

## 2027 USDA EXPLANATORY NOTES – FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE

### *Table of Contents*

Preface .....	3
Agency-Wide.....	3
Purpose Statement.....	3
Available Funds and FTEs .....	4
Vehicle Fleet .....	5
Shared Funding Projects .....	7
Account 1: Salaries and Expenses.....	9
Appropriations Language.....	9
Lead-Off Tabular Statement .....	9
Project Statements.....	10
Justification of Changes.....	12
Geographic Breakdown of Obligations and FTEs .....	13
Status of Programs.....	16
Account 2: P.L. 480 Title II Grants .....	21
Appropriations Language.....	21
Lead-Off Tabular Statement .....	21
Project Statements.....	21
Justification of Changes.....	22
Account 3: McGovern-Dole Food for Education .....	23
Appropriations Language.....	23
Lead-Off Tabular Statement .....	23
Project Statements.....	24
Justification of Changes.....	26
Geographic Breakdown of Obligations .....	26
Object Classification.....	26
Account 4: GSM-102 Export Loans.....	28
Appropriations Language.....	28
Lead-Off Tabular Statement .....	28
Project Statements.....	29
Justification of Changes.....	30
Geographic Breakdown of Obligations .....	30
Status of Programs.....	32

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**PREFACE**

This publication summarizes the fiscal year (FY) 2027 Budget for the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Throughout this publication any reference to the "Budget" is in regard to the 2027 Budget, unless otherwise noted. All references to years refer to fiscal year, except where specifically noted. The budgetary tables throughout this document show actual amounts for 2024 and 2025, Working Families Tax Cut Act, Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agency Appropriations Act, 2026, and the President's Budget request for 2027. Amounts for 2026 estimated levels include: non-enacted amounts such as Full-Time Equivalent levels, fleet levels, information technology investment levels, recovery levels, transfers in and out, balances available end of year, and obligation levels.

Throughout this publication, the "Working Families Tax Cut Act" is used to refer to the Public Law 119-21.

Pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, sequestration is included in the numbers for mandatory programs in 2024, 2025, 2026 and 2027.

In tables throughout this document, amounts equal to zero (0) are displayed as dashes (-). Amounts less than 0.5 and greater than zero are rounded and shown as a zero (0). This display treatment is used to prevent the masking of small non-zero amounts that do not round up to one (1). Due to rounding, some tables may not sum exactly.

**AGENCY-WIDE****PURPOSE STATEMENT**

The Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) was established June 5, 1930, pursuant to the Foreign Agricultural Service Act of 1930 (46 Stat. 497 to 499). This authority enables FAS agricultural attachés and locally employed staff in international offices to act as primary contact for U.S. agriculture globally. The mission of the agency is to help link U.S. agriculture to the world to enhance export opportunities and global food security. FAS administers a range of programs designed to facilitate access to international markets and maintain a competitive U.S. agricultural sector. The programs include Trade Policy and Geographic Affairs, Global Market Analysis, Foreign Affairs, and Global Programs. Through bilateral engagement and collaboration with international organizations, FAS fosters and adopts innovative practices to address global demand. The agency achieves this by monitoring export sales activities, expanding global markets to benefit American farmers and ranchers, addressing trade barriers, and increasing international market access for U.S. specialty crops.

FAS programs are authorized by the Agricultural Act of 1954, as amended (P.L. 83-690), the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, the Foreign Service Act of 1980, as amended, the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978, the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990, and the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, referred to as the "Farm Bill 2018".

FAS has a global network of almost 100 offices supporting nearly 180 countries. In 2025, the agency had a total of 662 full-time permanent employees, including 572 Washington, D.C.-based staff, and a global staff of 90 attachés worldwide.

FAS activities contribute to the success of USDA's overall mission through relationship-building that cultivates and sustains an open, and positive global trade environment. With long-standing partnerships and collaborations with the U.S. agricultural industry, other U.S. government agencies, and non-governmental organizations, FAS consistently evaluates and addresses customer needs. Equally essential are the FAS relationships with international partners, including foreign governments, international organizations, and international agriculture associations. FAS employees continuously evaluate, advise, and support efforts to strengthen the global market opportunities for U.S. food and agricultural products.

FAS eliminates trade barriers, enforces international trade agreements to ensure fair global market access for U.S. producers, and helps U.S. exporters develop and sustain overseas markets. The agency also provides objective data and analysis on global supply and demand and leads projects to strengthen agricultural capacity in developing countries. The 2027 Budget request prioritizes strategic investments that advance the Administration’s key policy objectives. The Budget supports the implementation of the Three-Point Plan, which aims to expand exports, promote rural prosperity, and reduce the trade deficit. This initiative seeks to:

- Enhance agricultural trade missions by implementing the Trade Reciprocity for U.S. Manufacturers and Producers Missions, which align with the Administration’s priorities and objectives.
- Revitalize export finance opportunities to facilitate American exports to emerging international markets.
- Initiate the America First Trade Promotion with the aim of continuing market development activities to expand exports, address trade barriers, and promote American agricultural products.

FAS activities contribute to the success of USDA’s overall mission to provide leadership on food, agriculture, natural resources, rural development, nutrition, and related issues based on public policy, the best available science, and effective management. USDA is currently developing the FY 2026 – 2030 Strategic Plan. A detailed FY 2027 performance plan, including Key Performance Indicators, can be found at <https://www.usda.gov/our-agency/about-usda/performance>.

**AVAILABLE FUNDS AND FTEs**

**Table FAS-1. Available Funds and FTEs (thousands of dollars, FTEs)**

Item	2024		2025		2026		2027	
	Actual	FTEs	Actual	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs
Salaries and Expenses:								
Discretionary Appropriations.....	\$227,330	682	\$227,330	662	\$222,000	656	\$221,952	656
Mandatory Appropriations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	268,755	-
Offsetting Collections .....	6,063	26	6,063	26	6,063	15	6,063	15
P.L. 480 Title II Grants:								
Discretionary Appropriations.....	1,609,894	-	1,619,107	-	1,200,000	-	-	-
Offsetting Collections .....	625,000	-	186,952	-	-	-	-	-
McGovern-Dole Food for Education:								
Discretionary Appropriations.....	240,000	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-
GSM-102 Export Loans:								
Discretionary Appropriations	6,063		6,063		6,063		6,063	
Total Discretionary Appropriations...	2,083,287	702	2,092,500	683	1,668,063	677	228,015	656
Total Mandatory Appropriations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	268,755	-
Total Offsetting Collections .....	631,063	26	193,015	26	6,063	15	6,063	15
Total Adjusted Appropriation .....	2,714,350	728	2,285,515	709	1,674,126	692	502,833	671
Balance Available, SOY.....	369,727	-	289,223	-	1,111,490	-	131,030	-
Balances Interchanges .....	9,213	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recoveries, Other.....	56,192	-	11,943	-	11,000	-	-	-
Total Available .....	3,149,482	728	2,586,681	709	2,796,616	692	633,863	671
Lapsing Balances.....	-3,198	-	-9,590	-	-	-	-	-
Balance Available, EOY.....	-289,385	-	-1,111,490	-	-157,062	-	-43,545	-
Total Obligations .....	2,856,899	728	1,465,601	709	2,639,554	692	590,318	671
Total Obligations, FAS .....	2,856,899	728	1,465,601	709	2,639,554	692	590,318	671
Total, Agriculture Available .....	3,149,482	728	2,586,681	709	2,796,616	692	633,863	671
Total Available, FAS.....	3,149,482	728	2,586,681	709	2,796,616	692	633,863	671

**Table FAS-2. Permanent Positions by Grade and FTEs**

Item	2024			2025			2026			2027		
	HQ	Field	Total	HQ	Field	Total	HQ	Field	Total	HQ	Field	Total
SES .....	6	-	6	4	-	4	4	-	4	4	-	4
SL .....	3	11	14	3	13	16	3	13	16	3	13	16
GS-15 .....	55	1	56	54	-	54	52	-	52	52	-	52

Item	2024 Actual			2025 Actual			2026 Estimated			2027 Estimated		
	HQ	Field	Total	HQ	Field	Total	HQ	Field	Total	HQ	Field	Total
GS-14 .....	147	2	149	135	-	135	130	-	130	130	-	130
GS-13 .....	178	4	182	162	1	163	154	1	155	154	1	155
GS-12 .....	102	-	102	96	-	96	98	-	98	98	-	98
GS-11 .....	25	-	25	29	-	29	30	-	30	30	-	30
GS-10 .....	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	1
GS-9 .....	44	-	44	14	-	14	14	-	14	14	-	14
GS-8 .....	5	-	5	4	-	4	4	-	4	4	-	4
GS-7 .....	12	-	12	6	-	6	6	-	6	6	-	6
GS-5 .....	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	1
GS-4 .....	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GS-3 .....	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	1
GS-2 .....	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Graded	35	103	138	62	76	138	65	79	144	65	79	144
Total												
Permanent ....	620	121	741	572	90	662	563	93	656	563	93	656
Total Perm.												
FT EOY .....	620	121	741	572	90	662	563	93	656	563	93	656
FTE .....	685	130	815	572	114	686	596	114	710	596	114	710

