

Drought, Water Supply, and Western Agriculture

2023 USDA Ag Outlook Forum

Moderator: Nicholas Potter (USDA-ERS)

Speakers: Charles Luce (U.S. Forest Service)

Brian Fuchs (U.S. Drought Monitor)

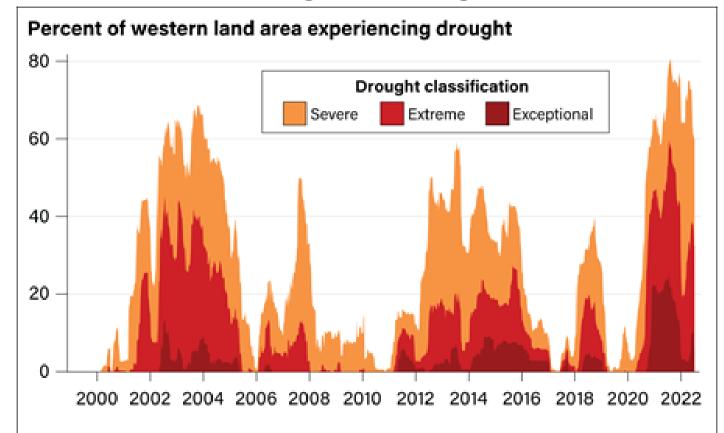
Tony Willardson (Western States Water Council)







Drought Prevalence is High Throughout the Western U.S.



Note: The western region contains Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Source: USDA, Economic Research Service using U.S. Drought Monitor data.





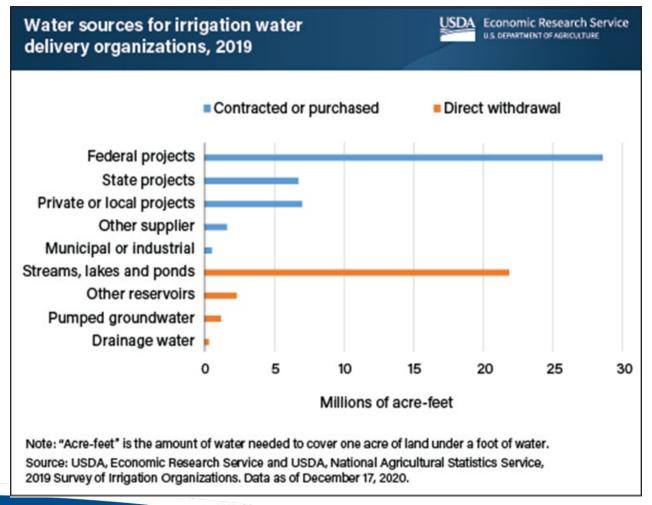








Federal Water Projects and Direct Surface Water Withdrawals are the Largest Sources of Irrigation Organization Water



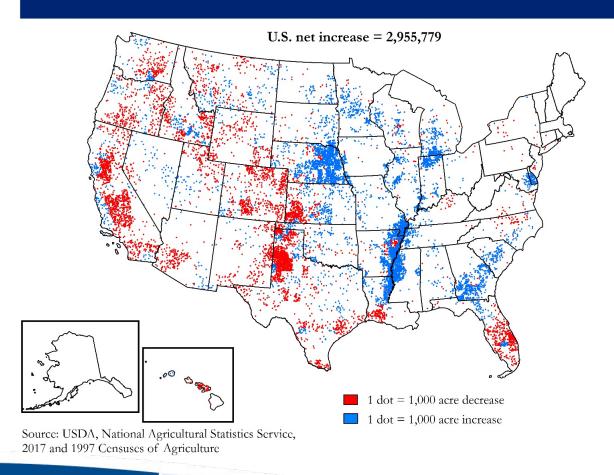






Irrigated Acreage has decreased in the Western U.S. and increased in parts of the Midwest and Eastern U.S.

Change in irrigated farmland acreage, 1997-2017





Source: <u>USDA ERS - Trends in U.S. Irrigated Agriculture</u>.

Session Roadmap

- Increasing drought frequency and severity and its effects on streamflows and resulting water supplies (Charles Luce, USDA U.S. Forest Service)
- Federal programs to enhance drought resiliency (Brian Fuchs, U.S. Drought Monitor)
- Regional efforts to respond to water scarcity in the western U.S. (Tony Willardson, Western States Water Council)





