walker Davis Road. The asymmetrical roofline of the house extends to the southwest. The three bays of the façade are sheltered by a shed-roof porch supported by turned wood posts and one square post resting on a wood deck. The porch has a wood railing and its roof is sheathed in metal. The central single-leaf entry has a modern replacement door. The two windows to the left of the entry have six-over-six or six-over-four double-hung sashes. The window near the apex of the façade gable has replacement single-over-single double-hung sashes. The northeast elevation has a window with six-over-six double-hung sashes. A non-historic exterior concrete block chimney has also been added to the northeast elevation. A large gable-roof addition is located along the rear of the house (Figure 11.16). The roofline of this addition is lower than that of the main block of the house. A window appears to have been enclosed on the southwest elevation of the addition.



Figure 11.15. Site 85, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, front-gable, frame house (GD-503).



Figure 11.16. Site 85, Southwest and rear elevations of the house.

The southwest elevation of the addition is clad in either aluminum or vinyl siding. The rear of the addition appears to be clad in vertical boards. Paired windows with six-light sashes are found on the rear of the addition. The addition extends beyond the northeast wall plane of the main block of the house, as shown in Figure 11.15. The addition also has paired windows with six-light sashes on its southeast elevation, which extends beyond the main block of the house. This portion of the gable-roof addition also appears to be clad in aluminum or vinyl siding. A frame, shed-roof addition with two open sides is attached to the rear of the gable-roof addition. This addition appears to have a metal roof. A wide raking cornice and vergeboards are found along the façade and side elevations of the main block of the house. A brick chimney is located along the ridgeline at the rear of the main block of the residence. The roof is sheathed in corrugated metal panels. The main block of the house is clad in weatherboard siding. The foundation material could not be determined. It is unclear if this residence appears on the 1879 Map of Garrard and Lincoln Counties. Two residences are indicated on the 1879 map in the general area of Site 85, the “Dr. H. H.” and “P. D.” residences (Figure 5.8) (Beers and Lanagan 1879). This residence does appear on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927).

A number of outbuildings are associated with this site. Located to the rear of the house is a front-gable, frame outbuilding resting on wood piers (Figure 11.17). This outbuilding, which has a shed-roof addition, has a roof sheathed in corrugated metal panels. Northeast of the residence is a frame, three-bay (d/w/w) general purpose barn clad in vertical boards (Figure 11.18). The southwest gable end is clad in board-and-batten siding. No sashes remain in the two window openings of the southwest gable end. The roof of the barn is sheathed in corrugated metal. Located to the rear of the house is a gable-roof outbuilding clad in vertical boards. The roof of this outbuilding is sheathed in metal panels. Northwest of the residence, along Roy Walker Davis Road, are two outbuildings: a probable

tobacco barn and a shed-roof outbuilding directly in front of the barn (Figure 11.19). The probable tobacco barn is of frame construction and has a shed-roof addition to the northeast. The barn is clad in vertical boards, although the southwest elevation is clad in corrugated metal panels. The shed-roof outbuilding in front of the barn is clad in modern metal panels, although vertical boards are visible beneath the metal cladding. The shed-roof outbuilding rests on a wood pier foundation. Southwest of the residence in the front yard is a small well pump building constructed of concrete block. Also associated with the site is a frame playhouse that does not appear to be over 50 years old. Both barns appear on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.12) (USGS 1952b). None of the outbuildings appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Modifications to this residence have compromised the integrity necessary to convey significance. The historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished by the various types of window sashes, replacement door, and large addition to the rear of the house. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 11.17. Site 85, Front-gable, frame outbuilding located to the rear of the house.



Figure 11.18. Site 85, General purpose barn located northeast of residence.



Figure 11.19. Site 85, Probable tobacco barn and shed-roof outbuilding along Roy Walker Davis Road.

Site 86

KHC Survey #: GD-504

Photographs: Figures 11.20–11.23

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 715972 N: 4168499

Description: This is a two-story, four-bay (w/d/d/w), side-gable house (Figure 11.20). The residence, located at 2108 KY 39, is oriented to the southeast. A shed-roof porch, extending over the four bays, is supported by wood posts resting on brick piers. The porch has a poured concrete deck. The two single-leaf entries have modern doors. The windows of the first floor have replacement single-over-single double-hung sashes. The windows of the façade's second floor have two-over-two double-hung sashes. The window sashes of the main block's northeast gable end are the same

types as those of the façade, with single-over-single on the first floor and two-over-two on the second floor. A large gable-roof addition is located to the rear of the house (Figure 11.21). The addition extends beyond the northeast wall plane of the main block of the residence. A single-leaf entry with a modern door is located on the northeast elevation of the addition. The roof of the addition is sheathed in metal panels. A centered brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the main block's roof, which is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house is clad in vinyl siding. The foundation material could not be determined. It is unclear if this residence appears on the 1879 Map of Garrard and Lincoln Counties. Two residences are indicated on the 1879 map in the general area of Site 86, the "Dr. H. H." and "P. D." residences (Figure 5.8) (Beers and Lanagan 1879). This residence does appear on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927).



Figure 11.20. Site 86, One-and-one-half-story, four-bay, side-gable house (GD-504).



Figure 11.21. Site 86, Façade and northeast elevations of the house.

Northeast of the house is a one-story, front-gable, two-bay garage constructed of concrete block. The gable is clad in vinyl and both openings have modern metal overhead doors. It is unclear if this garage is historic. Located to the rear of the garage is a front-gable outbuilding clad in vertical boards (Figure 11.22). The outbuilding's central entry has a four-panel wood door and the structure exhibits exposed rafter tails. Also northeast of the residence is a barn with a single entry along its southwest gable end (Figure 11.23). The entry has horizontal sliding metal doors. The barn, clad in vertical boards, is located adjacent to KY 39. The barn appears on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.12) (USGS 1952b). None of the outbuildings appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. This residence has a number of alterations that have compromised the integrity of this site. The

historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished by the various types of window sashes, a replacement door, vinyl siding, and a large addition to the rear of the house. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 87

KHC Survey #: GD-505

Photographs: Figures 11.24–11.25

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716057 N: 4168484

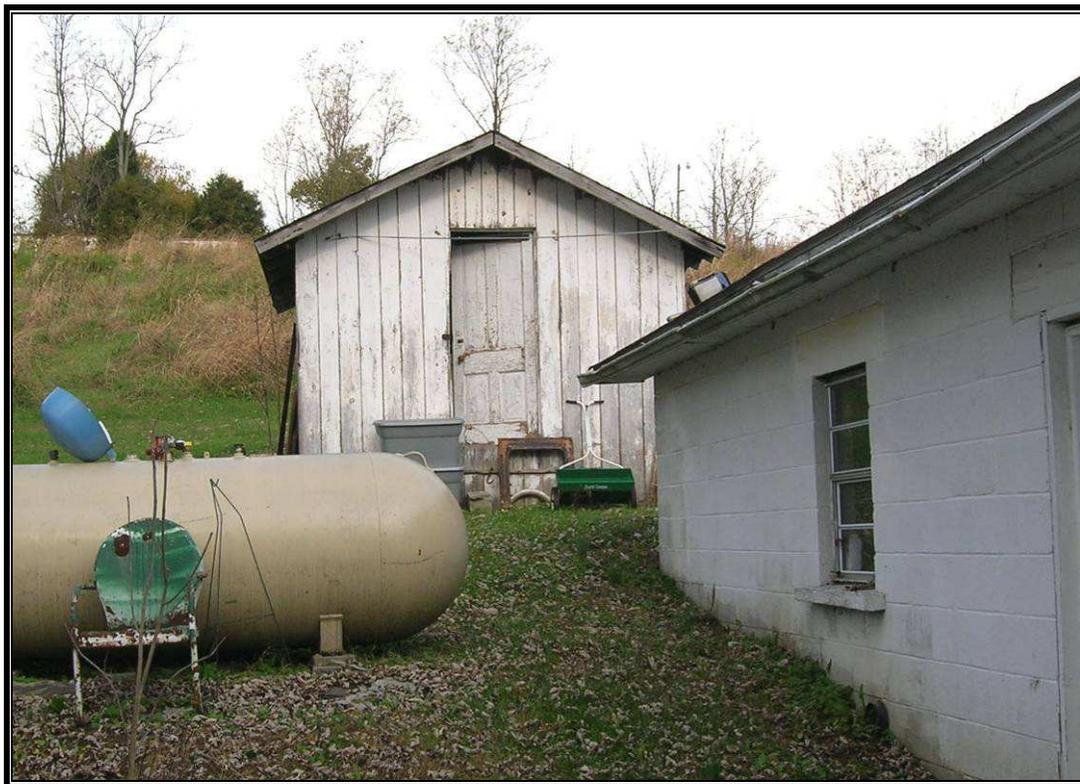


Figure 11.22. Site 86, Front-gable outbuilding clad in vertical boards.



Figure 11.23. Site 86, Barn adjacent to KY 39.

Description: This is a one-and-one-half-story, four-bay (w/w/d/w), side-gable, frame house (Figure 11.24). The residence is located on a private drive just to the southeast of KY 39, southwest of Roy Walker Davis Road. The house is oriented to the northwest. The recessed porch comprises approximately two-thirds of the width of the façade. With a break in the roofline, the northeast portion of the house may be a later addition. The porch is supported by modern wood posts resting on a wood deck. The porch appears to rest on piers, but the material could not be determined. The porch shelters a single-leaf entry. Flanking the entry are paired windows with horizontal two-over-two double-hung sashes. The probable northeast addition to the house has paired windows with horizontal two-over-two double-hung sashes along the façade. The addition rests on a concrete block foundation. The southwest gable end of the house has a window near the apex of the gable (Figure 11.25). Both southwest gable end windows have replacement four-over-four double-hung sashes. A shed-roof section along the rear of the house is visible in Figure 11.25. Along the southwest elevation of the shed-roof section is a single-leaf entry with a multi-light door and

paired windows with single-over-single double-hung sashes. The porch deck continues from the façade along the southwest elevation to the entry in the shed-roof section of the house. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles and the house is clad in Masonite siding. This residence is not indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927). The house is indicated on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.12) (USGS 1952b). There are no historic outbuildings associated with this site.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. This residence has a number of alterations that have compromised the integrity of this site. The historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished by the various types of window sashes, Masonite siding, and the large northeast addition to the house. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 11.24. Site 87, One-and-one-half-story, four-bay, side-gable, frame house (GD-505).



Figure 11.25. Site 87, Façade and southwest elevation of the house.

Site 88

KHC Survey #: GD-506

Photographs: Figures 11.26–11.27

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 716202 N: 4168412

Description: This is a one-story, four-bay (w/d/d/w), side-gable, frame house (Figure 11.26). The house is located east of a private drive southeast of KY 39. The house, which is currently abandoned, is located south of the intersection of KY 39 and Roy Walker Davis Road. The house, located on a hillside, is oriented to the southwest. The two middle bays of the façade have single-leaf entries. One entry has a four-panel wood door while the second has a five-panel wood door. The window openings of the façade and southeast gable end have been enclosed with metal panels. The rear elevation has a shed-roof addition (Figure 11.27). This frame addition is partially clad in Masonite siding. A single-leaf

entry with a three-light door is found on the southeast elevation of the addition. An exterior concrete block chimney is located along the rear elevation of the addition. A central brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the roof. The façade has exposed rafter tails. The roof is sheathed in corrugated and plain metal panels. The house is clad in rolled asphalt siding in a brick pattern, although vertical boards are visible in sections with missing siding. The house may be built using box-frame construction methods. The foundation consists of stone piers. The residence may have a saddlebag plan, as inferred by its central chimney and two façade entries. It is unclear if this former residence appears on the 1879 Map of Garrard and Lincoln Counties. It may be the “S. B.” residence to the southeast of Town Fork and current KY 39, but the scale of the map makes it unclear if Site 88 is the indicated house (Figure 5.8) (Beers and Lanagan 1879). This former residence may be indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9), although the current drive does not match the configuration on the map (KGS 1927). There are no historic outbuildings associated with this site.