**VEHICLE FLEET**

**Motor Vehicle Fleet**

FAS’s motor vehicles are used exclusively by Foreign Service Officers and their staff stationed at posts overseas. The overseas mission of FAS requires the use of official government vehicles to conduct field crop assessment trips to collect agricultural data; official travel to countries within regional coverage; transportation to local government offices; travel to representation events with agribusiness organizations; transporting official visitors; and providing mail/messenger courier services. Although FAS owns its overseas vehicle fleet, these vehicles are governed by USDA Directives and are under the authority of the Chief of Mission at each station. Each overseas station has a vehicle policy to which USDA Foreign Service Officers must adhere; the Chief of Mission may authorize additional uses in accordance with the Foreign Affairs Manual Governing Asset Management. FAS requires operation and maintenance logs for all its vehicles. Periodic reviews ensure optimal use of each vehicle in the fleet.

**Replacement Criteria**

FAS retires or replaces vehicles based upon age, utilization, operating costs, and maintenance costs. Passenger vehicles are typically replaced at either 100,000 miles or over seven years of age. Armored vehicles have a shorter lifespan and are normally replaced every five years. Each post that has a vehicle is required to record daily usage, including fuel cost and maintenance in a vehicle logbook.

**Reductions to Fleet**

For 2027, there are three anticipated vehicle purchases to replace existing vehicles. The replaced vehicles are an average of twelve years old with an average of 50,000 miles. Following strategic acquisitions that have lowered overall maintenance requirements, FAS is on track to dispose of three vehicles in 2027. This aligns with the Administration’s commitment to transitioning the federal fleet to deliver significant cost savings to American taxpayers.

**Table FAS-3. Size, Composition, and Annual Costs of Motor Vehicle Fleet**

Item	Sedans and Station Wagons	Vans	SUVs	Light Trucks 4X4	Total Vehicles	Annual Operating Costs
<b>2018 End of Year Operating Inventory.....</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>\$208,000</b>
<b>2024 End of Year Operating Inventory.....</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>268,000</b>
2025 Actual Acquisitions.....	-	-	2	-	2	
2025 Actual Disposals.....	-	-	2	-	2	
<b>2025 End of Year Operating Inventory.....</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>281,000</b>
2026 Planned Acquisitions.....	-	-	4	-	4	
2026 Planned Disposals.....	-	-	3	-	3	
<b>2026 End of Year Operating Inventory.....</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>281,960</b>
2027 Planned Acquisitions.....	-	-	3	-	3	
2027 Planned Disposals.....	-	-	3	-	3	
<b>2027 End of Year Operating Inventory.....</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>275,000</b>

**Table FAS-4. Statement of Proposed Purchase of Passenger Motor Vehicles**

Fiscal Year	Net Active Fleet, SOY	Disposals	Replacements	Total Acquisitions	Net Active Fleet, EOY
2024	49	3	3	3	49
2025	51	2	2	2	51
2026	50	3	3	3	50
2027	50	3	3	3	50

**SHARED FUNDING PROJECTS****Table FAS-5. Shared Funding Projects (thousands of dollars)**

Item	2024 Actual	2025 Actual	2026 Estimated	2027 Estimated
<b>Working Capital Fund:</b>				
Administrative Services:				
AskUSDA Contact Center .....	\$63	\$61	-	-
General Counsel Legal Compliance .....	-	17	\$201	\$201
Human Resources Enterprise System Management .....	249	265	182	181
Integrated Procurement Systems .....	77	59	40	40
Mail and Reproduction Management Division .....	362	378	320	322
Material Management Service Center .....	211	186	171	171
Procurement Operations Division .....	408	431	294	294
Subtotal .....	1,370	1,397	1,208	1,209
Communications:				
Creative Media & Broadcast Center .....	79	90	79	80
Finance and Management:				
Financial Shared Services .....	1,214	1,132	866	871
Internal Control Support Services .....	68	56	71	71
National Finance Center .....	223	211	197	197
Personnel and Document Security .....	47	50	48	-
Subtotal .....	1,552	1,449	1,182	1,139
Information Technology:				
Client Experience Center .....	4,051	4,072	3,005	2,931
Department Admin Information Technology Office .....	30	119	103	-
Digital Infrastructure Services Center .....	4,314	3,505	3,800	3,905
Enterprise Cybersecurity Services .....	600	573	521	521
Enterprise Data and Analytics Services .....	182	198	83	85
Enterprise Network Services .....	958	1,018	577	577
Subtotal .....	10,135	9,485	8,089	8,019
Correspondence Management Services:				
Office of the Executive Secretariat .....	209	100	80	80
Total, Working Capital Fund .....	13,345	12,521	10,638	10,527
<b>Department-Wide Shared Cost Programs:</b>				
Advisory Committee Liaison Services .....	20	16	21	21
Agency Partnership Outreach .....	58	58	-	-
Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Accessibility .....	21	4	-	-
Employee Experience .....	29	22	-	-
Medical Services .....	202	-	-	-
NCR Interpreting Services .....	82	87	75	75
Office of Customer Experience .....	24	11	-	-
Physical Security .....	37	47	20	20
Security Detail .....	42	63	121	122
Security Operations .....	59	55	55	55
Talent Group .....	26	27	-	-
TARGET Center .....	13	13	9	9
Total, Department-Wide Reimbursable Programs .....	613	403	301	302
Agency Total .....	13,958	12,924	10,939	10,829

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**ACCOUNT 1: SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

**APPROPRIATIONS LANGUAGE**

The appropriations language follows (new language underscored; deleted matter enclosed in brackets):

*Salaries and Expenses*

For necessary expenses of the Foreign Agricultural Service, including not to exceed \$250,000 for representation allowances and for expenses pursuant to section 8 of the Act approved August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 1766), [~~\$222,000,000~~] \$221,952,000, of which no more than 6 percent shall remain available until September 30, [2027] 2028 for overseas operations to include the payment of locally employed staff[: *Provided*, That the Service may utilize advances of funds, or reimburse this appropriation for expenditures made on behalf of Federal agencies, public and private organizations and institutions under agreements executed pursuant to the agricultural food production assistance programs (7 U.S.C. 1737) and the foreign assistance programs of the United States Agency for International Development: *Provided further*, That of the funds made available under this heading, \$5,000,000, to remain available until expended, shall be for the Cochran Fellowship Program, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 3293, \$4,000,000, to remain available until expended, shall be for the Borlaug International Agricultural Science and Technology Fellowship program, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 3319j, and up to \$2,000,000, to remain available until expended, shall be for the purpose of offsetting fluctuations in international currency exchange rates, subject to documentation by the Foreign Agricultural Service: *Provided further*, That of the amount made available under this heading, \$1,000,000, shall be for the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Secretary of State and heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies as applicable, to conduct an interagency review and, within 60 days of enactment of this Act, provide a detailed report outlining the process and agency needs to support a transfer of the Food for Peace program from the U.S. Agency for International Development to the Foreign Agricultural Service within the Department of Agriculture: *Provided further*, That such report shall include the requirements outlined in the section entitled "Food for Peace Interagency Review and Report" under the heading "Food for Peace Title II Grants" in Senate Report 119-37 and shall also address any other needs that the Department of Agriculture believes will be required to support successful implementation of such program transfer].

**Change Description**

*The first change* (lines 6 to 29 of paragraph 1) deletes language authorizing use of funds to fund agricultural food production assistance programs, United States Agency for International Development, Cochran Fellowship Program, Borlaug International Agricultural Science and Technology Fellowship program, and Food for Peace program.

