International



- **Europe** Continued Warm With More Rain
 - Continued warmth sped <u>winter grains</u> and <u>oilseeds</u> through the vegetative stages of development up to four weeks ahead of normal; in fact, <u>wheat</u> and <u>rapeseed</u> were rapidly approaching more freezesensitive crop stages in **Italy** and the **lower Balkans**.
 - Widespread showers eased dryness in the lower Danube River Valley but kept soils unfavorably saturated in England, France, western Germany, and northern Italy.
- Western FSU Western Rain Eased Dryness, But Not As Warm
 - Much-needed rain eased dryness concerns in Moldova and southwestern Ukraine.
 - Cooler weather slowed the recent rapid pace of <u>winter crop</u> development over the **Black Sea Region**.
- Middle East Widespread Showers
 - Widespread showers in Turkey and Iran boosted moisture supplies for vegetative winter grains.
 - Sunny skies favored the development of vegetative (north) to reproductive (south) wheat and barley from the eastern Mediterranean Coast into Iraq.
- Northwestern Africa Drier Weather Returned, Hot In Morocco
 - After recent much-needed rain in Morocco, sunny and hot weather renewed stress on drought-afflicted winter wheat and barley; crops were rapidly advancing through the filling stages of development.
 - Sunny skies and seasonable temperatures further boosted prospects for reproductive to filling <u>winter</u> grains in **Algeria** and **Tunisia**.
- **South Asia** Hot And Dry
 - Early-season heat continued to build in southern India as rabi crop harvesting was underway.
- East Asia Unseasonable Warmth Supported Spring Growth
 - Unseasonable warmth across eastern and southern China promoted vegetative development of winter crops.
 - o Showers in **southeastern China** benefited <u>early-crop rice</u> establishment.
- Southeast Asia Southern Showers, Some Drought Relief In The Philippines
 - Showers in southern locales (Indonesia and Malaysia) supported oil palm and rice.
 - While showers in the **northern Philippines** provided some relief to long-term dryness, significant moisture deficits remained for seasonal rice and corn.
- Australia Mostly Dry
 - o In the **east**, relatively dry weather favored <u>summer crop</u> maturation and harvesting, although some later maturing crops would likely benefit from additional rain or supplemental irrigation.
- South America Rain In Argentina Contrasted With Dryness In Southern Brazil
 - Soaking rain provided abundant to locally excessive moisture for immature <u>summer crops</u> in <u>central</u> and northeastern Argentina.
 - Warm, mostly dry weather hastened maturation of <u>corn</u> and <u>soybeans</u> in **southern Brazil**, but moisture was becoming limited for <u>second-crop corn</u> in **Paraná**. Meanwhile, scattered showers helped to stabilize conditions of corn and cotton in **central and northeastern farming areas**.
- South Africa Unseasonable Warmth And Dryness Increased Stress On Summer Crops
 - Hot, sunny weather compounded stress on <u>corn</u> and other rain-fed <u>summer crops</u>, particularly in western sections of the corn belt, where daytime highs reached the upper 30s and lower 40s (degrees C).