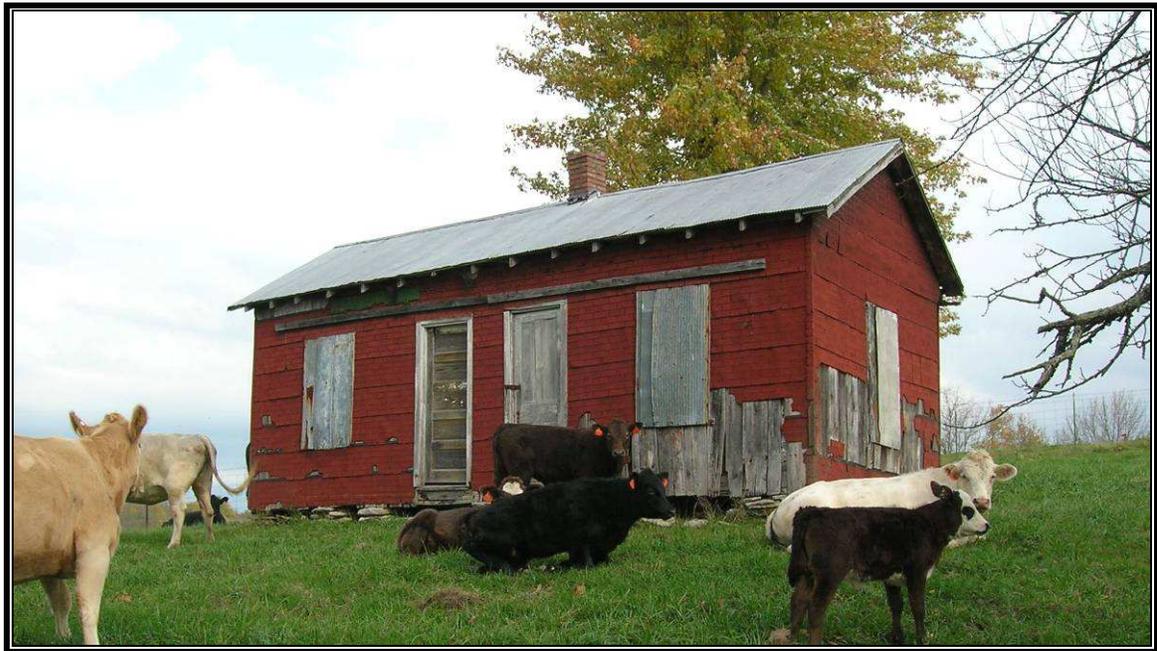


Figure 11.26. Site 88, One-story, four-bay, side-gable, frame, abandoned house (GD-506).



Figure 11.27. Site 88, Southeast and rear elevations of the house.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Box-frame construction was an alternative to balloon frame construction and was utilized in rural areas throughout Kentucky. Box-frame construction is a quick, easy and cheap method of construction involving the placement of boards vertically between timber sills and plates to form both the interior and exterior walls, as well as the building's weight bearing supports. This type of framing was used in the late nineteenth and early twentieth century. Although this site retains much of its original form and materials, modifications have diminished the historic qualities of materials, design, workmanship, and feeling. These modifications, which include the rear addition, loss of portions of the siding material, and enclosing of the window openings, have compromised the integrity of the site. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 89

KHC Survey #: GD-507

Photographs: Figures 11.28–11.33

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 715789 N: 4168247

Description: This is a two-story, four-bay (w/d/d/w), side-gable, frame house that is currently abandoned (Figure 11.28). Deferred maintenance has resulted in the deteriorating condition of the residence, along with vegetation growing along portions of the façade and two side elevations. The house, oriented to the northwest, is located on the southeast side of KY 39 and northeast of an existing electric substation. A gable-roof porch shelters the two middle bays of the façade's first floor. This porch is supported by wood box columns resting on a poured concrete deck. One of the porch columns is

missing. The two single-leaf entries each have a half-light door. The two outer bays of the façade's first floor have windows with single-over-single double-hung sashes. The same types of sashes are found in the two window openings of the façade's second floor. The gable ends have a centered window on both the first and second floors of the house. Although the sashes or portions of the sashes remain in the gable end windows, the majority of the lights are missing. A two-story rear ell, creating a cross gable, is centered on the rear elevation of the main block of the house (Figure 11.29). The upper story windows of the rear ell's southwest elevation have single-over-single double-hung sashes. A one-story, shed-roof addition extends the width of the ell's southwest elevation. The windows of the shed-roof addition have single-over-single double-hung sashes. An enclosed entry is also located on the southwest elevation of the shed-roof addition. Two sections of the shed-roof addition's roof have collapsed. The northeast elevation of the rear ell has an exterior brick chimney (Figure 11.30). The windows along the ell's northeast elevation have either two-

over-two or three-over-single double-hung sashes. Paired windows with three-over-single double-hung sashes are located on the first floor of the northeast elevation of the rear ell near the rear elevation of the house. The house exhibits corner boards, wide verge boards, similar raking cornices, and cornice returns. A brick chimney pierces the juncture of the ridgelines of the main block and rear ell. With portions of the cladding missing, the balloon frame construction and horizontal boards of the interior walls are visible. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house is clad in weatherboard siding and rests on an apparent continuous stone foundation. Although unclear, this site may be constructed near or on the same location as the "M. Flannery Toll House" indicated on the 1879 Map of Garrard and Lincoln Counties (Figure 5.8) (Beers and Lanagan 1879). It is undetermined if this is the same residence as indicated on the map. This abandoned residence is indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927).



Figure 11.28. Site 89, Two-story, four-bay, side-gable, frame house with rear ell (GD-507).



Figure 11.29. Site 89, Southwest elevation of the house.



Figure 11.30. Site 89, Northeast elevation of the house.

Adjacent to the northeast elevation of the rear ell is a shed-roof outbuilding clad in metal panels. It could not be determined if this outbuilding is historic or what purpose it served. Northeast of the former residence is a front-gable, single-bay barn clad in vertical boards (Figure 11.31). The entry on the southwest gable end has two horizontal sliding doors attached to a metal track. Three openings are visible in the upper portion of the southwest gable end, each with doors constructed of vertical boards and attached with metal hinges. The southeast elevation of the barn has a shed-roof addition with the lower portion of the addition constructed of concrete blocks. The barn has two wood vents along its ridgeline. The roof of the barn is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The barn is indicated on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.14) (USGS 1952b). Mortared rock abutments are located to either side of the bridge that spans the creek between the house and KY 39 (Figure 11.32). The abutments were probably dry-laid originally with mortar later added, possibly when the poured concrete bridge was constructed. A dry-laid rock retaining wall is located between the creek and KY 39, extending northeast from the poured concrete bridge connecting the drive to KY 39 (Figure 11.33). None of the outbuildings or features associated with this

site appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Although this house retains much of its original massing and materials, the deferred maintenance of the former residence has compromised the historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling. Through its deteriorating condition, the site has lost window sashes and lights, sections of cladding, a porch column, and a portion of the roof has collapsed in the shed-roof section. Overgrown vegetation is also visible along the façade and side elevations. With its deteriorated condition and loss of historic materials, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion C. It remains unclear if this site is associated with a toll house located on or near this location. The residence no longer visually appears to exhibit an association with nineteenth-century toll roads in Garrard County, if in fact, it ever did. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

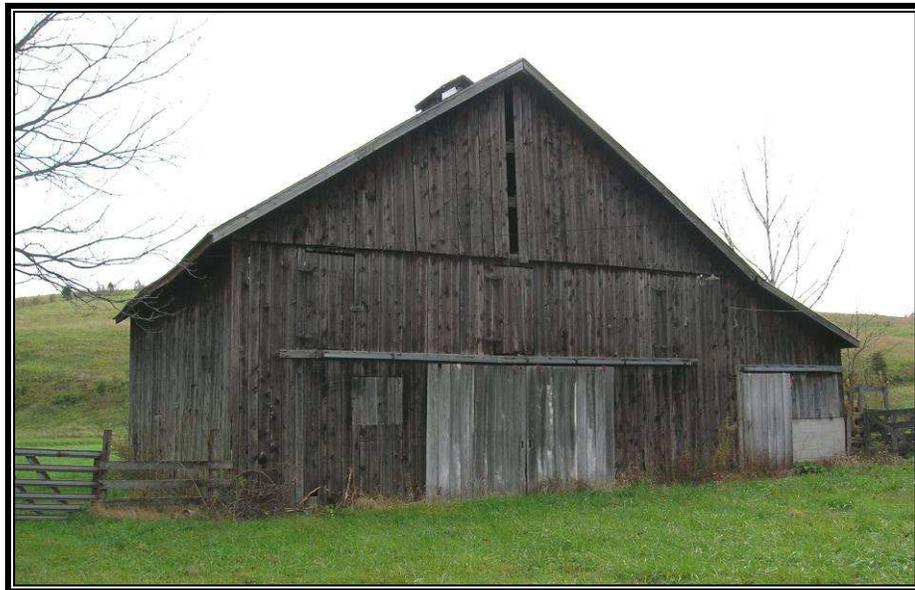


Figure 11.31. Site 89, Front-gable, single-bay barn clad in vertical boards.



Figure 11.32. Site 89, Mortared rock abutments adjacent to poured concrete bridge.



Figure 11.33. Site 89, Dry-laid rock retaining wall between KY 39 and creek.

Site 90

KHC Survey #: GD-508

Photographs: Figures 11.34–11.41

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 715418 N: 4168051

Description: This is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable, frame house with bungalow characteristics (Figure 11.34). The house, oriented to the southeast, is located at 1647 KY 39. The front porch, which shelters the three façade bays, creates a continuous roofline with only a slight change in pitch from the main block of the house. The porch is supported by battered columns resting on brick piers. The brick piers and railing of the porch appear to have poured concrete caps. The porch has a poured concrete deck. The southwest elevation of the porch has a hip-roof extension sheltering the poured concrete steps to the porch. The hip-roof extension, sheathed in asphalt shingles, is supported by decorative metal posts resting on brick piers. The porch shelters a single-leaf entry with a multi-light door. Flanking the entry are windows with six-over-six double-hung sashes. The northeast elevation of the residence has a one-story section that projects from the wall plane of the house. The front portion of this projecting section has a hip-roof while the rear portion has an asymmetrical roof, with the rear slope matching the pitch of the main block's rear roof slope. The three windows along the northeast elevation's first floor have six-over-six double-hung sashes. Similar window sashes are found throughout the residence. Both the northeast and southwest elevations have paired windows near the apex of the gables. Flanking these paired upper story windows are windows with six-light sashes. The southwest elevation has a window with a six-light sash near the front of the house and paired windows sheltered by an awning with wood brackets (Figure 11.35). Located to the rear of the southwest elevation is a shed-roof section, possibly an enclosed porch. This

shed-roof section has a single-leaf entry and two sets of paired windows with six-light sashes. A gable-roof addition is found to the rear of the enclosed shed-roof porch (Figure 11.36). This gable-roof addition is clad in vinyl siding and the roof is sheathed in metal. A brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the house. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The soffits are clad in vinyl or aluminum, while the house is clad in vinyl siding. The house rests on a continuous stone foundation. This residence appears to be indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927).

Five outbuildings are associated with this site. Southwest of the house is a single-bay, front-gable, frame garage (Figure 11.37). The roof is sheathed in corrugated metal and the exterior of the garage is clad in vertical boards. A shed-roof addition is found on the rear elevation of the garage. Immediately to the rear of the garage is a shed-roof, frame privy (Figure 11.38). The roof is sheathed in corrugated metal and the privy is partially clad in board-and-batten siding with the remainder clad in vertical boards. To the rear of the house, outside the fenced yard, is a shed-roof outbuilding with its roof sheathed in corrugated metal (Figure 11.39). The outbuilding has a pedestrian entry with a batten door along the southeast elevation. The structure is partially clad in metal with the remainder in vertical boards. Northwest and near the residence are two barns. The closest to the house appears to be a general purpose, front-gable barn clad in board-and-batten siding (Figure 11.40). Three pedestrian entries are found on the northeast gable end of the barn. The roof of the barn is sheathed in metal panels. The second, located northwest of the previous barn, is a front-gable barn with a double-leaf entry and pedestrian entry along its southeast gable end (Figure 11.41). The barn is clad in vertical boards. The southwest elevation of the barn may be an addition. Both barns appear on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.14) (USGS 1952b). None of the outbuildings appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Figure 11.34. Site 90, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, side-gable, frame bungalow (GD-508).



Figure 11.35. Site 90, Southwest elevation of the house.

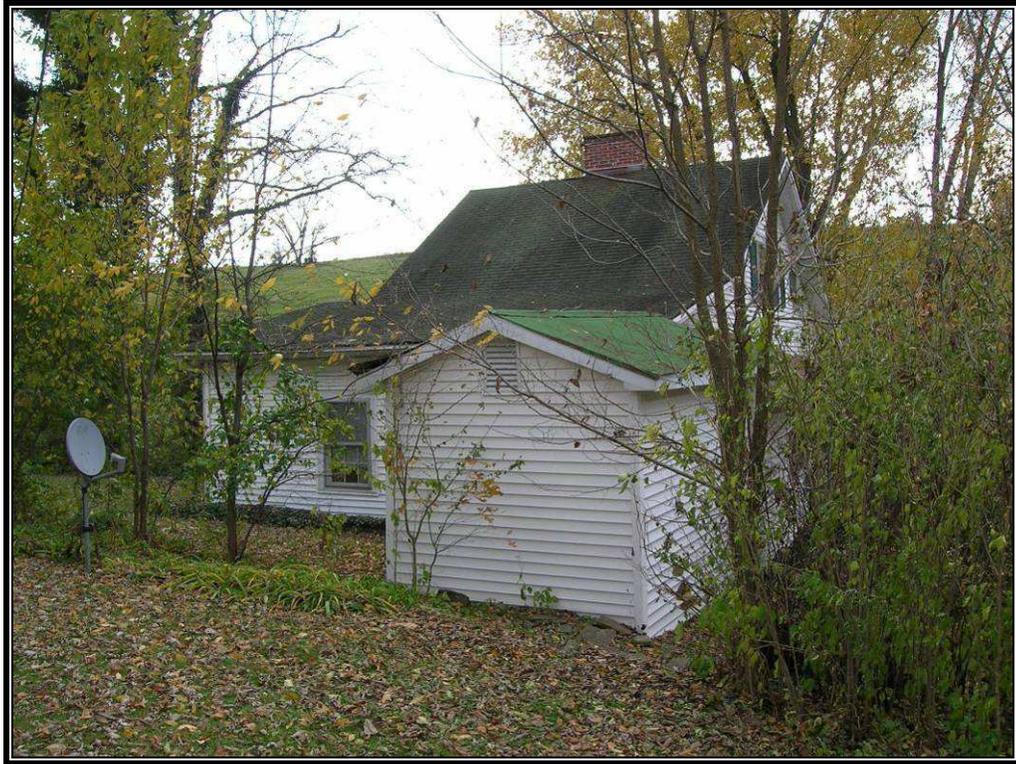


Figure 11.36. Site 90, Southwest and rear elevations of the house.