**LEAD-OFF TABULAR STATEMENT**

**Table FAS-6. Lead-Off Tabular Statement (in dollars)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Amount</b>
Enacted, 2026 .....	\$220,000,000
Change in Appropriation .....	-48,000
Budget Estimate, 2027 .....	<u>221,952,000</u>

**PROJECT STATEMENTS**

**Table FAS-7. Project Statement on Basis of Appropriations (thousands of dollars, FTEs)**

Item	2024 Actual	FTEs	2025 Actual	FTEs	2026 Estimate d	FTEs	2027 Estimate d	FTEs	Inc. or Dec.	FTE Inc. or Dec.	Chg Key
Discretionary Approp:											
Salaries and Expenses .....	\$227,330	682	\$227,330	662	\$222,000	656	\$221,952	656	-\$48	-	(1)
Subtotal Disc. Approps .....	227,330	682	227,330	662	222,000	656	221,952	656	-48	-	
Mandatory Approp:											
Supp. Ag Trade Promotion PL 119-21 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	268,755	-	+268,755	-	
Subtotal Mand. Approps .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	268,755	-	+268,755	-	
Offsetting Collections:											
Commodity Credit Corporation Export .....	6,063	26	6,063	26	6,063	15	6,063	15	-	-	
Subtotal Off. Collections .....	6,063	26	6,063	26	6,063	15	6,063	15	-	-	
Total Adjusted Approp .....	233,393	708	233,393	688	228,063	671	496,770	671	+268,707	-	
Add back:											
Transfers In and Out, Rescissions .....	-6,063	-	-6,063	-	-6,063	-	-291,063	-	-285,000	-	
Sequestration .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,245	-	+16,245	-	
Total Appropriation.....	227,330	708	227,330	688	222,000	671	221,952	671	-48	-	
Transfers In:											
Commodity Credit Corporation Export (loans) .....	6,063	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	-	-	
Supp. Ag Trade Promotion PL 119-21.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	285,000	-	+285,000	-	
Total Transfers In.....	6,063	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	291,063	-	+285,000	-	
Sequestration .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,245	-	-16,245	-	
Balances Interchange .....	9,213	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Recoveries, Other .....	1,137	-	767	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bal. Available, SOY .....	28,483	-	33,223	-	33,790	-	33,790	-	-	-	
Total Available .....	272,226	708	267,383	688	261,853	671	530,560	671	+268,707	-	
Lapsing Balances .....	-3,198	-	-9,590	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bal. Available, EOY .....	-33,223	-	-33,790	-	-33,790	-	-43,545	-	-9,755	-	
Total Obligations .....	235,805	708	224,003	688	228,063	671	487,015	671	+258,952	-	

**Table FAS-8. Project Statement on Basis of Obligations (thousands of dollars, FTEs)**

Item	2024 Actual	FTEs	2025 Actual	FTEs	2026 Estimated	FTEs	2027 Estimated	FTEs	Inc. or Dec.	FTE Inc. or Dec.
Discretionary Obligations:										
Salaries and Expenses .....	\$229,742	682	\$217,940	662	\$222,000	656	\$221,952	656	-\$48	-
Subtotal Disc Obligations .....	229,742	682	217,940	662	222,000	656	221,952	656	-48	-
Mandatory Obligations:										
Supp. Ag Trade Promotion PL 119-21 .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	259,000	-	+259,000	-
Subtotal Mand Obligations .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	259,000	-	+259,000	-
Offsetting Collections:										
Commodity Credit Corporation Export.....	6,063	26	6,063	26	6,063	15	6,063	15	-	-
Subtotal Offsetting Collections .....	6,063	26	6,063	26	6,063	15	6,063	15	-	-
Total Obligations.....	235,805	708	224,003	688	228,063	671	487,015	671	+258,952	-
Add back:										
Lapsing Balances .....	3,198	-	9,590	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances Available, EOY:										
Salaries and Expenses .....	33,223	-	33,790	-	33,790	-	43,545	-	+9,755	-
Total Bal. Available, EOY .....	33,223	-	33,790	-	33,790	-	43,545	-	+9,755	-
Total Available.....	272,226	708	267,383	688	261,853	671	530,560	671	+268,707	-
Less:										
Total Transfers In .....	-6,063	-	-6,063	-	-6,063	-	-291,063	-	-285,000	-
Balances Interchange .....	-9,213	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recoveries, Other .....	-1,137	-	-767	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bal. Available, SOY .....	-28,483	-	-33,223	-	-33,790	-	-33,790	-	-	-
Total Appropriation.....	227,330	708	227,330	688	222,000	671	221,952	671	-48	-

**JUSTIFICATION OF CHANGES**

Base funds for FAS support and enhance global visibility and market access for United States producers. These financial resources are essential to the sustained success of the program. Any interruptions or reductions would disrupt ongoing initiatives and adversely impact program outcomes.

Continuation of the program is critical for several reasons:

- FAS represents U.S. agriculture in international affairs and serves as a liaison with U.S. government agencies and non-governmental organizations. Its international offices frequently serve as the first point of contact for U.S. companies seeking to export to foreign markets.
- FAS conducts global market analysis and reports on foreign production and demand from its overseas offices. As a primary contributor to the USDA and the federal economic information system, FAS plays a critical role in establishing official estimates of world agricultural supply and demand, which inform commodity market trading decisions worldwide.
- FAS facilitates high-impact agricultural trade missions and implements strategic trade promotion and capacity-building programs, which enhances global demand for U.S. agricultural products, and provides U.S. agriculture exporters with necessary resources to compete effectively in international markets.
- FAS's trade capacity building programs and activities promote economic growth in America and developing countries by facilitating their integration into the global agricultural trade economy, thereby supporting additional export opportunities for U.S. agricultural exporters.

Base funding supports FAS objectives by strengthening local infrastructure and regulatory systems, establishing science-based frameworks to monitor and mitigate plant and animal diseases, enhancing alignment with U.S. practices and positions, and promoting compliance with international obligations. The funds will be utilized to cover the salaries and benefits of 656 full-time equivalent (FTE) personnel, who will be responsible for evaluating, advising, and supporting initiatives to enhance global market opportunities for U.S. food and agricultural products.

As with the base funding, any modifications will continue to support the FAS by fostering relationships that cultivate and sustain an open and positive global trade environment. Through longstanding partnerships and collaborations with the U.S. agricultural industry, other U.S. government agencies, and non-governmental organizations, FAS systematically evaluates and addresses stakeholder needs. Equally essential are the FAS relationships with international partners, including foreign governments, international organizations, and international agriculture associations.

The numbers (and letters) of the following listing relate to values in the Change (Chg) Key column of the Project Statement:

- (1) A decrease of \$48,000 for Salaries and Expenses (of which \$48,000 is National Security related) and 0 FTEs (\$222,000,000 and 656 FTEs available in 2026).

The decrease in funds of \$48,000 for National Security Related Expenses, being realigned to the Office of Homeland Security (OHS), will enhance efficiency and effectiveness within USDA. This strategic realignment will centralize resources under OHS, which provides leadership in national security through policy development, emergency preparedness and response initiatives, and threat mitigation coordination. Consolidating the budget under OHS eliminates redundancies, ensures more coordinated resource allocation, and improves the execution of departmental security policies, ultimately bolstering the USDA's resilience and readiness without compromising overall security.

**GEOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN OF OBLIGATIONS AND FTEs****Table FAS-9. Geographic Breakdown of Obligations and FTEs (thousands of dollars, FTEs)**

