

NOTICE OF GRANT AND AGREEMENT AWARD

1. Award Identifying Number	2. Amendment Number	3. Award /Project Period	4. Type of award instrument:
NR233A750004G065		Date of Agency Signature - 06/01/2028	Grant Agreement
5. Agency (Name and Address	3)	6. Recipient Organization (N	ame and Address)
USDA Partnerships for Clima c/o FPAC-BC Grants and Ag 1400 Independence Ave SW Washington, DC 20250 Direct all correspondence to	reements Division /, Room 3236	SONOMA COUNTY,COUN 585 FISCAL DR # 100 SANTA ROSA CA 95403- UEI Number / DUNS Numb 080126444	A.
7, NRCS Program Contact	8. NRCS Administrative Contact	Recipient Program Contact	10. Recipient Administrative Contact
Name: TANYA CULBERT	Name: LYN MILLHISER	Name: Simone Albuquerque	Name: Danielle Poole Phone:
(b)(6)			1
11. CFDA	12. Authority	13. Type of Action	14. Program Director
			3-0-20-21-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01
10.937	15 USC 714 et seq	New Agreement	Name: Simone Albuquerque (b)(6)
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7.000			
15. Project Title/ Description: I supports farmer and rancher in	Expands markets for climate-smaplementation and monitoring of	art fiber, organic dairy, pasture- f climate-smart practices.	raised beef and grapes in CA and
16. Entity Type: B = County G	overnment		
17. Select Funding Type			
Select funding type:	⊠ Federal	⊠ Nor	n-Federal
Original funds total	10,000,000.00	\$2,350	0,954.36
Additional funds total	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Grand total	10,000,000.00	\$2,350	0,954.36
18. Approved Budget			

Personnel	\$515,674.98	Fringe Benefits	\$357,692.07
Travel	\$9,000.00	Equipment	\$0.00
Supplies	\$34,218.23	Contractual	\$0.00
Construction	\$0.00	Other	\$9,083,414.72
Total Direct Cost	\$9,925,498.47	Total Indirect Cost	\$74,501.53
		Total Non-Federal Funds	\$2,350,954.36
Y		Total Federal Funds Awarded	10,000,000.00
		Total Approved Budget	12,350,954.36

This agreement is subject to applicable USDA NRCS statutory provisions and Financial Assistance Regulations. In accepting this award or amendment and any payments made pursuant thereto, the undersigned represents that he or she is duly authorized to act on behalf of the awardee organization, agrees that the award is subject to the applicable provisions of this agreement (and all attachments), and agrees that acceptance of any payments constitutes an agreement by the payee that the amounts, if any, found by NRCS to have been overpaid, will be refunded or credited in full to NRCS.

Name and Title of Authorized Government Representative Katina Hanson Acting Senior Advisor for Climate-Smart Commodities	Signature KATINA Digitally signed by KATINA HANSON Date: 2023.08.30 09:04:21 -05'00'	Date
Name and Title of Authorized Recipient Representative Barbara Lee Director of Climate Action and Resiliency	Signature	Date Ang. 29, 2023

NONDISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

The above statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. Section 522a).

Statement of Work

Purpose

The purpose of this agreement, between the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and County of Sonoma (Recipient), is to build markets for climate-smart commodities and invest in America's climate-smart producers to strengthen U.S. rural and agricultural communities.

Objectives

The objectives of this project are to support the production and marketing of climate-smart commodities by providing voluntary incentives to producers and landowners, including early adopters, to implement climate-smart agricultural production practices, activities, and systems on working lands; measure/quantify, monitor and verify the carbon and greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits associated with those practices; and develop markets and promote the resulting climate-smart commodities.

Budget Narrative

The official budget summarized below and described in the attached Budget Narrative will be considered the total budget as last approved by the Federal awarding agency for this award.

Amounts included in this budget narrative are estimates. Reimbursement or advance liquidations will be based on actual expenditures, not to exceed the amount obligated.