Figure 11.37. Site 90, Front-gable, single-bay, frame garage.



Figure 11.38. Site 90, Shed-roof, frame privy.

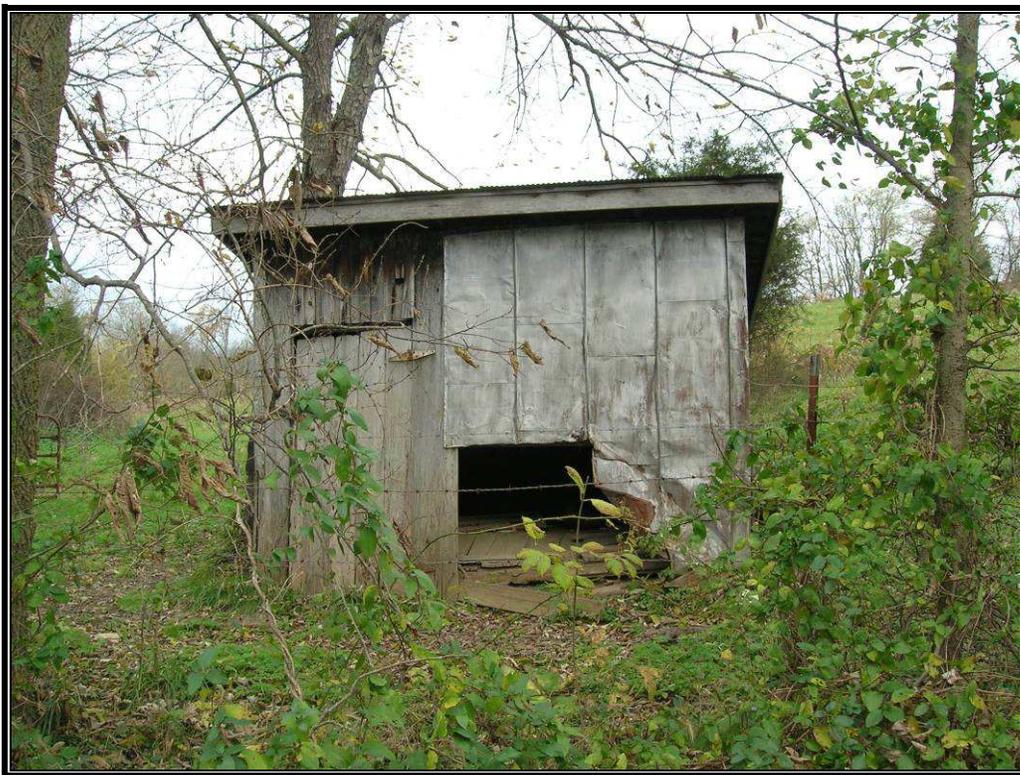


Figure 11.39. Site 90, Shed-roof outbuilding to rear of house partially clad in metal panels.

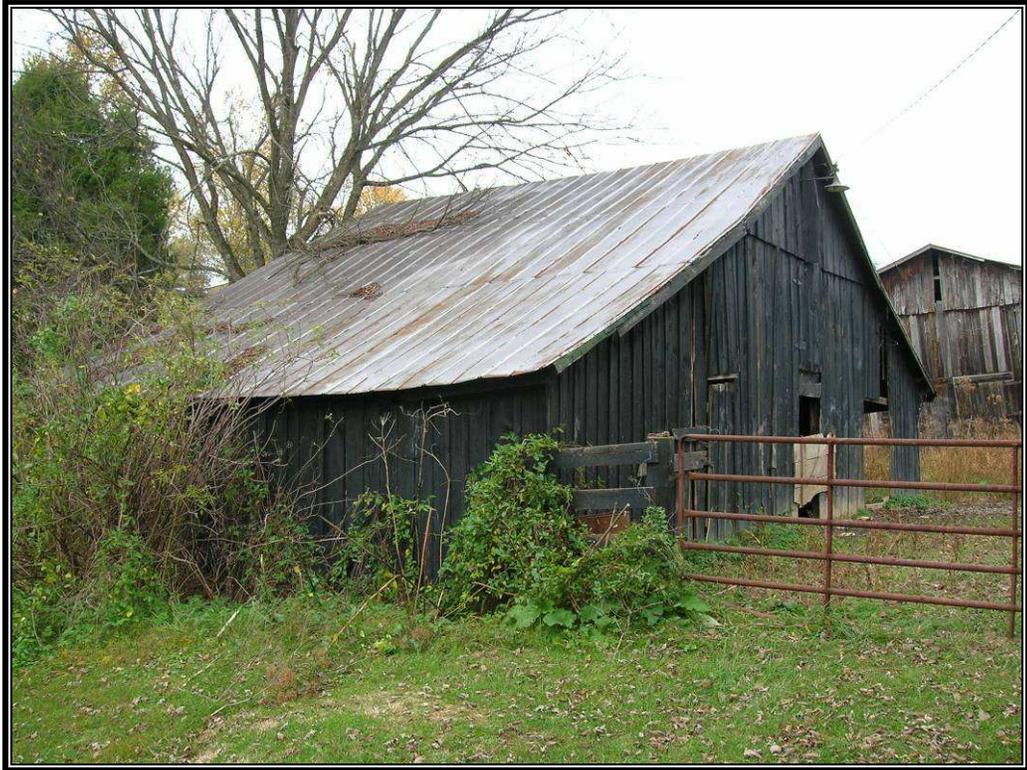


Figure 11.40. Site 90, General purpose, front-gable, barn clad in board-and-batten siding.

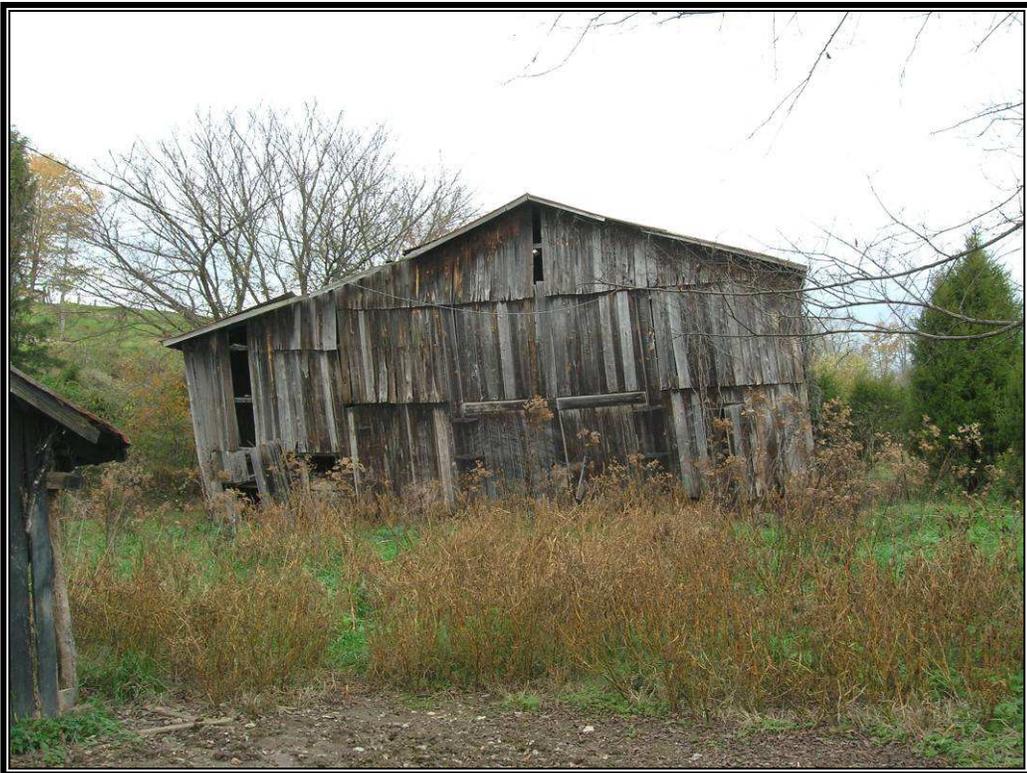


Figure 11.41. Site 90, Front-gable barn clad in vertical boards.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. This residence has a number of alterations that have compromised the integrity of this site. The historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished by the vinyl siding, cladding of the soffits, the extension of the porch, and gable-roof rear addition to the house. In addition, this residence does not appear to be an excellent example of a bungalow in Garrard County. A bungalow is normally one- or one-and-one-half-story with a front- or side gable-form. The bungalow form exhibits craftsman elements such as wide eaves, exposed rafter tails, knee braces, front porches extending the width of the façade and supported by battered columns, and multi-pane over single-pane windows. American bungalows will also have a dormer along the front roof slope. This house does not exhibit characteristics normally associated with the bungalow form, such as exposed rafter tails, knee braces, or windows with sashes arranged in multi-light over single-light compositions. The projection found on the northeast elevation of the residence is also unusual for the bungalow form, as it disrupts the symmetry normally associated with this house form. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 91

KHC Survey #: GD-509

Photographs: Figures 11.42–11.45

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 715384 N: 4167963

Description: This is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable, frame American Bungalow (Figure 11.42). The house, located at 1600 KY 39, is oriented to the northwest. The integral front porch, which extends the width of the façade, creates a continuous roofline with a change in pitch from the main block of the house. The porch is supported by decorative metal posts

resting on a poured concrete deck. The porch has a concrete block foundation. The porch shelters a centered, single-leaf entry with a modern door. Flanking the entry are windows with three-over-single double-hung sashes. Centered along the front roof slope is a gable-roof dormer with paired windows. The dormer windows have three-over-single double-hung sashes. The southwest elevation of the house has a window with three-over-single double-hung sashes near the apex of the gable. The two windows along the first floor of the southwest elevation have replacement single-over-single double-hung sashes. The windows of the northeast elevation of the house have either three-over-single or replacement single-over-single double-hung sashes (Figure 11.43). A single-leaf entry is located along the northeast elevation near the rear of the house. This entry opens onto a porch with a poured concrete deck. A brick chimney pierces the front roof slope to the rear of the gable-roof dormer. The soffits have been clad in vinyl or aluminum. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house is clad in vinyl siding and rests on a concrete block foundation. This residence appears to be indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927).

Immediately northeast of the residence is a front-gable, two-bay garage constructed of concrete block. The garage does not appear to be historic. Two outbuildings are located to the rear of the house. The first is a three-bay (d/w/d), side-gable outbuilding clad in board-and-batten siding (Figure 11.44). One entry has a three-light door while the second has a batten door. The window between the entries has a six-light sash. The roof of the outbuilding is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The second is a front-gable, single-bay outbuilding clad in vertical boards. The roof of this outbuilding is clad in metal. Spanning the creek in front of the house is a bridge constructed of poured concrete. Mortared rock abutments are found to either side of the modern poured concrete abutments of the bridge (Figure 11.45). KY 39 is visible beyond the creek and bridge in Figure 11.45. Neither of the outbuildings or the mortared stone abutments appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Figure 11.42. Site 91, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, frame American Bungalow (GD-509).



Figure 11.43. Site 91, Façade and northeast elevation of the house.