State/Territory/Country	2024		2025		2026		2027	
	Actual	FTEs	Actual	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs
District of Columbia .....	\$148,627	561	\$146,398	540	\$146,895	534	\$143,121	534
Florida.....	691	3	586	3	588	3	588	3
Other Countries .....	80,424	118	70,956	119	74,517	119	78,243	119
Algeria .....	691	-	355	1	373	1	391	1
Angola .....	272	-	184	-	193	-	203	-
Argentina.....	1,264	-	1,416	2	1,487	2	1,561	2
Australia.....	679	-	801	1	841	1	883	1
Austria .....	198	-	201	-	211	-	222	-
Azerbaijan .....	-	-	52	-	55	-	57	-
Bangladesh .....	544	-	629	2	660	2	693	2
Belgium.....	2,605	-	2,423	3	2,544	3	2,671	3
Bosnia and Herzegovina .....	323	-	82	-	86	-	90	-
Botswana.....	-	-	-11	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil .....	1,744	-	1,580	3	1,659	3	1,742	3
Bulgaria.....	197	-	190	-	200	-	209	-
Burma.....	172	-	167	-	175	-	184	-
Cambodia .....	176	-	23	-	24	-	25	-
Canada.....	2,102	-	1,701	3	1,786	3	1,875	3
Chile .....	878	-	953	2	1,001	2	1,051	2
China .....	10,036	-	8,972	13	9,421	13	9,892	13
Colombia .....	1,720	-	1,640	4	1,722	4	1,808	4
Costa Rica.....	890	-	785	1	824	1	865	1
Cote d'Ivoire .....	124	-	133	-	140	-	147	-
Croatia .....	99	-	103	-	108	-	114	-
Czechia .....	244	-	248	-	260	-	273	-
Dominican Republic .....	1,115	-	823	2	864	2	907	2
Ecuador.....	321	-	245	-	257	-	270	-
Egypt.....	838	-	1,138	3	1,195	3	1,255	3
El Salvador .....	241	-	148	-	155	-	163	-
Ethiopia.....	573	-	630	1	662	1	695	1
France.....	1,028	-	1,098	1	1,153	1	1,211	1
Georgia .....	2	-	9	1	9	1	10	1
Germany .....	1,591	-	1,381	2	1,450	2	1,523	2
Ghana .....	1,130	-	793	2	833	2	874	2
Guatemala .....	-	-	984	2	1,033	2	1,085	2
Haiti .....	39	-	55	-	58	-	61	-
Honduras.....	221	-	116	-	122	-	128	-
Hong Kong.....	1,554	-	1,302	1	1,367	1	1,435	1
Hungary .....	76	-	77	-	81	-	85	-
India.....	1,988	-	1,812	4	1,903	4	1,998	4
Indonesia .....	1,405	-	1,224	2	1,285	2	1,349	2
Israel.....	223	-	292	-	307	-	322	-
Italy .....	1,918	-	1,369	2	1,437	2	1,509	2
Jamaica.....	73	-	76	-	80	-	84	-
Japan.....	4,179	-	3,159	6	3,317	6	3,483	6
Jordan.....	102	-	97	-	102	-	107	-
Kazakhstan .....	512	-	514	1	540	1	567	1
Kenya .....	1,162	-	848	3	890	3	935	3
Korea, South .....	2,650	-	2,559	4	2,687	4	2,821	4
Liberia.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia .....	1,148	-	710	2	746	2	783	2
Mexico.....	4,165	-	3,617	7	3,798	7	3,988	7
Mongolia.....	-15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morocco.....	732	-	612	1	643	1	675	1
Mozambique.....	103	-	35	-	37	-	39	-
Netherlands .....	749	-	812	1	853	1	895	1
New Zealand .....	109	-	165	-	173	-	182	-
Nicaragua .....	121	-	111	-	117	-	122	-
Nigeria .....	851	-	760	1	798	1	838	1
Pakistan .....	618	-	714	2	750	2	787	2
Panama.....	825	-	602	1	632	1	664	1
Peru.....	1,514	-	1,178	1	1,237	1	1,299	1
Philippines .....	1,259	-	852	2	895	2	939	2

2027 USDA EXPLANATORY NOTES - FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE

State/Territory/Country	2024		2025		2026		2027	
	Actual	FTEs	Actual	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs
Poland.....	1,186	-	1,182	2	1,241	2	1,303	2
Romania.....	277	-	201	-	211	-	222	-
Russia.....	-	-	-2	-	-	-	-	-
Rwanda.....	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saudi Arabia.....	853	-	942	1	989	1	1,039	1
Senegal.....	1,103	-	991	2	1,041	2	1,093	2
Serbia.....	234	-	100	-	105	-	110	-
Seychelles.....	334	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sierra Leone.....	2,010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Singapore.....	-	-	246	-	258	-	271	-
South Africa.....	-	-	1,945	5	2,042	5	2,144	5
Spain.....	716	-	894	1	939	1	986	1
Sri Lanka.....	-18	-	34	-	36	-	37	-
Switzerland.....	1,101	-	1,196	3	1,256	3	1,319	3
Taiwan.....	1,910	-	437	2	459	2	482	2
Tanzania.....	133	-	82	-	86	-	90	-
Thailand.....	1,450	-	1,355	2	1,423	2	1,494	2
Trinidad and Tobago.....	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
Tunisia.....	115	-	133	-	140	-	147	-
Turkey.....	1,208	-	1,114	2	1,170	2	1,228	2
Uganda.....	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ukraine.....	337	-	298	-	313	-	329	-
United Arab Emirates.....	1,827	-	1,929	2	2,025	2	2,127	2
United Kingdom.....	1,426	-	1,640	2	1,722	2	1,808	2
Venezuela.....	191	-	228	-	239	-	251	-
Vietnam.....	2,733	-	2,466	5	2,589	5	2,719	5
Distribution Unknown.....	1,201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Obligations.....	229,742	682	217,940	662	222,000	656	221,952	656
Lapsing Balances.....	3,198	-	6,806	-	-	-	-	-
Bal. Available, EOY.....	33,223	-	33,223	-	33,223	-	33,223	-
Total, Available.....	266,163	682	257,969	662	255,223	656	255,175	656

**OBJECT CLASSIFICATION**

**Table FAS-10. Classification by Discretionary Objects (thousands of dollars)**

Item No.	Item	2024 Actual	2025 Actual	2026 Estimated	2027 Estimated
<b>Personnel Compensation:</b>					
	Washington D.C. ....	\$64,329	\$79,378	\$80,172	\$80,974
	Personnel Compensation, Field .....	39,416	33,001	33,331	33,664
11	Total personnel compensation .....	103,745	112,379	113,503	114,638
12	Personal benefits .....	41,221	39,925	40,324	40,727
13.0	Benefits for former personnel .....	10	100	115	121
	Total, personnel comp. and benefits .....	144,976	152,404	153,942	155,486
<b>Other Objects:</b>					
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons .....	7,968	4,710	4,946	5,193
22.0	Transportation of things .....	2,445	2,264	2,377	2,496
23.1	Rental payments to GSA .....	1,659	125	132	138
23.2	Rental payments to others.....	18	1,844	1,936	2,033
23.3	Communications, utilities, and misc. charges .....	674	4,597	4,827	5,068
24.0	Printing and reproduction .....	51	72	76	79
25.1	Advisory and assistance services .....	25,811	24,197	24,652	22,890
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources.....	1,919	1,403	1,473	1,547
25.3	Other goods and services from Federal sources ...	95	721	757	795
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities.....	4,559	64	67	71
25.5	Research and development contracts.....	24,764	22,305	23,420	22,591
25.6	Medical Care	-	115	120	127
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment .....	6,542	1,065	1,118	1,174
26.0	Supplies and materials.....	1,246	1,041	1,093	1,148
31.0	Equipment.....	745	511	537	563
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions .....	116	500	525	551
42.0	Insurance Claims and Indemnities	-	2	2	2
43.0	Interest and Dividends.....	6,154	-	-	-
	Total, Other Objects .....	84,766	65,536	68,058	66,466
99.9	Total, new obligations .....	229,742	217,940	222,000	221,952
<b>Position Data:</b>					
	Average Salary (dollars), ES Position.....	104,000	108,000	113,616	115,888
	Average Salary (dollars), GS Position .....	27,900	33,187	34,913	35,611
	Average Grade, GS Position .....	10	10	10	10

**Table FAS-11. Classification by Mandatory Objects (thousands of dollars)**

Item No.	Item	2024 Actual	2025 Actual	2026 Estimated	2027 Estimated
<b>Other Objects:</b>					
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions .....	-	-	-	\$9,000
	Total, Other Objects .....	-	-	-	9,000
99.9	Total, new obligations .....	-	-	-	9,000

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## **STATUS OF PROGRAMS**

The Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) is the foreign affairs agency within the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) that handles overseas programs: international trade agreements and negotiations; export promotion and market development; and collection of statistics and market information. FAS programs and global network of agricultural attachés and locally employed staff provide an unparalleled resource for understanding trade policy and market conditions and addressing issues as they arise.

## **Trade Policy**

### **Current Activities**

Expanding access to foreign markets for U.S. agricultural producers requires an aggressive trade policy to reduce tariff and non-tariff barriers, eliminate export subsidies, reduce trade-distorting domestic subsidies, and foster the development of rules-based international systems that facilitate global trade. FAS works with other USDA agencies, the United States Trade Representative (USTR), and other U.S. government agencies to enforce existing trade agreements and negotiate new initiatives. In addition, FAS preserves trade through resolution of foreign market access issues such as U.S. export detention, restrictive Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) and Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), and trade regulations. FAS overseas attachés and headquarters-based analysts cover more than 170 countries worldwide to prevent and resolve trade problems involving U.S. products and provide country and regional intelligence to support U.S. exporters and agricultural producers. FAS combines its intelligence gathering, analytical skills, overseas presence, extensive industry contacts, technical expertise, and relations with other U.S. government agencies to develop and implement coordinated strategies to open overseas markets for U.S. agriculture. These efforts directly augment the private sector's ability to export and support the President's goals of job creation and sustainable economic growth.