TOTAL BUDGET \$ 12,350,954.36

TOTAL FEDERAL FUNDS \$10,000,000
PERSONNEL \$ 471,494.41
FRINGE BENEFITS \$327,371.11
TRAVEL \$9,000
EQUIPMENT \$
SUPPLIES \$34,218.23
CONTRACTUAL \$
CONSTRUCTION (usually n/a) \$
OTHER \$9,083,414.72
PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$
TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$9,925,498.47
INDIRECT COSTS \$74,501.53

TOTAL NON-FEDERAL FUNDS \$2,350,954.36
PERSONNEL \$54,084.90
FRINGE BENEFITS \$30,793.19
TRAVEL \$
EQUIPMENT \$
SUPPLIES \$
CONTRACTUAL \$
CONSTRUCTION (usually n/a) \$
OTHER \$2,225,381.62
PRODUCER INCENTIVES \$
TOTAL DIRECT COSTS \$2,310,259.71
INDIRECT COSTS \$40,694.65

Recipient has elected to use the de minimis indirect cost rate.

Recipient has elected to voluntarily waive a portion of indirect costs.

Responsibilities of the Parties:

If inconsistencies arise between the language in this Statement of Work (SOW) and the General Terms and Conditions attached to the agreement, the language in this SOW takes precedence.

RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Perform the work and produce the deliverables as outlined in this Statement of Work and attachments.

Ensure Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) clearance is obtained prior to conducting data collection from producers or other project participants, including data collection performed by subrecipients.

Comply with the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions.

Submit reports and payment requests to the ezFedGrants system as outlined in the applicable version of the General Terms and Conditions. Reporting frequency is as follows:

Performance Reports: Quarterly

SF425 Financial Reports: Quarterly

Detailed Progress Report: Quarterly

(The detailed progress report is in addition to the performance and financial reports referenced above and described in

the general terms and conditions)

Expected Accomplishments and Deliverables

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

Resources Required

See the Responsibilities of the Parties section for required resources, if applicable.

Milestones

See attached Benchmarks Table and associated Project Narrative.

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Please reference the below link(s) for the General Terms and Conditions pertaining to this award: https://www.fpacbc.usda.gov/about/grants-and-agreements/award-terms-and-conditions/index.html

Attachments:
Budget Narrative
Project Narrative
Benchmarks Table
Climate-Smart Practices List and Limitations
Data Dictionary
Climate-Smart Specific Terms and Conditions

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Sonoma-Marin Ag and County Climate Coalition

Revised Project Narrative: 4/25/2023 USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities

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Project Narrative: County of Sonoma, SMACCC

Executive Summary

This pilot leverages successful carbon farming and local and regional food systems partnerships and programs across two counties in the San Francisco Bay Area to create a regional supply chain and innovative tracking system and marketing campaign for climate-smart agricultural products—all tied to achieving the ambitious climate mitigation goals established in formal county climate action planning documents. The *Sonoma Marin Ag and County Climate Coalition* pilot is a highly scalable regional approach to creating climate resilient agricultural landscapes through local partnerships and engagement with the agricultural community. This pilot builds upon long-standing partnerships between County governments, Resource Conservation Districts, University Extension Services, climate and ag-centered community-based organizations, and USDA NRCS to support, monitor and verify the implementation of impactful climate-smart practices. Furthermore, it makes use of and builds upon the partners' existing online database system to track project implementation, costs and impacts.

Over five years, project partners will provide carbon farming support to 73 producers (farmers, ranchers, etc), covering approximately 13,686 acres of agricultural land. The project will develop 17 new carbon farm plans and will implement 87 different CSAF projects. The greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits of practices implemented through this project are estimated to be 253,612 metric tons of CO2e over 20 years. This pilot will create and support a regional supply chain of diverse climate-smart agricultural commodities and catalyze the development of a regional carbon finance program to sustain and scale implementation and implementation support over the long term. Anchored in historic local conservation partnerships, our adaptive co-management approach is intentionally designed to serve as a regional model for coordinated climate-smart agriculture implementation and to be scalable to any region in the State or Country.