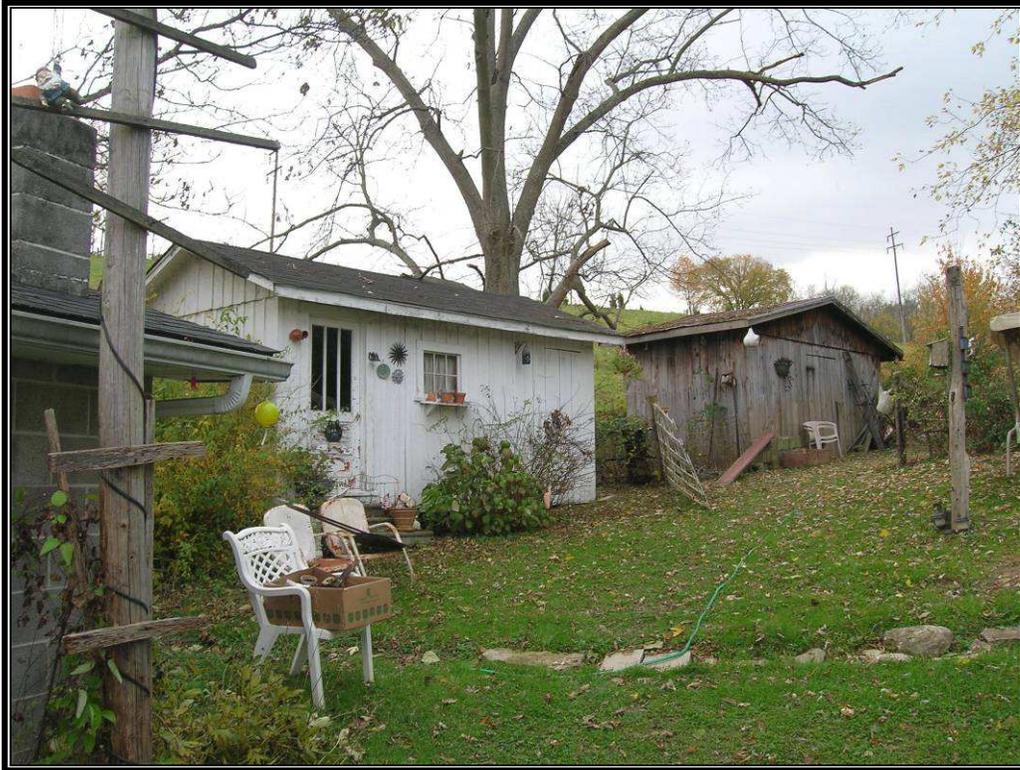


Figure 11.44. Site 91, Two outbuildings located to the rear of the house.



Figure 11.45. Site 91, View of poured concrete bridge and mortared rock abutments.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. This residence has a number of alterations that have compromised the integrity of this site. The historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished by the vinyl siding, cladding of the soffits, and the replacement windows. In addition, this residence does not appear to be an excellent example of a bungalow in Garrard County. A bungalow is normally one- or one-and-one-half-story with a front- or side gable-form. The bungalow form exhibits craftsman elements such as wide eaves, exposed rafter tails, knee braces, front porches extending the width of the façade and supported by battered columns, and multi-pane over single-pane windows. American bungalows will also have a dormer along the front roof slope. This American Bungalow does not exhibit a number of characteristics normally associated with the form, such as exposed rafter tails, knee braces, or battered porch supports. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 92

KHC Survey #: GD-510

Photographs: Figures 11.46–11.53

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 714892 N: 4168417

Description: This house is located down a long drive off of the northwest side of KY 39. It is a one-and-one-half-story, three-bay (w/d/w), side-gable log house (Figure 11.46). A shed-roof porch supported with square wood posts is located at the center of the façade. The porch has a V-groove metal roof and a poured concrete deck. The single-leaf entry, which contains a wood door with three horizontal lights, is situated slightly left of center on the façade. The window situated closest to the entry, to its left, contains one-over-one-light replacement sashes. A window located on the right side of the façade

contains a similar window. The spacing of the fenestrations on the façade may suggest an interior hall-parlor plan, but exploration of the interior would be needed to confirm this. A large exterior chimney is located on the east elevation (Figure 11.47). The chimney has a mortared stone bottom half with brick shoulders and a brick stack. The chimney was most likely originally constructed with stone in its entirety. The chimney is flanked by attic windows with either six-over-six-light double-hung wood sashes or four-over-four-light double-hung wood sashes. Some of the window glass is missing from these windows. Portions of the exterior cladding have been removed from a wall section to the right of the chimney, revealing some of the log construction and stone chinking. It appears the logs are joined with square notching. The west elevation has an exterior chimney, also constructed of stone and brick (Figure 11.48). A lower level window to the left of the chimney contains one-over-one-light double-hung wood sashes. An upper level window to the left of the chimney has been boarded over, while a window to the right of the chimney has three lights. The façade and side elevations are clad in a mixture of vertical wood siding on the top half and stone veneer on the bottom half. The stone veneer is characterized by squared rubble interspersed with large, irregularly shaped stones. The portion of the rear elevation that is still exposed is clad in weatherboards (Figure 11.49). A single-story, gable-roof addition extends from the rear elevation (Figure 11.50). The addition, which appears to be of frame construction, has a shed-roof porch on the west side. There is no longer an entry sheltered by the porch. The west elevation of the addition, which is clad in vertical wood siding and stone veneer, has a window with one-over-one-light replacement sashes. The rear and east sides of the addition are clad in horizontal wood siding. A single-leaf entry with a missing door is located on the east side of the addition. Windows with six-light wood sashes are also found on the addition. The roof of the house and addition is clad in V-groove metal panels. The foundation type and material could not be determined as it is covered with the stone veneer.



Figure 11.46. Site 92, One-and-one-half-story, three-bay, side-gable log house (GD-510).

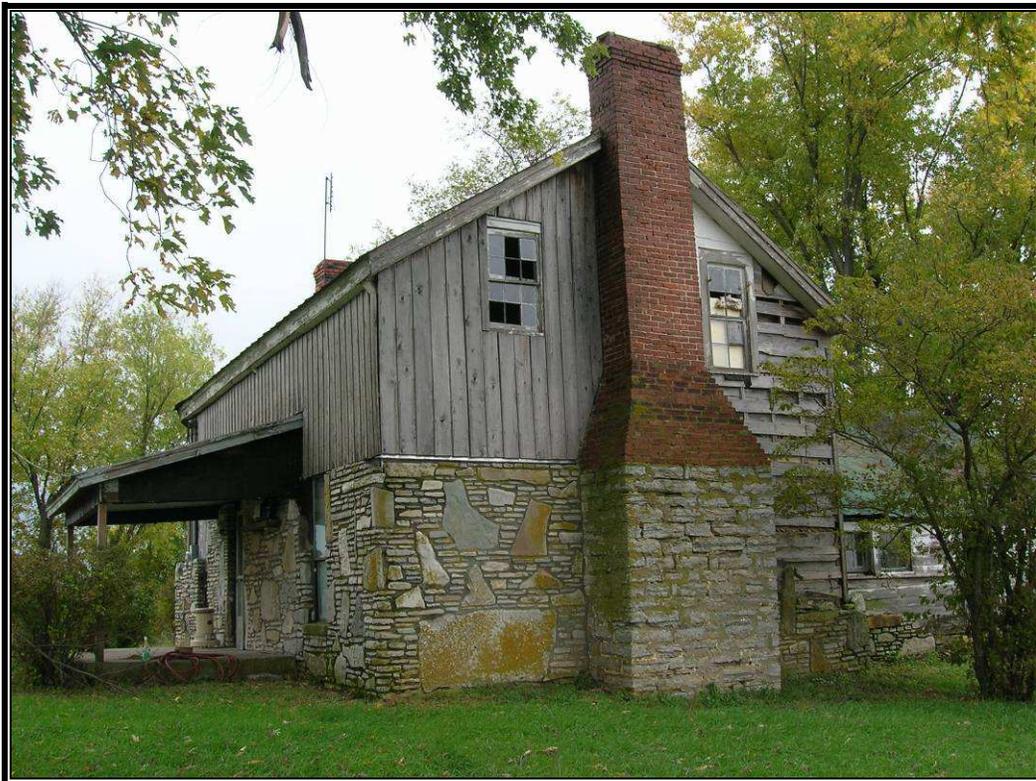


Figure 11.47. Site 92, Façade and east elevation.

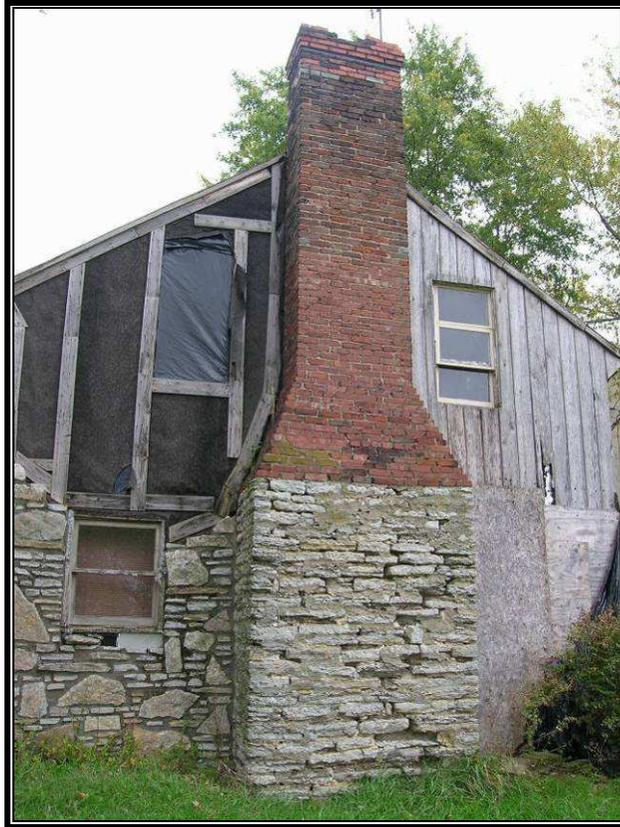


Figure 11.48. Site 92, West elevation.

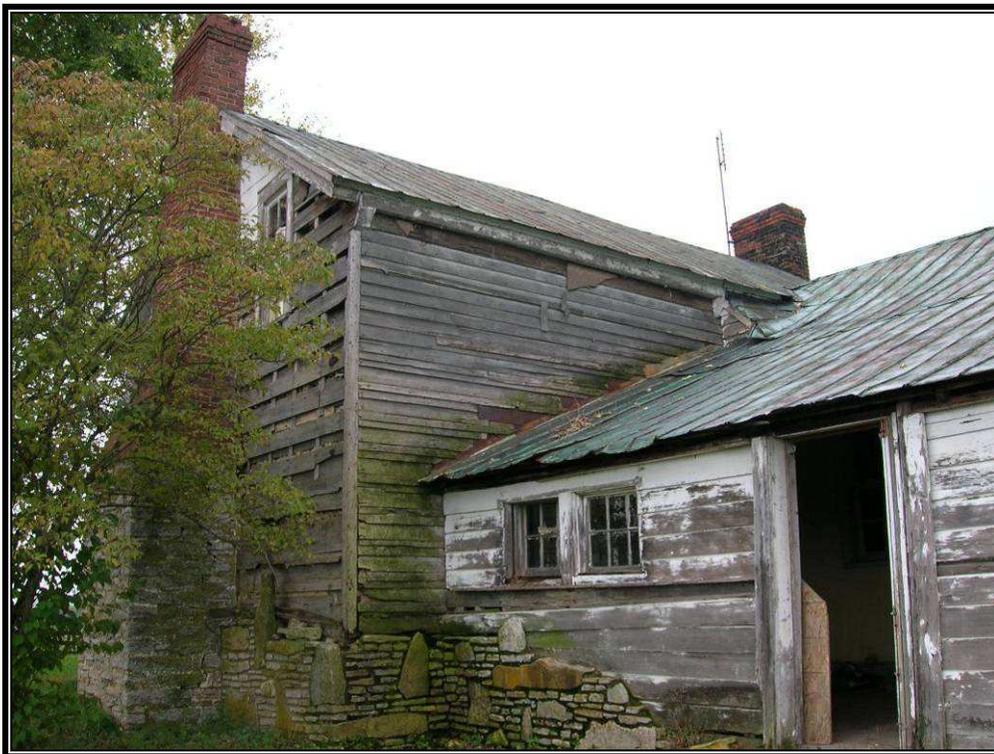


Figure 11.49. Site 92, East and rear elevations.

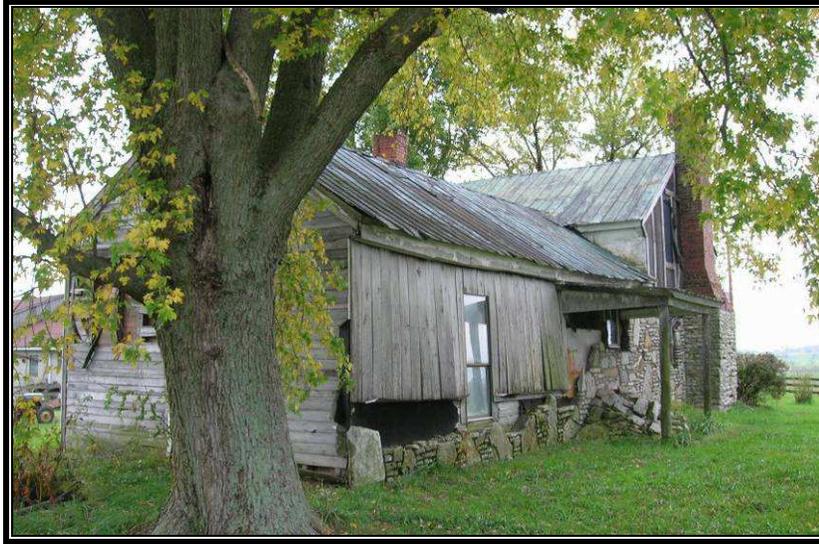


Figure 11.50. Site 92, West and rear elevations.