### **Selected Examples of Recent Progress**

Trade Actions and Expanded Market Access. On April 2, 2025, the President declared a national emergency from non-reciprocal trade relationships, which resulted in large and persistent annual U.S. goods trade deficits, and imposed tariffs under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (IEEPA). USTR, in collaboration with FAS, worked with the President on reciprocal trade negotiations, to increase reciprocal trade with the United States.

At the same time, the President secured new market access for American agricultural producers around the world: Mexico increased wine exports by 30 percent in 2025, reaching \$18 million; South Korea purchased \$1 billion in corn, more than double 2024 purchases; Bangladesh purchased \$172 million in soybeans; Costa Rica streamlined its dairy access for U.S. producers; and India cut its bourbon tariff by 50 percent.

Strategic Trade Frameworks on Global Markets. The Administration signed new trade deals and trade frameworks with more than 15 countries in 2025. Cambodia eliminated 100 percent tariffs on U.S. products. Ecuador reduced or eliminated tariffs on American nuts, wheat, and wine, and reduced major non-tariff barriers for many other agricultural products. El Salvador removed non-tariff barriers, including fumigation requirements and geographic indicator restrictions on dairy product names. The European Union addressed non-tariff barriers for farmers and ranchers for pork and dairy products. Indonesia eliminated 90 percent of tariffs on American exports, including for all agricultural products. Philippines opened their market to the United States without tariffs, while the Philippines will pay 19 percent tariffs to the United States. South Korea paid 15 percent tariffs. Thailand eliminated tariffs on 99 percent of U.S. goods, including most food and agricultural products. Vietnam paid the United States 20 percent tariffs on all goods and 40 percent on any transshipped goods.

Expanding market access has improved access for U.S. farmers and ranchers. China committed to delaying new export controls on rare earth minerals and to resuming large purchases of U.S. soybeans, sorghum, and more. Japan agreed to \$8 billion in American agricultural purchases,

including corn, soybeans, ethanol, fertilizer, and sustainable aviation fuel. Japan increased US rice imports by 75 percent. Switzerland and Liechtenstein invested at least \$200 billion in the United States, removed tariffs on several agricultural products, granted market access for American beef, bison, and poultry, and removed non-tariff barriers on poultry and dairy. The United Kingdom created \$5 billion in new agricultural export opportunities, \$700 million in ethanol, and better market access for American beef. Vietnam accepted preferential access for U.S. agricultural goods, including specialty cheeses and meats, and is already improving access for U.S. peaches and nectarines.

## **Trade Supporting Initiatives**

### **Current Activities**

FAS supports U.S. industry efforts to build, maintain, and expand overseas markets for U.S. food and agricultural products. The agency administers several export development programs including the following Commodity Credit Corporation funded programs: the America First Trade Promotion Program (AFTPP), the Foreign Market Development Cooperator Program (FMD), the Market Access Program (MAP), the Regional Agricultural Promotion Program (RAPP), the Technical Assistance for Specialty Crops (TASC), Assisting Specialty Crop Exports (ASCE), the Quality Samples Program (QSP), and the E. Kika de la Garza Emerging Markets Program (EMP). These programs provide funds to U.S. organizations to conduct a wide range of activities including market research, consumer promotion, trade servicing, capacity building, and market access support. The results of the agency's efforts ultimately benefit both the farm and non-farm sectors of the U.S. economy through the creation of jobs and new market opportunities. Working with the State and Regional Trade Groups (SRTGs) (e.g., Food Export USA Midwest, Food Export USA Northeast, the Western United States Agricultural Trade Association, and the Southern United States Trade Association, etc.), the National Association of State Departments of Agriculture, the Intertribal Agriculture Council, and other industry organizations, FAS encourages outreach efforts that focus on facilitating export readiness of U.S. small- to medium-sized enterprises. FAS facilitates U.S. industry participation in a range of international trade shows and manages credit guarantee programs to benefit U.S. agricultural exports.

### **Selected Examples of Recent Progress**

Meeting Packaging Requirements. In 2025, through the ASCE program, FAS supported 22 grants to researchers and businesses for more cost-effective and durable packaging to achieve strict standards for major export markets, including the European Union.

Demystifying Trade. Responding to U.S. agribusiness concerns that foreign government requirements for international trade are often unclear, FAS collects and disseminates key information, such as maximum pesticide residue limits, through the Quick Reference Sheet initiative, presenting complex, multifaceted requirements in an accessible, easy-to-understand format.

Influencing International Standards. FAS-funded programs influence foreign regulatory regimes to be better-aligned with U.S. regulations on pesticide residues, biotechnology, and food safety. In 2025, Guatemala reduced inspection rates on imported U.S. poultry; Malaysia and Singapore adjusted maximum pesticide residue levels on four key specialty crops; and averted attempts to expand the scope of established trade agreements into genetic engineering.

## **Technical Agricultural Assistance - Food for Progress (FFPr)**

### **Current Activities**

FAS trade capacity building activities and programs promote economic growth in developing countries that support integration into the global agricultural trade economy, thereby supporting additional export opportunities for U.S. agricultural exporters. FAS also continued implementing more than \$300 million in active projects across more than 15 countries, helping to promote trade-enabling agricultural development and strengthen long-term food security around the globe.

## **Selected Examples of Recent Progress**

Global Development Awards. In 2025, FAS signed eight new awards, totaling \$240 million, in Colombia, Ethiopia, Kenya, Nepal, Nigeria, and Vietnam. These projects will monetize 365,500 metric tons of U.S. agricultural commodities from American farmers, ranchers, and producers. The proceeds are used to support agricultural, economic, or infrastructure development programs and improve agricultural production and expand trade of agricultural products in developing countries.

Leveraging Private Investment for Agricultural Trade. The Food for Progress project leveraged \$5.56 million in private sector investment for post-harvest infrastructure under a cost-share model, contributing to increased product quality, reduced losses, and higher value-added sales that expanded trade of agricultural products. Key partnerships with private agribusinesses and public entities, such as the Pakistan Agricultural Research Council, supported training for over 27,000 red chili farmers and 12,000 tomato farmers on good agricultural practices and food safety standards that improved trade readiness. Food for Progress's interventions directly benefited nearly 76,000 farmers and created almost 600 new jobs, while significantly expanding trade of agricultural products.

Containing Transboundary Animal Diseases. FAS work to ensure that an outbreak of African Swine Fever (ASF) in the Caribbean poses no threat to U.S. pork exports expanded in 2025, now supporting surveillance in seven countries and 89 farms, and supporting early warning systems throughout the region. It is estimated that the negative trade impact to the U.S. pork industry, if ASF were to come to the United States, would be at least \$50 billion in a 10-year period.

## **International Trade Shows**

### **Current Activities**

In 2025, USDA endorsed 25 trade shows that featured 982 U.S. companies and organizations across 16 countries, drawing buyers from all over the world. U.S. exhibitors reported 12-month sales of \$856.5 million.

### **Selected Examples of Recent Progress**

Global Buyer Engagement. The 30<sup>th</sup> annual Gulfood trade show was held February 17-21, 2025, in Dubai, United Arab Emirates (UAE). Gulfood 2025 hosted over 5,500 exhibitors from over 190 countries and more than 144,000 visitors. The USA Pavilion welcomed 187 U.S. exporters (including 17 Cooperators, four SRTGs, and six State Departments of Agriculture reporting \$23.1 million in on-site sales and \$195.2 million in projected 12-month sales. U.S. exhibitors showcased 980 products and made over 2,000 substantial contacts. In addition to local buyers in the UAE, over 88 FAS-sponsored buyers from Kenya, France, Saudi Arabia, Philippines, Tanzania, Cote D'Ivoire, Pakistan, Algeria, Egypt, Turkey, South Africa, Tunisia, Ghana, Ethiopia, and Morocco attended Gulfood to visit the USA Pavilion.

Global Food Representation. Salon International de l'Alimentation (SIAL) Paris was held October 19-23, 2024, in Paris, France. This biennial international food show is the hub of food innovation, bringing together producers, distributors, restaurateurs, and importers-exporters. SIAL Paris hosted 7,500 exhibitors from 127 countries and more than 285,000 visitors (78.5% international). The USA Pavilion welcomed 166 U.S. exporters (including 10 Cooperators, four SRTGs, and five State Departments of Agriculture) reporting \$27.4 million in on-site sales and \$159 million in projected 12-month sales. U.S. exhibitors reported making over 2,000 substantial contacts and introducing 792 new products.

## **Agribusiness Trade Missions**

### **Current Activities**

FAS leads trade missions to countries and regions around the world that demonstrate strong economic growth potential, decreasing barriers to trade, or have other relevant market conditions that support U.S. agricultural exports. Trade missions provide first-hand education to U.S. businesses and state departments of agriculture representatives regarding economic conditions and regulatory environments in host-country markets, allow U.S. businesses to conduct one-on-one business

meetings with counterpart companies from targeted countries, and enable senior leadership from USDA to engage government representatives in trade-related policy dialogue that furthers U.S. interests and bolsters bilateral relations.

### **Selected Example of Recent Progress**

In 2025, USDA, FAS implemented trade missions to the Dominican Republic, Guatemala, Hong Kong, Morocco, Peru, Taiwan, and Thailand that supported 192 U.S. businesses, participated in over 2,585 business to business meetings resulting in over \$85.75 million in projected 12-month sales. These 2025 USDA Agribusiness Trade Missions were joined by 28 agricultural associations, 16 State Departments of Agriculture, and 201 U.S. agribusinesses.

### **Country Strategy Support Fund (CSSF)**

#### **Current Activities**

FAS Washington works closely with FAS overseas posts to deploy the Country Strategy Support Fund (CSSF) to advance FAS and USDA's strategic trade expansion goals. The fund supports market promotion and other strategic FAS priorities, including market access.

#### **Selected Example of Recent Progress**

FAS San Jose. The program utilized CSSF funds to lead a Reverse Trade Mission of Costa Rican buyers to the America's Food and Beverage (AFB) Show in Miami, Florida from September 7-12, 2025. The delegation included 42 representatives from 24 Costa Rican food and beverage companies. Delegates engaged with and met nearly all the 107 U.S. exporters featured at the Taste of the States Pavilion organized by NASDA. As a result, Costa Rican buyers reported \$5 million in on-site purchases and projected an additional \$40 million in purchases over the next 12 months.

FAS Kuala Lumpur. This program led a delegation of 59 U.S. companies and trade associations which showcased products at the USA pavilion at the Food and Hotel Asia 2025 trade show. This included delivering market briefs to U.S. exhibitors, representing USDA at the USDA booth, and facilitating networking between importers from their respective countries and potential U.S. suppliers. Total on-site sales are estimated at \$3.1 million, with \$28 million in projected 12-month sales resulting from the show.

FAS Ankara. This program used CSSF funds to lead a delegation of key Turkish importers to the 2025 U.S. Pulses Summit in Washington state. The delegation purchased approximately \$5 million in onsite sales and more than \$10 million in future sales commitments. The post will continue to work with the US Dry Pea and Lentil Council (USDPLC) to promote sales of U.S. pulses to Türkiye.

**ACCOUNT 2: P.L. 480 TITLE II GRANTS**

**APPROPRIATIONS LANGUAGE**

The appropriations language follows (deleted matter enclosed in brackets):

*[Food for Peace Title II Grants*

For expenses during the current fiscal year, not otherwise recoverable, and unrecovered prior years' costs, including interest thereon, under the Food for Peace Act (Public Law 83-480), for commodities supplied in connection with dispositions abroad under title II of said Act, \$1,200,000,000, to remain available until expended.]

**Change Description**

This change (line 1 to 5 of paragraph 1) removes language for Food for Peace Program Grants by the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2026, November 12, 2025 (Public Law 119-37), authorizing funds appropriated for this account to be used for these activities.

**LEAD-OFF TABULAR STATEMENT**

**Table FAS-12. Lead-Off Tabular Statement (In dollars)**

Item	Amount
Enacted, 2026 .....	\$1,200,000,000
Change in Appropriation .....	-1,200,000,000
Budget Estimate, 2027 .....	-

**PROJECT STATEMENTS**

**Table FAS-13. Project Statement on Basis of Appropriations (thousands of dollars)**

Item	2024 Actual	2025 Actual	2026 Est.	2027 Est.	Inc. or Dec.	Chg. Key
Discretionary Approp:						
PL 480 Title II – Grants .....	\$1,609,894	\$1,619,107	\$1,200,000	-	-\$1,200,000	(1)
Subtotal Disc. Approps.....	1,609,894	1,619,107	1,200,000	-	-1,200,000	
Offsetting Collections:						
PL 480 Title II – OSEC.....	625,000	-	-	-	-	-
PL 480 Title II – NEF.....	-	136,952	-	-	-	-
PL 480 Title II – State.....	-	50,000	-	-	-	-
Subtotal Off. Collections.....	625,000	186,952	-	-	-	-
Total Adjusted Approp.....	2,234,894	1,806,059	1,200,000	-	-1,200,000	
Add back:						
Transfers In and Out, Rescissions	9,213	-	-	-	-	-
Sequestration.....	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Appropriation.....	2,244,107	1,806,059	1,200,000	-	-1,200,000	
Transfers Out:						
FAS S&E – Interchange.....	-9,213	-	-	-	-	-
Total Transfers Out.....	-9,213	-	-	-	-	-
Recoveries, Other.....	43,162	11,176	11,000	-	-11,000	
Bal. Available, SOY.....	262,092	229,968	1,051,668	97,240	-954,428	
Total Available.....	2,540,148	2,047,203	2,262,668	97,240	-2,165,428	
Bal. Available, EOY.....	-230,130	-1,051,668	-97,240	-	+97,240	
Total Obligations.....	2,310,018	995,535	2,165,428	97,240	-2,068,188	

**Table FAS-14. Project Statement on Basis of Obligations (thousands of dollars)**

Item	2024 Actual	2025 Actual	2026 Estimated	2027 Estimated	Inc. or Dec.
Discretionary Obligations:					
P.L. 480 Title II – Grants .....	\$1,690,453	\$992,576	\$1,976,000	\$97,240	\$-1,878,760
Subtotal Disc Obligations.....	1,690,453	992,576	1,976,000	97,240	-1,878,760
Offsetting Collections:					
PL 480 Title II – OSEC.....	619,565	2,959	2,476	-	-2,476
PL 480 Title II – NEF .....	-	-	136,952	-	-136,952
PL 480 Title II – State .....	-	-	50,000	-	-50,000
Subtotal Offsetting Collections..	619,565	2,959	189,428	-	-189,428
Total Obligations .....	2,310,018	995,535	2,165,428	97,240	-2,068,188
P.L. 480 Title II – Grants .....	230,130	1,051,668	97,240	-	-97,240
Total Bal. Available, EOY.....	230,130	1,051,668	97,240	-	-97,240
Total Available .....	2,540,148	2,047,203	2,262,668	97,240	-2,165,428
Less:					
Total Transfers Out.....	9,213	-	-	-	-
Recoveries, Other.....	-43,162	-11,176	-11,000	-	+11,000
Bal. Available, SOY.....	-262,092	-229,968	-1,051,668	-97,240	+954,428
Total Appropriation .....	2,244,107	1,806,059	1,200,000	-	-1,200,000

**JUSTIFICATION OF CHANGES**

Funding for this program is not being requested in 2027 to reallocate budget resources to more mission-critical functions.

The numbers (and letters) of the following listing relates to values in the Change (Chg) Key column of the Project Statement:

- (1) A decrease of \$1,200,000,000 for P.L. 480 II Food for Peace Program Grants (\$1,200,000,000 available in 2026).

The Budget eliminates the Food for Peace program under P.L. 480 Title II, which ships food overseas slowly and inefficiently, defeating the purpose of providing expeditious food aid and wasting taxpayer dollars in the process. This elimination is in line with other in-kind food donation program eliminations in the Budget. While the Budget does not request new funding for this program, it will strategically use existing carryover balances to responsibly and efficiently close this program.

**OBJECT CLASSIFICATION****Table FAS-15. Classification by Objects (thousands of dollars)**

Item No.	Item	2024 Actual	2025 Actual	2026 Estimated	2027 Estimated
<b>Other Objects:</b>					
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions .....	\$1,690,453	\$992,576	\$1,976,000	\$97,240
	Total, Other Objects.....	1,690,453	992,576	1,976,000	97,240
99.9	Total, new obligations.....	1,690,453	992,576	1,976,000	97,240

**ACCOUNT 3: MCGOVERN-DOLE FOOD FOR EDUCATION**

**APPROPRIATIONS LANGUAGE**

The appropriations language follows (deleted matter enclosed in brackets):

*[McGovern-Dole Food for Education*

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 3107 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 1736o-1), \$240,000,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That the Commodity Credit Corporation is authorized to provide the services, facilities, and authorities for the purpose of implementing such section, subject to reimbursement from amounts provided herein: *Provided further*, that of the amount made available under this heading, not more than 10 percent, but not less than \$24,000,000, shall remain available until expended to purchase agricultural commodities as described in subsection 3107(a)(2) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 1736o-1(a)(2)).]