A gable-roof, vertical board barn is located to the east of the house (Figure 11.51). The barn, which is adjacent to a poured concrete silo, has two sets of double-leaf entries on the west elevation. A pedestrian entry is located on the left side of the west elevation. The rear portion of the barn has three open bays and an open shed-roof section is on the south side of the barn (Figure 11.52). A large gable-roof tobacco barn is located to the east of the previous barn and silo (Figure 11.53). The barn, which is clad in vertical boards, has a large sliding batten door at the gable end. There are eight vertical side vents and the roof is covered with metal panels. A gable-roof concrete block stripping shed with a concrete block chimney is located on the east end of the tobacco barn. It has a metal panel roof as well. A small gable-roof, vertical board outbuilding is located behind the house. It has an open bay at the gable end and a metal panel roof. A gable-roof, vertical board tobacco barn is located approximately 400 ft northwest of the house. It has a double-leaf sliding door at the gable end and five vertical side vents

The house, and possibly the tobacco barn located nearest the house, appears on the 1952 topographic map (Figure 5.14). A house in the approximate location of Site 92 appears on the 1927 and 1941 maps (Figures 5.9-5.10). This house could possibly be associated with a

residence appearing in the same approximate location on the 1879 map (Figure 5.8). The residence on the 1879 map was the property of “H.C. Jennings” (Beers and Lanagan 1879; KDOH 1941; KGS 1927; USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. With its replacement siding and windows, replacement of portions of the chimneys, and overall deferred maintenance, this house’s integrity of design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association have been compromised. With these alterations, this house no longer conveys its significance as a one-story log house and does not appear to be a particularly outstanding example in rural Garrard County. A better example is Site 75, a one-and-one-half-story single-pen log house. Although it has also been altered, Site 74, a double-pen log house, appears to be a better example of a two-room log house. Neither does the combination of historic and non-historic outbuildings impart significance to the site as a whole. Although the site contains elements of an agricultural landscape, the heavily modified house no longer anchors the site as a rural historic landscape. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 11.51. Site 92, Gable-roof barn and poured concrete silo.



Figure 11.52. Site 92, Rear of gable-roof barn.



Figure 11.53. Site 92, Gable-roof tobacco barn and stripping shed.

Site 93

KHC Survey #: GD-399

Photographs: Figures 11.54–11.56

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 714802 N: 4167535

Description: This is a dry-laid rock retaining wall located on the northwest side of KY 39. Portions of the wall are segmented and in a highly ruinous state, with no coping stones remaining. A section of the rock wall, beginning just past the driveway of Site 95 (551 KY 39) and continuing northeast approximately 350 ft, is in relatively complete condition and is the longest continuous section (Figure 11.54). This is a horizontally coursed rock retaining wall with full-width diagonal coping. No differentiated courses are detected, as the wall is constructed of rock of varying thickness (Figure 11.55). This portion of the retaining wall is the best continuous representation along KY 39 within the APE of the proposed project.

NRHP Evaluation: Eligible. This site was previously surveyed for the Cultural Historic

Survey for the Proposed Reconstruction/Relocation of U.S. 27 from KY 34 North of Lancaster to the U.S. 150 Bypass at Stanford, Garrard and Lincoln Counties, Kentucky (7-196.00) report completed in December 2003. In the report, this dry-laid rock retaining wall was found potentially eligible under Criterion A due to its possible association to the early improvements to roadways in the nineteenth century in Garrard County. The site was also found potentially eligible under Criterion C as an excellent example of a dry-laid rock retaining wall of this construction type found in the Bluegrass region (Spurlock and McCarley 2003:121). The KHC concurred with the determination, stating the site was eligible for listing in the NRHP in a letter dated May 13, 2004 (D. L. Morgan to D. M. Waldner, letter, 13 May 2004).

The proposed boundary for this site includes the most complete section of rock wall that is approximately 350 ft in length (Figure 11.56). The boundary, beginning just northeast of the driveway for Site 95, is located within the KY 39 right-of-way (ROW).

Effects Recommendation: No Effect.



Figure 11.54. Site 93, Dry-laid rock retaining wall on northwest side of KY 39 (GD-399).



Figure 11.55. Site 93, Detail of rock retaining wall.



Figure 11.56. Site 93 proposed NRHP boundary.

Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr: No Effect

The proposed NRHP boundary for this site is located approximately 2,080 ft south of proposed Section 13, which is a part of Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr. With the rock retaining wall located at the bottom of a hillside, the proposed Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr will not be visible from this site. The introduction of the proposed transmission line will not diminish the historic characteristics of location, materials, design, workmanship, and feeling which contribute to the integrity of the site. Because of the distance and the proposed project's location outside the viewshed of the rock wall, Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr will have No Effect on Site 93.

Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr: No Effect

No sections contained within the remaining Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr are located either within the established one-mile APE corridor in which Site 93 is located, or within any general proximity to the site. Therefore, Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr will have no effect on Site 93.

Site 94

KHC Survey #: GD-400

Photographs: Figures 11.57–11.61

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 714924 N: 4167662

Description: This is a one-story, four-bay (w/w/d/w), side-gable, frame Minimum Traditional house on a raised basement (Figure 11.57). The house, oriented to the southwest, is located at 1251 KY 39. The flat-roof aluminum stoop over the single-leaf entry has decorative metal posts resting on a poured concrete deck. The windows have six-over-six double-hung sashes. To the left of the entry is a two-bay gable-roof projection. To the right of the entry is an exterior brick chimney. The right side of the façade and a portion of the southeast gable end is clad in brick veneer. The remainder of the house is clad in aluminum siding. A single-light picture

window is found in the brick-clad section of the southeast gable end (Figure 11.58). A basement window is located along the façade and rear elevations of the house. The rear single-leaf entry has a gable-roof porch with wood posts resting on a poured concrete deck (Figure 11.59). Beneath the rear poured concrete porch deck is a single-leaf exterior entry to the basement. Also on the rear elevation are windows with six-over-six double-hung sashes. Paired smaller windows with the same sash type are also found on the rear of the house. A gable-roof section resting on a concrete block foundation is located on the northwest gable end of the house. This residence, or a previous house on the same location, appears to be indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (Kentucky Geological Survey 1927).

Two outbuildings are associated with this site. The first is a single-bay, front-gable, frame garage clad in board-and-batten siding (Figure 11.60). The garage, with its roof sheathed in metal panels, is located east of the residence. The second outbuilding, located northeast of the house, is a single-bay, front-gable, frame outbuilding with exposed rafter tails (Figure 11.61). This outbuilding has a batten door and is clad in vertical boards. Neither of the outbuildings appears to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. This site was previously surveyed for the Cultural Historic Survey for the Proposed Reconstruction/Relocation of U.S. 27 from KY 34 North of Lancaster to the U.S. 150 Bypass at Stanford, Garrard and Lincoln Counties, Kentucky (7-196.00) report completed in December 2003. In the report, this site was determined not eligible for listing in the NRHP as the residence does not embody the distinctive characteristics of a period, type, or method of construction. Nothing in the historic context suggested an association with a significant person or event (Spurlock and McCarley 2003:124). The KHC concurred with the determination, stating the site was not eligible for listing in the NRHP in a letter dated May 13, 2004 (D. L. Morgan to D. M. Waldner, letter, 13 May 2004).

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 11.57. Site 94, One-story, four-bay, side-gable, frame house (GD-400).



Figure 11.58. Site 94, Southeast gable end of the house.



Figure 11.59. Site 94, Rear elevation of the house.

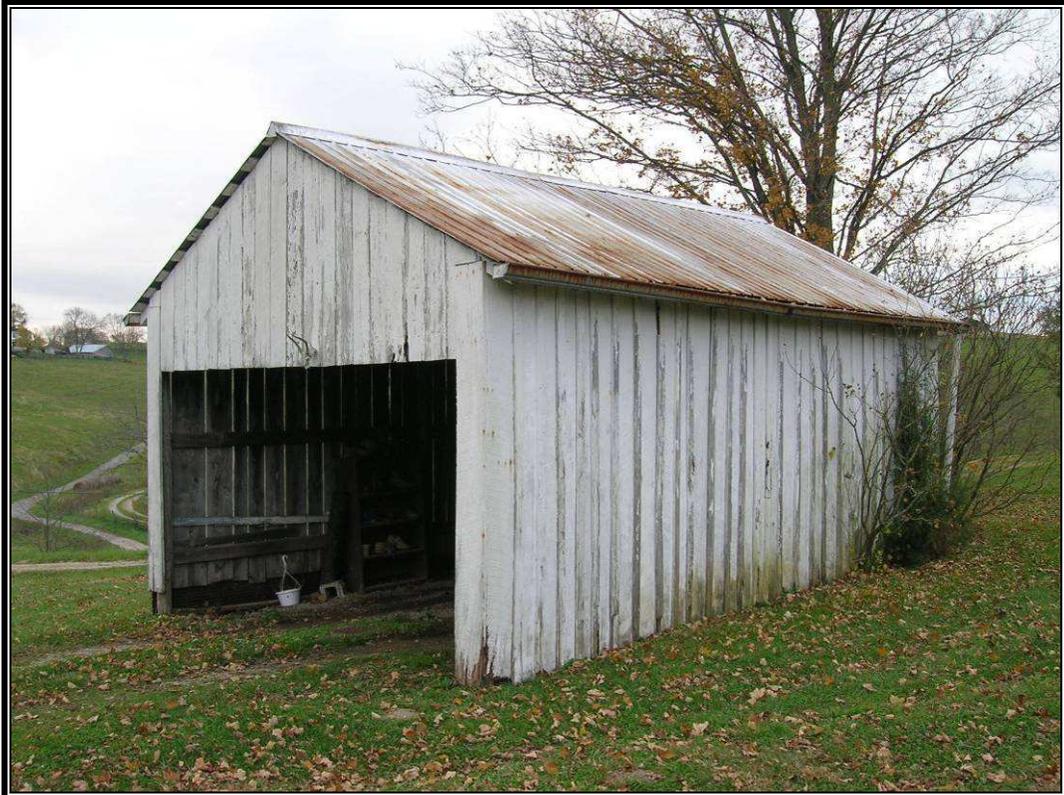


Figure 11.60. Site 94, Single-bay, front-gable, frame garage.

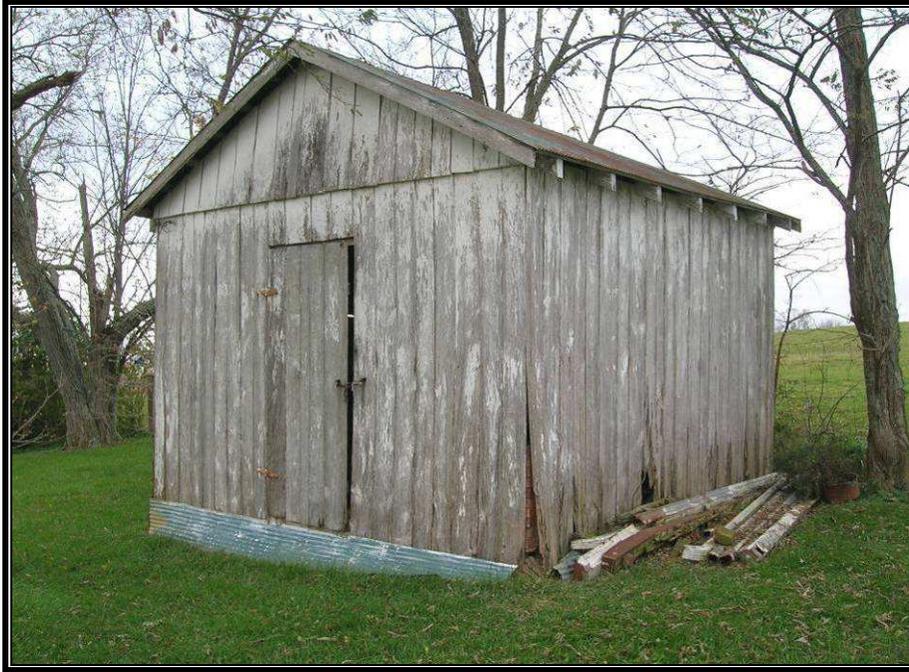


Figure 11.61. Site 94, Front-gable, single-bay, frame outbuilding.

Site 95

KHC Survey #: GD-398

Photographs: Figures 11.62–11.65

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 714782 N: 4167495

Description: This is a one-story, front-gable, frame house with alterations (Figure 11.62). The house is currently used as a radio station, although it may also function as a residence. The original portion of the house may have been a Southern Bungalow, with its entry porch oriented to the northeast away from KY 39. The southeast elevation of the house, which currently has “WIXI 1280” on the outside wall, is oriented to KY 39 (Figure 11.63). The original shed-roof entry porch has been partially enclosed, clad in pressed board siding. This porch has exposed rafter tails and one wood turned column. A single-leaf entry appears to remain on this gable end of the house. The southeast elevation also has exposed rafter tails. The windows in the

original section of the house have three-over-single double-hung sashes. A gable-roof addition is located on the northwest elevation of the house (Figure 11.64). This addition has a recessed carport with a decorative non-historic metal post. The windows of the addition have single-over-single double-hung sashes. Located to the rear of the original portion of the residence is a gable-roof addition (Figure 11.65). The roofline of this addition is lower than that of the main block of the house. This addition has exposed rafter tails and is clad in pressed board siding. The window of the rear addition has single-over-single double-hung sashes. The roof of the residence is covered in asphalt shingles and the house is clad in replacement pressed board siding. Rolled asphalt siding in a brick pattern is visible in one section under the replacement siding. The foundation under the main block of the house is constructed of concrete block. This residence does not appear to be indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927). This site does appear on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.14) (USGS 1952b). No outbuildings appear to be associated with this site.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. This site was previously surveyed for the Cultural Historic Survey for the Proposed Reconstruction/Relocation of U.S. 27 from KY 34 North of Lancaster to the U.S. 150 Bypass at Stanford, Garrard and Lincoln Counties, Kentucky (7-196.00) report completed in December 2003. In the report, this site was determined not eligible for listing in the NRHP because of alterations to the residence. The historic context did not reveal an association with a significant person or event in relation to this site (Spurlock and McCarley 2003:119). The KHC concurred with the determination, stating the site was not eligible for listing in the NRHP in a letter dated May 13, 2004 (D. L. Morgan to D. M. Waldner, letter, 13 May 2004).