**Change Description**

This change (line 1 to 9 of paragraph 1) removes language for McGovern-Dole Food for Education by the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2026, November 12, 2025 (Public Law 119-37), authorizing funds appropriated for this account to be used for these activities.

**LEAD-OFF TABULAR STATEMENT**

**Table FAS-16. Lead-Off Tabular Statement (In dollars)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Amount</b>
Enacted, 2026 .....	\$240,000,000
Change in Appropriation .....	-240,000,000
Budget Estimate, 2027 .....	-

**PROJECT STATEMENTS**

**Table FAS-17. Project Statement on Basis of Appropriations (thousands of dollars)**

Item	2024		2025		2026		2027		Inc. or Dec.	FTE Inc. or Dec.	Chg Key
	Actual	FTEs	Actual	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs			
Discretionary Approp:											
McGovern-Dole Food for Education...	\$240,000	20	\$240,000	21	\$240,000	21	-	-	\$-240,000	-21	(1)
Subtotal Disc. Approps .....	240,000	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-	-240,000	-21	
Total Adjusted Approp .....	240,000	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-	-240,000	-21	
Total Appropriation.....	240,000	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-	-240,000	-21	
Recoveries, Other .....	11,893	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bal. Available, SOY .....	79,152	-	26,032	-	26,032	-	-	-	-26,032	-	
Total Available.....	331,045	20	266,032	21	266,032	21	-	-	-266,032	-21	
Bal. Available, EOY.....	-26,032	-	-26,032	-	-26,032	-	-	-	+26,032	-	
Total Obligations.....	305,013	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-	-240,000	-21	

**Table FAS-18. Project Statement on Basis of Obligations (thousands of dollars)**

Item	2024		2025		2026		2027		Inc. or Dec.	FTE Inc. or Dec.
	Actual	FTEs	Actual	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs		
Discretionary Obligations:										
Salaries and Expenses .....	\$301,841	20	\$240,000	21	\$240,000	21	-	-	-\$240,000	-21
Subtotal Disc Obligations .....	301,841	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-	-240,000	-21
Supplemental Obligations:										
Ukraine Supplemental.....	3,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal Supp Obligations.....	3,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Obligations.....	305,013	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-	-240,000	-21
Salaries and Expenses .....	26,032	-	26,032	-	26,032	-	-	-	-26,032	-
Total Bal. Available, EOY.....	26,032	-	26,032	-	26,032	-	-	-	-26,032	-
Total Available.....	331,045	20	266,032	21	266,032	21	-	-	-266,032	-21
Less:										
Recoveries, Other .....	-11,893	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bal. Available, SOY .....	-79,152	-	-26,032	-	-26,032	-	-	-	+26,032	-
Total Appropriation.....	240,000	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-	-240,000	-21

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**JUSTIFICATION OF CHANGES**

Funding for this program is not being requested in 2027 to reallocate budget resources to more mission-critical functions.

The numbers (and letters) of the following listing relate to values in the Change (Chg) Key column of the Project Statement:

- (1) A decrease of \$240,000,000 for McGovern-Dole Food for Education Program (\$240,000,000 available in 2026).

The Budget eliminates the McGovern-Dole Food for Education Program. The program buys agricultural commodities from U.S. farmers and donates them in the form of foreign aid. Only a small portion of the program funding goes toward purchasing U.S. commodities, with the remainder covering high transportation costs and technical assistance. This elimination aligns with the discontinuation of other in-kind international food donation programs. While the Budget does not request new funding for this program, it will strategically use existing carryover balances to responsibly and efficiently close this program.

**GEOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN OF OBLIGATIONS**

**Table FAS-19. Geographic Breakdown of Obligations and FTEs (thousands of dollars)**

State/Territory/Country	2024		2025		2026		2027	
	Actual	FTEs	Actual	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs	Estimated	FTEs
District of Columbia .....	\$301,832	20	\$240,000	21	\$240,000	21	-	-
Other Countries .....	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria .....	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sri Lanka .....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tanzania.....	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Obligations .....	301,841	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-
Total, Available .....	301,841	20	240,000	21	240,000	21	-	-

**OBJECT CLASSIFICATION**

**Table FAS-20. Classification by Objects (thousands of dollars)**

Item No.	Item	2024 Actual	2025 Actual	2026 Estimated	2027 Estimated
<b>Personnel Compensation:</b>					
	Washington D.C.....	\$2,491	\$2,707	\$2,707	-
11	Total personnel compensation .....	2,491	2,707	2,707	-
12	Personal benefits .....	910	983	983	-
	Total, personnel comp. and benefits .....	3,401	3,690	3,690	-
<b>Other Objects:</b>					
21.0	Travel and transportation of persons .....	135	115	115	-
23.3	Communications, utilities, and misc. charges .....	7	-	-	-
25.1	Advisory and assistance services .....	2,267	2,525	2,525	-
25.2	Other services from non-Federal sources.....	13	2	2	-
25.4	Operation and maintenance of facilities.....	455	437	437	-
25.5	Research and development contracts.....	213,565	169,263	169,263	-
25.7	Operation and maintenance of equipment .....	1	2	2	-
26.0	Supplies and materials.....	70,110	63,966	63,966	-
41.0	Grants, subsidies, and contributions .....	15,059	-	-	-
	Total, Other Objects.....	301,612	236,310	236,310	-
99.9	Total, new obligations.....	305,013	240,000	240,000	-

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**ACCOUNT 4: GSM-102 EXPORT LOANS**

**APPROPRIATIONS LANGUAGE**

The appropriations language follows (new language underscored; deleted matter enclosed in brackets):

*Commodity Credit Corporation Export (Loans) Credit Guarantee Program Account*

*(Including Transfers of Funds)*

For administrative expenses to carry out the Commodity Credit Corporation’s Export Guarantee Programs, GSM 102 and Facility Guarantee Program, \$6,063,000, to cover common overhead expenses as permitted by section 11 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act and in conformity with the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990, which shall be paid to the appropriation for “Foreign Agricultural Service, Salaries and Expenses”.

**LEAD-OFF TABULAR STATEMENT**

**Table FAS-21. Lead-Off Tabular Statement (In dollars)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Loan Level</b>	<b>Subsidy</b>	<b>Administrative Expenses</b>
Enacted, 2026 .....	\$5,500,000,000	\$3,999,000	\$6,063,000
Change in Appropriation .....	-	1,683,000	-
Budget Estimate, 2027 .....	5,500,000,000	5,682,000	6,063,000

**PROJECT STATEMENTS**

**Table FAS-22. Project Statement on Basis of Appropriations (thousands of dollars, FTEs)**

Item	2024	2024	2025	2025	2026	2026	2027	2027	PL Inc. or Dec.	Chg Key	BA Inc. or Dec.	Chg Key
	Actual PL	Actual BA	Actual PL	Actual BA	Estimated PL	Estimated BA	Estimated PL	Estimated BA				
Discretionary												
Approp:												
GSM Admin.												
Expenses .....	-	\$6,063	-	\$6,063	-	\$6,063	-	\$6,063	-	-	-	-
Subtotal .....	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	-	-	-
Mandatory Approp:												
GSM-102 .....	\$5,000,000	4,250	\$5,000,000	4,102	\$5,000,000	1,909	\$5,000,000	4,282	-	-	+\$2,373	-
Facilities .....	500,000	1,863	500,000	2,200	500,000	2,090	500,000	1,400	-	-	-690	-
Subtotal .....	5,500,000	6,113	5,500,000	6,302	5,500,000	3,999	5,500,000	5,682	-	-	+1,683	-
Total Adjusted												
Approp .....	5,500,000	12,176	5,500,000	12,365	5,500,000	10,062	5,500,000	11,745	-	-	+1,683	-
Add back:												
Sequestration .....	-51,902	-348	-40,249	-359	-313,500	-228	-38,061	-324	\$275,439	-	-96	-
Total Appropriation	5,448,098	11,828	5,459,751	12,006	5,186,500	9,834	5,461,939	11,421	275,439	-	+1,587	-
Sequestration .....	51,902	348	40,249	359	313,500	228	38,061	324	-275,439	-	+96	-
Total Available .....	5,500,000	12,176	5,500,000	12,365	5,500,000	10,062	5,500,000	11,745	-	-	+1,683	-
Lapsing Balances .....	-2,697,630	-5,002	-2,881,000	-5,147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Obligations .....	2,802,370	7,174	2,619,000	7,218	5,500,000	10,062	5,500,000	11,745	-	-	+1,683	-

**Table FAS-23. Project Statement on Basis of Obligations (thousands of dollars, FTEs)**

Item	2024	2024	2025	2025	2026	2026	2027	2027	PL Inc. or Dec.	BA Inc. or Dec.
	Actual PL	Actual BA	Actual PL	Actual BA	Estimated PL	Estimated BA	Estimated PL	Estimated BA		
Discretionary Obligations:										
GSM Admin. Expenses .....		\$6,063		\$6,063		\$6,063		\$6,063	-	-
Subtotal Disc oblig .....	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	6,063	-	-
Mandatory Obligations:										
GSM-102 .....	\$2,802,370	1,111	\$2,619,000	1,155	\$5,000,000	1,909	\$5,000,000	4,282	-	+\$2,373
Facilities .....	-	-	-	-	500,000	2,090	500,000	1,400	-	-690
Subtotal Mand Oblig .....	2,802,370	1,111	2,619,000	1,155	5,500,000	3,999	5,500,000	5,682	-	+1,683
Total Obligations .....	2,802,370	7,174	2,619,000	7,218	5,500,000	10,062	5,500,000	11,745	-	+1,683
Add back:										
Lapsing Balances .....	2,697,630	5,002	2,881,000	5,147	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Available .....	5,500,000	12,176	5,500,000	12,365	5,500,000	10,062	5,500,000	11,745	-	+1,683
Less:										
Sequestration .....	-51,902	-348	-40,249	-359	-313,500	-228	-38,061	-324	+\$275,439	-96
Total Appropriation .....	5,448,098	11,828	5,459,751	12,006	5,186,500	9,834	5,461,939	11,421	275,439	+1,587

**JUSTIFICATION OF CHANGES**

The FAS Export Credit Guarantee Programs expand U.S. agricultural exports by providing credit guarantees to support financing for commercial exports of U.S. agricultural products. By reducing financial risk to lenders, credit guarantees encourage U.S. agricultural exports to buyers in countries, mainly developing countries, that might otherwise have trouble purchasing U.S. products. The program provides credit guarantees to encourage financing commercial exports of U.S. agricultural commodities.

The numbers (and letters) of the following listing relate to values in the Change (Chg) Key column of the Project Statement:

- (1) No changes for Commodity Credit Corporation’s Export Guarantee Program, GSM-102 for 2027 (\$6,063,000 available in 2026).

The Commodity Credit Corporation Export Credit Guarantee Program continues to support and ensure loan guarantees for U.S. commodity purchases abroad. The program remains a vital tool for U.S. exporters of agricultural commodities by reducing financial risk. This funding supports valuable opportunities for U.S. agricultural exporters to expand their global presence, increase sales, and navigate the complexities of international financing.

**GEOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN OF OBLIGATIONS**

***Table FAS-24. Geographic Breakdown of Obligations for GSM-102 Loans (thousands of dollars)***

<b>State/Territory/Country</b>	<b>2024 Actual</b>	<b>2025 Actual</b>	<b>2026 Estimated</b>	<b>2027 Estimated</b>
Armenia .....	-	-	\$670	\$19,500
Bangladesh .....	\$7,535	-	7,590	4,270
Brazil .....	628,126	\$648,599	960,510	1,135,170
Chile .....	35,694	29,909	70,360	62,400
Colombia .....	367,149	198,142	680,140	502,770
Costa Rica .....	72,415	60,558	112,140	115,620
Dominican Republic .....	36,764	38,082	64,820	72,180
Ecuador .....	50,625	38,082	65,110	75,110
Egypt .....	-	-	-	19,500
Georgia .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Guatemala .....	524,092	587,716	782,470	928,850
Honduras .....	141,515	126,961	196,280	226,500
Indonesia .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Jordan .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Mauritius .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Mexico .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Mongolia .....	46,318	39,089	74,230	76,540
Nepal .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Nigeria .....	49,082	-	152,910	50,730
Panama .....	591,860	716,990	1,213,250	1,295,150
Paraguay .....	75,018	57,104	95,920	34,630
Peru .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Philippines .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
South Africa .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
South Korea .....	73,968	54,493	130,950	43,220
Turkey .....	102,209	23,275	184,930	103,860
United Arab Emirates .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Uzbekistan .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Vietnam .....	-	-	17,310	19,500
Obligations .....	2,802,370	2,619,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Lapsing Balances .....	2,197,630	2,381,000	-	-
Bal. Available, EOY .....	-	-	-	-
<b>Total, Available .....</b>	<b>5,000,000</b>	<b>5,000,000</b>	<b>5,000,000</b>	<b>5,000,000</b>

**Table FAS-25. Geographic Breakdown of Obligations for Facilities Loans  
(thousands of dollars)**

<b>State/Territory/Country</b>	<b>2024 Actual</b>	<b>2025 Actual</b>	<b>2026 Estimated</b>	<b>2027 Estimated</b>
Georgia .....	-	-	-	\$80,000
Guatemala .....	-	-	\$70,000	90,000
Indonesia .....	-	-	70,000	90,000
Nepal .....	-	-	100,000	80,000
South Africa .....	-	-	100,000	-
South Korea .....	-	-	80,000	80,000
United Arab Emirates .....	-	-	80,000	80,000
Obligations .....	-	-	500,000	500,000
Lapsing Balances.....	\$500,000	\$500,000	-	-
Total, Available .....	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000

**STATUS OF PROGRAMS****Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) Export Credit Guarantee****Current Activities**

The objective of the CCC Export Credit Guarantee Program (GSM-102) is to increase sales of U.S. agricultural commodities to international markets by facilitating the extension of credit by the U.S. private sector to primarily developing countries deemed eligible by USDA. In 2025, the GSM-102 Program supported \$2.566 billion in agricultural commodity exports, supporting 17,800 U.S. jobs. The economic return ratio for 2025 is estimated at \$383 per dollar invested, which exceeds the targeted economic return ratio of \$200 per dollar invested. The largest markets were Mexico, Colombia, the Dominican Republic, Honduras, and Guatemala. Other key markets were Costa Rica, South Korea, and Vietnam. The most widely registered commodities included corn, soybean meal, soybeans, wheat, soybean oil, rice, and almonds.

**Selected Examples of Recent Progress**

Breaking 25-Year Barriers: Expanding U.S. Corn Export. The GSM-102 program supported \$1.4 billion in U.S. yellow and white corn sales in 2025. For the first time in at least 25 years, the GSM-102 program supported U.S. corn exports to very competitive markets such as Taiwan and Vietnam valued at \$13 million and \$10 million. U.S. corn sales backed by the program also supported sales to Nicaragua, Colombia, and Mexico, which accounted for 56, 28, and 12 percent, respectively, of all U.S. corn exports to these countries in 2025.

Emergence of 2<sup>nd</sup> Largest Commodity: Soybean Meal Export. Soybean meal is the second largest commodity supported by the GSM-102 program with \$552 million of U.S. soybean meal sales in 2025. U.S. soybean meal sales backed by the program to Jamaica, Dominican Republic, and Costa Rica accounted for 47, 41, and 28 percent, respectively, of all U.S. soybean meal exports to these countries.

Record Breaking Surge: Soybean Oil Export. In 2025, the program saw a 2421% increase in the exports of soybean oil supported, principally to Latin American markets.

**Table FAS-26. GSM-102 Program Exports Supported by Region 2025 (thousands of dollars)**

Country/Region	Thousands
Africa, Middle East, Turkey, Caucasus, and Central Asia.....	\$22,600
Asia Region.....	90,900
Latin America.....	2,453,300
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>2,566,900</b>

**Program Evaluations**

The GSM-102 underwent a comprehensive program review in 2025. FAS has internal controls in place to ensure the program is administered in compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, and procedures. FAS continued to proactively manage GSM-102 program risk and costs. To sustain this progress, modifications were implemented to directly align with Administration policies that facilitate and optimize international exposure and marketing opportunities for United States companies and producers. Specifically, FAS continues to analyze current program performance, along with historical default and recovery data, to update its credit reform subsidy model. The average GSM-102 program subsidy was at negative 0.23 percent in 2025.

**Facility Guarantee Program****Current Activities**

The Facility Guarantee Program (FGP) is designed to boost sales of U.S. agricultural products by providing credit guarantees for goods and services to improve or establish agriculture-related facilities in emerging markets where demand may be limited due to inadequate storage, processing, handling,

or distribution capabilities. In recent years, USDA introduced several modifications to the program to create flexibility for exporters on transactions with tenors under 24 months. This included reducing application fees, waiving the requirement for initial payment, and restructuring guarantee coverage.

**Selected Example of Recent Progress**

USDA continued outreach efforts in 2025 to increase industry awareness of FGP and these new flexibilities to stimulate renewed interest in the program.