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 96

KHC Survey #: GD-396

Photographs: Figures 11.66–11.71

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 713349 N: 4168150

Description: This is the Anderson Cemetery, located on the southeast corner of U.S. 27 and KY 1355 (Sugar Creek Road) (Figure 11.66). The cemetery is located on a grassy ridge with mortared cut stone steps leading up to the cemetery entrance from KY 1355 (Figure 11.67). Thirteen individuals are interred here, all members of the Anderson family. The grave markers consist of three obelisk monuments, two large bases for obelisks, and seven headstones. Most of the burials are from the nineteenth century, with the earliest dated 1824. Four are from the twentieth century, with the latest dated 1942.

Simeon Anderson (1802-1840), who is interred in the cemetery, was a prominent member of the Lancaster community, having been an active attorney and politician from the 1820s until his death in 1840. Simeon Anderson was born to James Anderson (1776-1824) and Margaret Mills Alcorn (1781-1860), both of whom are buried in the cemetery. Simeon Anderson studied law and joined the Mercer County Bar in 1823.



Figure 11.66. Site 96, View of the Anderson Cemetery looking to the east (GD-396).



Figure 11.67. Site 96, Mortared stone steps leading from KY 1355 to the cemetery.

The following year he married Amelia Gill Owlsey, daughter of Governor William Owlsey. Anderson began his political career as a member of the State House of Representatives in 1828. He was reelected in 1829, 1832, and 1836-1838. During this time, Simeon and Amelia resided at Pleasant Retreat, the former residence of Governor Owlsey located in Lancaster. Simeon Anderson was elected as a member of the Whig party to the twenty-sixth Congress of the United States on March 4, 1839. His political career was cut short when he died nearly five months later (Biographical Directory of the United States Congress n.d.; Simpson 1995: 8-9; Spurlock and McCarley 2003:114). Simeon and his daughter, Almira (1834-1836), are commemorated with a large limestone monument. This monument may have been a base for a tall obelisk that has since been removed (Figure 11.68). Simeon's wife, Amelia, is not buried at this cemetery, possibly due to her later remarriage to her cousin, Brian Young Owsley.

Also buried nearby is Reece B. Anderson, who died in 1843 at the age of 32. Reece's monument is almost identical to Simeon's. Others buried at the cemetery include: Clayton Anderson (1809-1868) and his wife, Elzina (1826-1907); Florella A. Marion (1816-1847);

John Baughman (n.d.-1913) and his wife, Sallie D. Anderson (1852-1907); James H. Anderson (1856-1883); and Mary L. Anderson (1863-1942). Mary Anderson was the last person interred in the cemetery. James and Margaret Anderson's graves are commemorated jointly with a marble obelisk with the manufacturer, "J. Larimer, Danville, Ky.," carved on the bottom of the monument. Clayton and Elzina Anderson's grave is marked with a marble obelisk with the manufacturer, "Poole & Clark, Lou." carved on the side of the monument. Carved on the bottom of the marble obelisk for Florella A. Marion is "Woodruff & Pruden, Lex." the manufacturer of her monument. The cemetery is indicated on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.14) (USGS 1952b).

NRHP Evaluation: Eligible. Site 96 was previously surveyed for the Cultural Historic Survey for the Proposed Reconstruction/Relocation of U.S. 27 from KY 34 North of Lancaster to the U.S. 150 Bypass at Stanford, Garrard and Lincoln Counties, Kentucky (7-196.00) report completed in December 2003. In the report, this site was determined eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion B due to its association to an important political family of Garrard County.

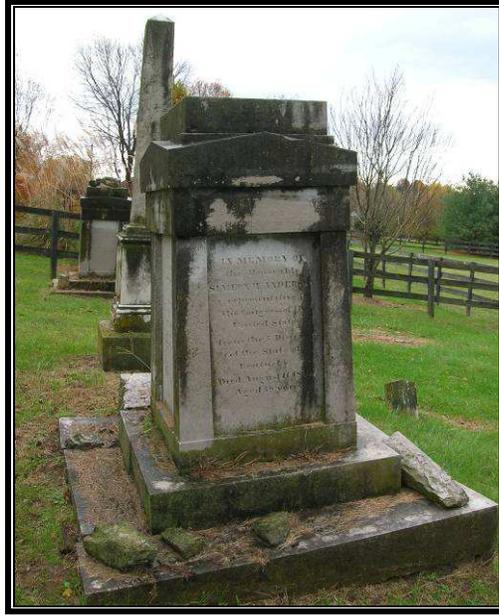


Figure 11.68. Site 96, Simeon Anderson's grave monument.

The site was further evaluated under Criteria Consideration D, with the interred persons found to be of transcendent secular importance to the early to mid-nineteenth century political landscape of Garrard County. The site was also found potentially eligible under Criterion C as an excellent example of gravestones in a small family cemetery purchased from different carvers from cities within the region. The Anderson Cemetery was determined to be an excellent example of a nineteenth century family cemetery and as the final resting place of Simeon Anderson, a significant political figure in the early to mid-nineteenth century in Lancaster and Garrard County (Spurlock and McCarley 2003:114). The KHC concurred with the determination, stating the site was eligible for listing in the NRHP in a letter dated May 13, 2004 (D. L. Morgan to D. M. Waldner, letter, 13 May 2004).

The proposed boundary for this site includes the fence line around the cemetery and the stone steps leading down to KY 1355 (Figure 11.69). The steps are within the KY 1355 ROW. The proposed rectangular boundary is approximately 60 ft in length along KY 1355 and the southeastern portion. The northeast and southwest sides of the boundary are approximately 95 ft in length.

Effects Recommendation: No Effect.

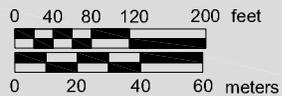
Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr: No Effect

The proposed NRHP boundary for Site 96 is located approximately 690 ft north of proposed Section 13 which is a part of Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr. Figure 11.70 is a view to the southeast and Figure 11.71 is a view to the southwest, both in the direction of the proposed transmission line. This site was determined eligible under Criterion B, for its association to an important political family in the county, and Criterion C, as an excellent example of a nineteenth-century family cemetery with substantial gravestones produced in various communities in the central Kentucky region. The introduction of the proposed transmission line will not diminish the historic characteristics of location, design, setting, workmanship, materials, or association that contribute to the integrity of the site. With the distance from the proposed transmission line, the areas of significance, and the type of historic resource, the proposed Alternatives B, Br, D, Dr, F, Fr, H, and Hr will have no effect on Site 96, the Anderson Cemetery.



LEGEND

-  Proposed National Register of Historic Places Boundary
-  Section 13



K06E014 (22Jan07).DMW

Figure 11.69. Site 96 proposed NRHP boundary.



Figure 11.70. Site 96, View to southeast to proposed project from cemetery.



Figure 11.71. Site 96, View to the southwest to proposed project from cemetery.

Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr: No Effect

No sections contained within the remaining Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr are located either within the established one-mile APE corridor in which Site 96 is located, or within any general proximity to the site. Therefore, Alternatives A, Ar, C, Cr, E, Er, G, and Gr will have no effect on Site 96.

Site 97

KHC Survey #: GD-397

Photographs: Figures 11.72–11.82

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 713997 N: 4168387

Description: This is a one-and-one-half-story, four-bay (w/d/d/w), side-gable house (Resource A) (Figure 11.72). The house, oriented to the northwest, is located along a private drive at 375 KY 1355. A hip-roof porch shelters the four bays of the façade. The porch is supported by decorative metal posts resting on a poured concrete deck. The supports for the porch appear to be replacements. The porch has a mortared stone foundation. The symmetrical fenestration of the façade has two single-leaf entries as the middle bays along the first floor. The entries have three-light doors. Flanking the entries are windows with three-over-single double-hung sashes. The wall dormers along the façade each have a gable roof and a window with the same sashes as those of the façade's first floor. Four of the five windows along the southwest elevation of the main block of the house have three-over-single double-hung sashes (Figure 11.73). One window has single-over-single double-hung sashes. The rear elevation of the house has a one-story ell. The southwest elevation of the ell appears to be an enclosed porch. The roof of this probable enclosed porch has been raised. A single-leaf entry with a half-light door is located on the southwest elevation of the ell. Adjacent to the entry are

paired windows with single-over-single double-hung sashes. The rear elevation of the probable enclosed porch has a window with three-over-single double-hung sashes (Figure 11.74). The northeast elevation of the rear ell has a shed-roof porch with wood posts resting on a wood deck. A single-leaf entry opens onto the porch from the rear elevation of the main block of the house. The roof of the rear ell is sheathed in metal. The foundation material of the rear ell could not be determined. The house is missing its chimney. The brick chimney was located on the front roof slope between the dormers during the previous survey for the Cultural Historic Survey for the Proposed Reconstruction/Relocation of U.S. 27 from KY 34 North of Lancaster to the U.S. 150 Bypass at Stanford, Garrard and Lincoln Counties, Kentucky (7-196.00) report completed in December 2003 (Spurlock and McCarley 2003:118). The roof of the main block is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house is clad in aluminum siding and the main block is supported by a mortared stone foundation. This residence does not appear to be indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (Kentucky Geological Survey 1927). This site may appear on the 1941 Garrard County, Kentucky highway map (Figure 5.10) (KDOH 1941).

There are ten outbuildings or structures associated with this site. The first is a front-gable outbuilding clad in rolled asphalt siding with a brick pattern (Resource B) (Figure 11.75). Vertical boards are visible in sections where the siding is missing. The outbuilding has exposed rafter tails and the roof is sheathed in corrugated metal panels. This outbuilding is located northeast of the residence in the domestic yard. The second outbuilding is located to the rear of the house in the domestic yard. This is a small, front-gable outbuilding with the roof sheathed in metal panels (Resource C) (Figure 11.76). The outbuilding has a single-leaf entry with a batten door and exposed rafter tails.



Figure 11.72. Site 97, One-and-one-half-story, four-bay, side-gable house (Resource A) (GD-397).



Figure 11.73. Site 97, Southwest and rear elevations of the house.



Figure 11.74. Site 97, Rear elevation of the house.

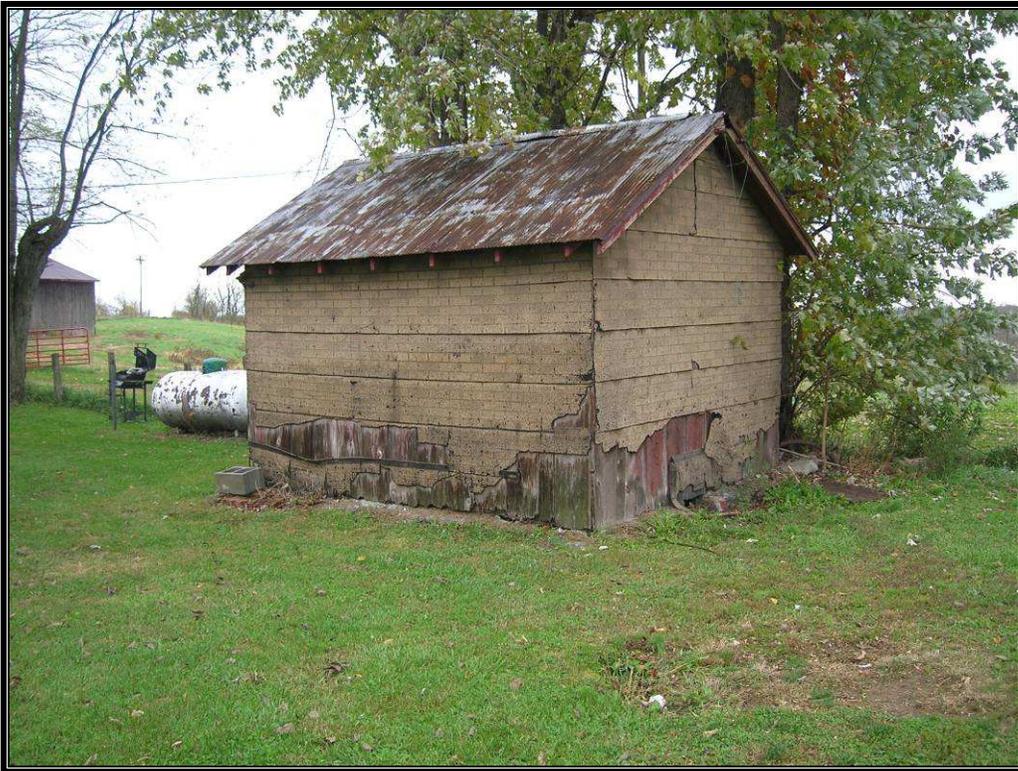


Figure 11.75. Site 97, Front-gable outbuilding located northeast of the house (Resource B).

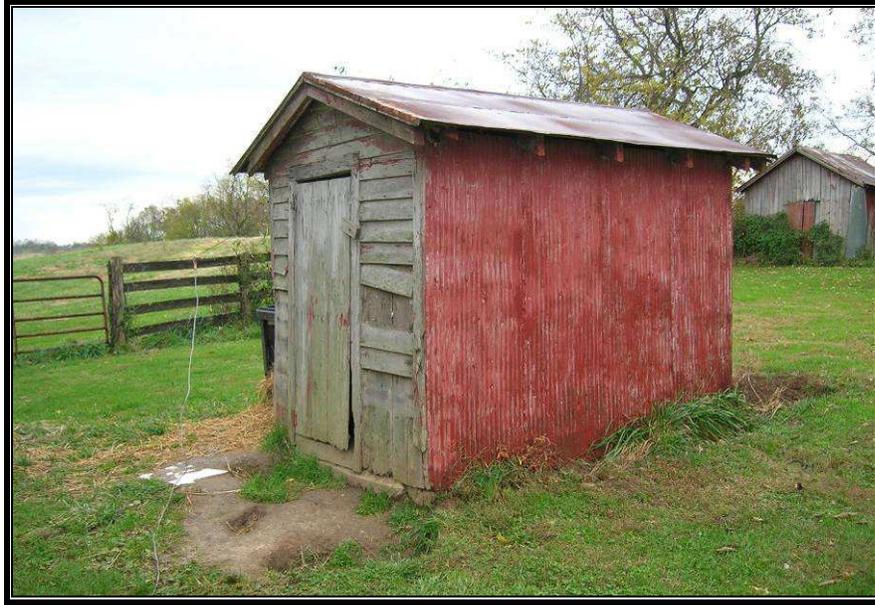


Figure 11.76. Site 97, Front-gable, single-bay outbuilding located to the rear of the house (Resource C).

The southwest elevation is clad in corrugated metal while the front has vertical boards partially clad in weatherboard siding. The third and fourth outbuildings are also located to the rear of the residence just outside the domestic yard. Both are front-gable structures with a single-leaf entry. The third outbuilding, which is missing its door, is clad in corrugated metal and the roof is sheathed in metal (Resource D). The fourth outbuilding is clad in vertical boards and has a batten door (Resource E) (Figure 11.77). This outbuilding has exposed rafter tails and the roof is sheathed in corrugated metal. Southeast of the house is a stock barn that may also have been used for curing tobacco (Resource F) (Figure 11.78). The roof of the barn is sheathed in corrugated metal and the walls are clad with vertical boards. The interior exhibits the structure's nailed construction and wood pier foundation (Figure 11.79). Stock chutes are also associated with the barn. Immediately southeast of the barn is a front-gable outbuilding clad in vertical boards (Resource G) (Figure 11.78). The roof of this outbuilding, which has partially collapsed, is partially sheathed in metal. Northeast of the barn is a side-gable outbuilding with a ridgeline brick chimney (Resource H) (Figure 11.80). The northeast elevation of the

outbuilding has five window openings with the sashes missing their lights. The window openings have been boarded over. The window openings suggest the structure may have been a poultry brooder house. A batten door, partially clad in rolled asphalt siding, is located on the southwest elevation. The outbuilding has exposed rafter tails and the roof is sheathed in corrugated metal panels. The structure is partially clad in rolled asphalt siding with a brick pattern over vertical boards. Northwest of the residence is a front-gable, single-bay livestock barn (Resource I) (Figure 11.81). The southwest gable end of the barn has an entry with two horizontal sliding doors on metal tracks. The barn is clad in vertical boards and constructed with nails. At the west corner of the barn is a round, parged brick structure (Resource J). The original purpose of the structure is unclear. Immediately southeast of the barn is another front-gable outbuilding clad in vertical boards (Resource K) (Figure 11.82). Both of the barns are indicated on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.14) (USGS 1952b). None of the outbuildings appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.

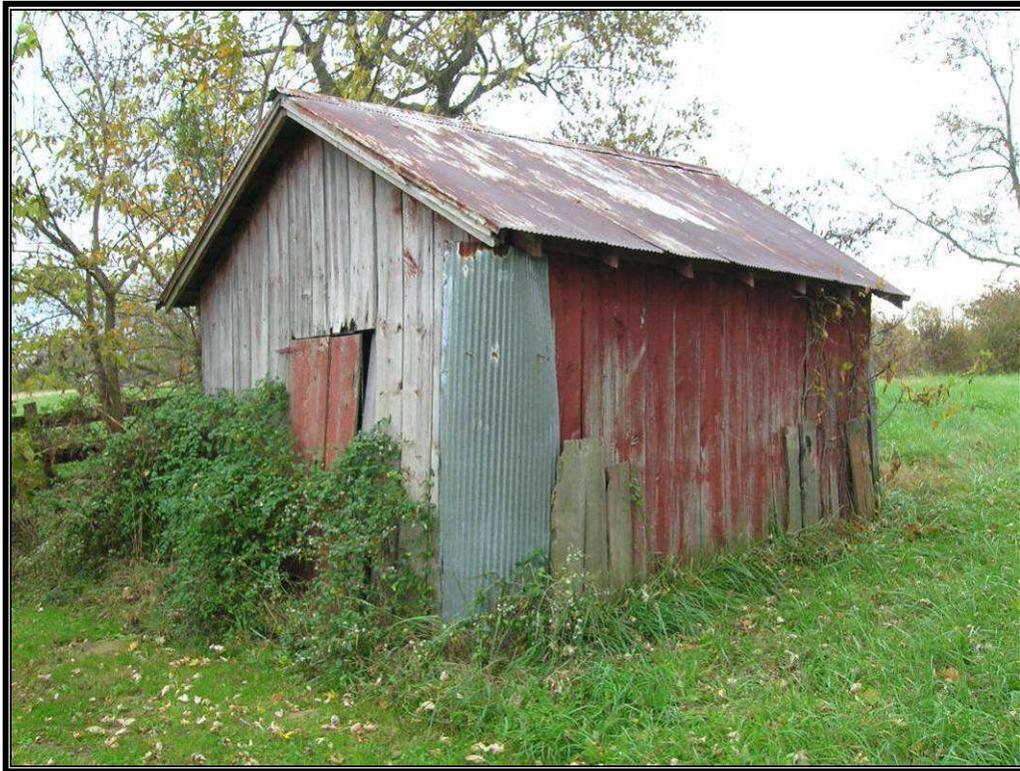


Figure 11.77. Site 97, Front-gable, single-bay outbuilding located to the rear of the house (Resource E).



Figure 11.78. Site 97, Stock barn (Resource F) and adjacent front-gable collapsing outbuilding (Resource G).



Figure 11.79. Site 97, Interior framing of stock barn.

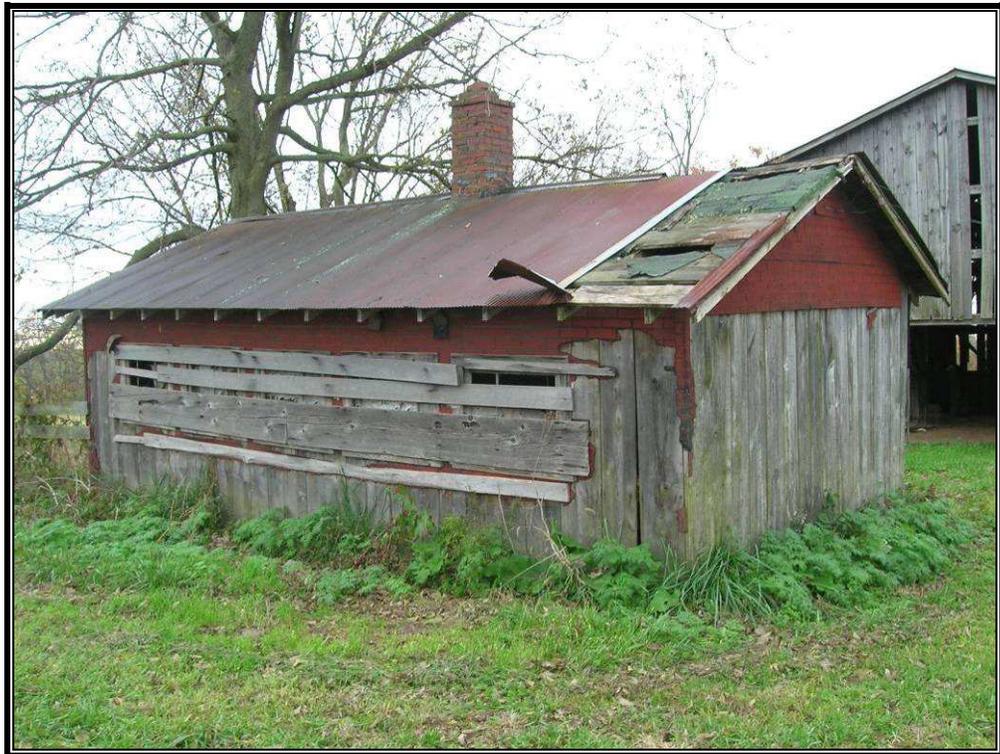


Figure 11.80. Site 97, Probable brooder house (Resource H) located northeast of stock barn.



Figure 11.81. Site 97, Gable-front stock barn (Resource I) and parged brick circular structure (Resource J).

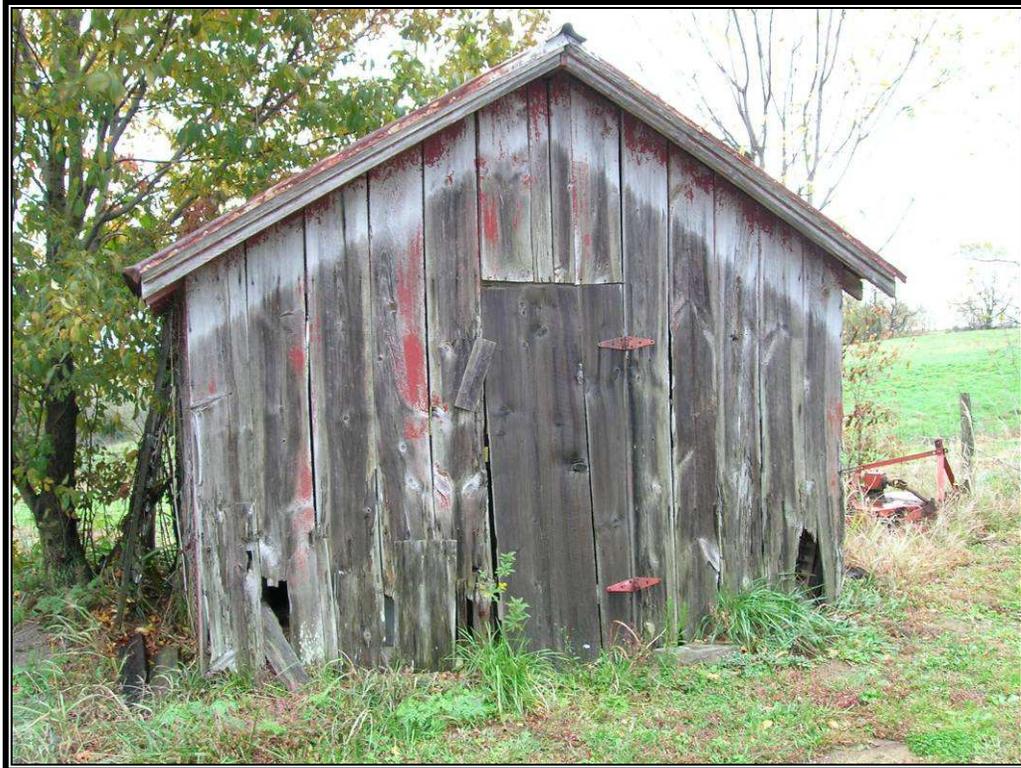


Figure 11.82. Site 97, Front-gable, single-bay outbuilding (Resource K) located near stock barn.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. With its replacement porch supports and siding, missing chimney, various window sashes, enclosed porch, and the raised roof of the enclosed porch, this residence's integrity of design, materials, and workmanship have been diminished. It is unclear from the exterior what type of framing system it is constructed of, so without further information, it does not appear to be significant for its construction methods or technique. The form of the house is not uncommon to the area. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for the NRHP under Criterion C for architectural significance. For a farm to be eligible as an agricultural complex, both the house and outbuildings should retain a high degree of integrity. The house anchors the farm and is the principal building on the landscape. For a farm to be considered eligible without the house appearing to be individually eligible, the outbuildings should retain a high degree of integrity and also reflect the historic association and feeling of the farm. Although this site contains a number of outbuildings, the site's significance is not evident on the landscape. The site has domestic outbuildings, although their original purposes cannot be determined as they are very similar to one another. The outbuildings, both agricultural and domestic, are typical of those found in the area and probably date to the period of the residence. Dating from the 1930s or 1940s, this site is not an outstanding example of a livestock and tobacco farm in Garrard County dating from the mid-twentieth century. The historic period of development of this site is not distinguishable from those of its immediate surroundings. The surrounding setting and topography of the site are scenic, but setting alone does not qualify a site for NRHP eligibility. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

This site was previously surveyed for the Cultural Historic Survey for the Proposed Reconstruction/Relocation of U.S. 27 from KY 34 North of Lancaster to the U.S. 150

Bypass at Stanford, Garrard and Lincoln Counties, Kentucky (7-196.00) report completed in December 2003. In the report, this site was determined not eligible for listing in the NRHP because of alterations to the residence. The site also did not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history (Spurlock and McCarley 2003:119). The KHC concurred with the determination, stating the site was not eligible for listing in the NRHP in a letter dated May 13, 2004 (D. L. Morgan to D. M. Waldner, letter, 13 May 2004).

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 98

KHC Survey #: GD-511

Photographs: Figures 11.83–11.84

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 713711 N: 4168688

Description: This is a one-story, three-bay (w/d/w), front-gable, frame house (Figure 11.83). The house, located at 457 KY 1355, is oriented to the southeast. A hip-roof porch extends almost the entire width of the façade. The porch is supported by replacement metal columns resting on a poured concrete deck. The porch has a concrete block foundation. The single-leaf entry is centered along the original block of the house. This entry has a replacement door. The entry is flanked by windows with single-over-single double-hung sashes. Replacement windows with single-over-single double-hung sashes are found along the southwest elevation of the house. The rear portion of the main block (front-gable portion) of the house may be an addition (Figure 11.84).



Figure 11.83. Site 98, One-story, three-bay, front-gable house with alterations (GD-511).



Figure 11.84. Site 98, Southwest and rear elevations of the house.

A centered single-leaf entry is located on the rear elevation of the front-gable portion of the house. This entry has a replacement door. A shed-roof addition extends the length of the northeast elevation of the house. A brick chimney pierces the ridgeline of the house. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house is clad in vinyl siding. The main block of the house rests on a stone foundation that appears to be dry laid. This residence does not appear to be indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927). This site may appear on the 1941 Garrard County, Kentucky highway map (Figure 5.10) (KDOH 1941). No historic outbuildings appear to be associated with this site.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. This residence has a number of alterations that have compromised the historic qualities of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling. Alterations include the vinyl siding, replacement windows, replacement doors, and side and possible rear additions. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear eligible for listing in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

Site 99

KHC Survey #: GD-512

Photographs: Figures 11.85–11.87

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 713798 N: 4168730

Description: This is a one-story, three-bay (d/w/d), hip-roof, frame house (Figure 11.85). The house, oriented to the southwest, is located on the southeast side of KY 1355. A single-leaf entry with a replacement door is located near the northwest corner of the façade. To the right of the entry is an exterior brick chimney that appears to be an addition to the house. The northwest portion of the house, including the entry and exterior brick chimney, may be an enclosed garage. A line demarking the possible entry to the former garage

is visible in the cladding of the house to the right of the exterior chimney. The window along the façade has six-over-two double-hung sashes. Immediately to the right of the façade window opening is a hip-roof projection. The projection has a window with three-over-single double-hung sashes along its northwest elevation.

The hip-roof projection is clad in both pressed board siding and vinyl siding. Near the southeast corner of the façade, to the right of the hip-roof projection, is a double-leaf entry sheltered by a shed-roof porch (Figure 11.86). The porch is supported by wood posts resting on a wood deck. The two doors of the entry are modern. Windows along the rear and southeast elevation have horizontal two-over-two double-hung sashes (Figure 11.87). The northwest elevation of the house has two windows and a wood deck with a wood railing. A brick chimney pierces the southwest roof slope. The roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles. The house is clad in pressed wood siding and rests on a concrete block foundation. This residence does not appear on either the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) or the 1941 Garrard County, Kentucky highway map (Figure 5.10) (Kentucky Geological Survey 1927) (KDOH 1941). The residence does appear on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.14) (USGS 1952b). No historic outbuildings appear to be associated with this site.

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. Alterations have diminished the historic characteristics of materials, design, workmanship, and feeling of this site. The alterations include the possible enclosing of the garage, exterior chimney addition, various types of window sashes, and replacement doors. Due to their commonality, individual structures must retain a high degree of integrity as well as distinctive features to be eligible. With its alterations, this house does not retain the distinctive features of the Ranch type house. Additionally, this site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. Thus, this site does not appear eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A



Figure 11.85. Site 99, One-story, three-bay, hip-roof house (GD-512).



Figure 11.86. Site 99, Façade and southeast elevations of the house.



Figure 11.87. Site 99, Southeast and rear elevations of the house.

Site 100

KHC Survey #: GD-513

Photographs: Figures 11.88–11.97

Map: Figures 1.2 and 1.3

Zone: 16

Quad: Buckeye, KY 1952

UTMs: E: 714514 N: 4170655

Description: This is a two-story, three-bay (w/d/w) T-plan house with outbuildings (Resource A) (Figure 11.88). The house, located at 1846 KY 1355, is oriented to the northwest. A shed-roof porch shelters the two bays along the side-gable portion of the façade. The porch is supported by modern wood posts resting on a wood deck. The foundation of the porch is concealed by a pressed metal skirt. The porch roof is sheathed in metal. The porch shelters two single-leaf entries, one along both the side- and front-gable portions of the façade. The entries each have a half-light door. A window is located to the left of the entry along the side-gable portion of the façade. The majority of windows throughout the residence have two-over-two double-hung sashes. A window is found on the second floor façade and northeast

elevation of the front-gable section. The façade, northeast, and southwest gable ends each have first and second floor windows (Figure 11.89). A shed-roof addition is located along the rear elevation of the house (Figures 11.89 and 11.90). A window is located along the southwest elevation of the addition. A small shed-roof section is located along the northeast elevation of the rear shed-roof addition. The purpose of this shed-roof section is unknown. Brick chimneys pierce the ridgelines of both the side- and front-gable portions of the T-plan. The soffits are clad in vinyl or aluminum. The roof is sheathed in metal panels. The house is clad in vinyl siding. The foundation is constructed of concrete block. It is unclear if this site is indicated on the 1879 Map of Garrard and Lincoln Counties (Figure 5.7). Two residences indicated as “W. S.” and a third as “M. H.” are in the general vicinity of Site 100 (Beers and Lanagan 1879). A previous house could have been located on or near the location of the current residence. This residence does appear to be indicated on the 1927 Map of Areal and Structural Geology of Garrard County (Figure 5.9) (KGS 1927).



Figure 11.88. Site 100, Two-story, three-bay T-plan house with outbuildings (Resource A) (GD-513).



Figure 11.89. Site 100, Façade and southwest elevations of the house.



Figure 11.90. Site 100, Northeast elevation of the house.

Eight structures or elements, including outbuildings and rock walls, are associated with this site. Located to the front of the house, between the house and the creek, is a section of dry-laid rock wall (Resource B) (Figure 11.91). This low rock wall, located near the creek bank, is missing portions of its coping stones and the northeast end is partially collapsing. A front-gable frame outbuilding is found to the rear of the residence (Resource C) (Figure 11.92). This outbuilding has a single-leaf entry with a door constructed of vertical boards. The southeast elevation of the outbuilding has a shed-roof addition with a single-leaf entry. The roof is sheathed in metal and the outbuilding is clad in vertical boards. Located at the base of the hillside to the rear of the house is a mortared rock retaining wall (Resource D) (Figure 11.93). Northeast of the residence is a three-bay, front-gable small barn (Resource E). This small barn, with a centered pedestrian entry with a modern door, does not appear to be historic. Northeast of the previous outbuilding is a shed-roof outbuilding in deteriorating condition (Resource F) (Figure

11.94). This outbuilding is clad in vertical board siding. Northeast of the residence is a front-gable tobacco barn clad in vertical boards (Resource G) (Figure 11.95). The barn may also be used for livestock. A shed-roof addition is located on the southeast elevation of the barn. The roof of the barn is sheathed in metal. This barn appears on the 1952 Buckeye, Kentucky topographic map (Figure 5.14) (USGS 1952). Southeast of the tobacco barn is a cylindrical, prefabricated metal corncrib with a metal roof (Resource H) (Figure 11.96). Northeast of the driveway is a dry-laid rock retaining wall along the creek bank (Resource I) (Figure 11.97). The retaining wall is between the creek and KY 1355. Some of the coping stones appear to remain, although the wall is overgrown with vegetation. None of the outbuildings or rock walls appear to be individually eligible for listing in the NRHP.



Figure 11.91. Site 100, Dry-laid rock wall between house and the creek (Resource B).



Figure 11.92. Site 100, Front-gable, frame outbuilding to rear of house (Resource C).



Figure 11.93. Site 100, Mortared rock retaining wall to the rear of the house (Resource D).

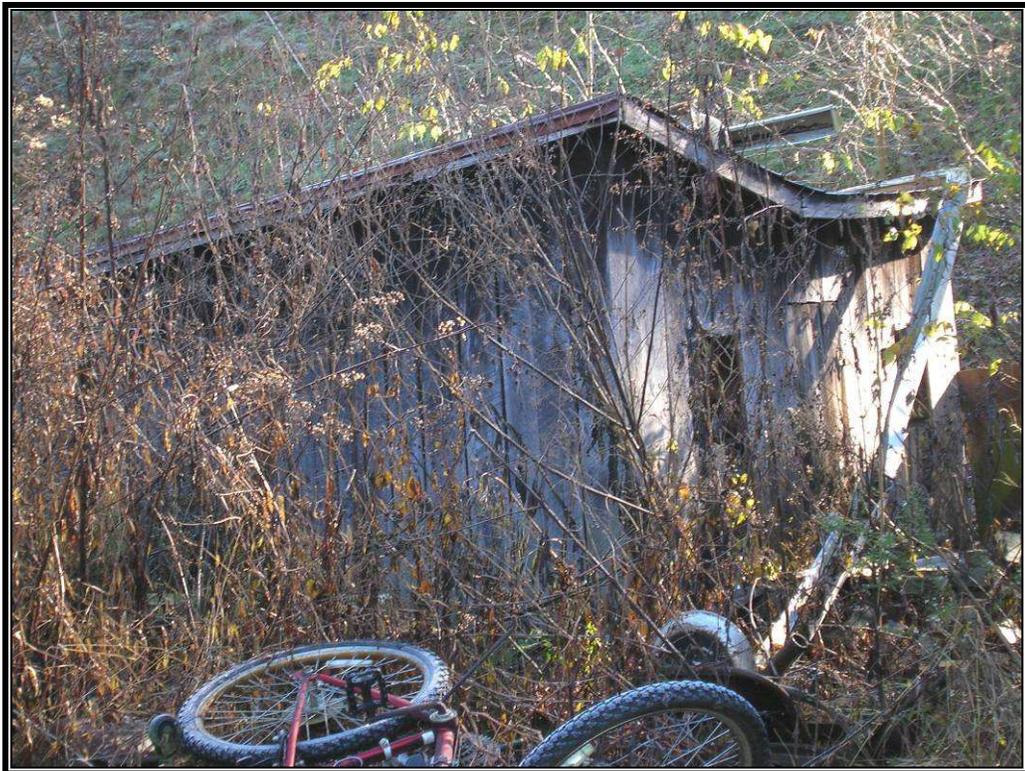


Figure 11.94. Site 100, Shed-roof outbuilding in deteriorating condition (Resource F).



Figure 11.95. Site 100, Southwest and northwest elevations of tobacco barn (Resource G).



Figure 11.96. Site 100, Cylindrical, prefabricated metal corn crib (Resource H).



Figure 11.97. Site 100, Dry-laid rock retaining wall between creek and KY 1355 (Resource I).

NRHP Evaluation: Not Eligible. With its replacement porch supports and siding, clad soffits, and shed-roof rear addition, this residence's integrity of design, materials, workmanship, and feeling have been diminished. It is unclear from the exterior what type of framing system it is constructed of, so without further information it does not appear to be significant for its construction methods or technique. The T-plan form is not uncommon to the area. As a result, this house does not appear to be eligible for the NRHP under Criterion C for architectural significance. For a farm to be eligible as an agricultural complex, both the house and outbuildings should retain a high degree of integrity. The house anchors the farm and is the principal building on the landscape. For a farm to be considered eligible without the house appearing to be individually eligible, the outbuildings should retain a high degree of integrity and also reflect the historic association and feeling of the farm. Although this site contains a number of outbuildings and

sections of three rock walls, the site's significance is not evident on the landscape. The site has a single domestic outbuilding and its original purpose is unknown. The barn, corncrib, and rock walls may date to the original period of the residence, but the remaining outbuildings probably date to the mid- or late twentieth century. This site is not an outstanding example of a livestock and/or tobacco farm in Garrard County dating from the late nineteenth to early twentieth century. The historic period of development of this site is not distinguishable from those of its immediate surroundings. This site does not appear to be associated with a significant person or event in history. As a result, this site does not appear to be eligible for inclusion in the NRHP under Criterion A, B, C, or D.

Effects Recommendation: N/A