Contact Information

Anna Yip (<u>Anna Yip@sonoma-county.org</u>)
County of Sonoma Administrator's Office; Climate Action and Resiliency Division 2300 County Center Drive, Suite A105, Santa Rosa, CA 95403

List of Project Partners

Agricultural Institute of Marin*
Marin Resource Conservation District
Gold Ridge Resource Conservation District
Sonoma Resource Conservation District
Carbon Cycle Institute
Sonoma County Department of Agriculture
Sonoma County Regional Climate Protection
Authority
Marin Agricultural Land Trust
UC Cooperative Extension Marin

UC Cooperative Extension Sonoma
MarinCAN
Marin County Sustainability Team
Sonoma County Farm Bureau
Marin County Department of Agriculture
Weights and Measure
Marin County Cooperation Team*
Sanzuma*
LookInto

Project Narrative: County of Sonoma, SMACCC

Compelling Need for Project

It is critically important that federal and state investments in climate-smart agriculture help ensure that all farmers and ranchers—regardless of race, gender, income, farm size or location—have access to market opportunities and support in transitioning to climate-smart production systems. The challenge before us, particularly in diverse agroecological regions, is to foster innovation and the growth of regionally appropriate climate mitigation and adaptation strategies that result in lasting change, community economic development, and greater consumer awareness and access to climate-smart agricultural products.

There is a compelling need to focus resources at the county and regional levels to build institutional and programmatic capacity within and between existing organizations and our local conservation partnerships to link producer adoption of CSAF systems to market opportunities and county-level climate action planning. A critical gap this pilot project seeks to address is the development and provision of cost-effective monitoring, verification, and reporting services for CSAF practice implementation that can directly support emerging markets and community-level climate mitigation efforts.

There is tremendous opportunity to strengthen and expand America's traditional agricultural conservation partnerships between USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), local conservation districts, and university extension services to provide the necessary program supports (e.g., natural resource inventories, conservation planning and project design, GHG reduction quantification, and monitoring and verification services) to accelerate the growth of local and regional climate-smart supply chains and markets, as well as integrating agricultural climate solutions into county-level climate action and resiliency planning and implementation.

Over the last decade, resource conservation districts (RCDs) in Marin and Sonoma counties, in partnership with NRCS, county extension services and agricultural departments, and the Carbon Cycle Institute have been building carbon farming programs directly linked to county-level climate action planning and regional supply chains for climate-smart fiber, organic dairy, pasture-raised meat, and sustainably produced wine. These local conservation partnerships and our collective accomplishments have become a model across the state for advancing agricultural climate solutions grounded in community economic development, consumer awareness, and climate action.

As an example, our local conservation partnerships have successfully integrated climate-smart agriculture into formal climate action planning documents in both counties. The 2030 Marin County climate action plan (CAP) included a goal of expanding carbon farm planning and implementation to engage 60 farms across 30,000 acres by 2030. Achieving this goal would entail a carbon sequestration target of more than 55,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MT CO₂e) annually. This increased carbon sequestration rate is *in addition to* GHG reductions associated with manure management on local dairies. The Marin CAP also calls out the need for "establishment of a carbon finance committee to identify finance mechanisms and funding sources to support the ongoing development and implementation of CF plans"

Project Narrative: County of Sonoma, SMACCC

and building the "capacity of the local agricultural community and its ability to be self-directed in practice implementation through increased farmer-to-farmer networking and resource sharing." Finally, the Marin CAP recognizes that countywide GHG reduction goals cannot be met with emission reduction activities alone; intentionally managing agricultural lands as carbon sinks will be necessary in achieving the county's goals.

The Sonoma County Climate Mobilization Strategy includes an objective to support local agricultural producers to plan, implement, and scale carbon sequestration. The strategy proposes working closely with the two Sonoma County RCDs, county extension service, the Carbon Cycle Institute, and local agricultural industry partners to significantly increase the number of carbon farm plans developed and implemented. The strategy also aims to increase community awareness of the critical role agriculture can play as a climate solution. The County of Sonoma's 5-year Strategic Plan also contains climate goals and objectives that target increased carbon sequestration through agricultural land management. Additionally, the Sonoma County Climate Resilient Lands Strategy identified the wide-spread implementation of regenerative and sustainable agriculture practices as a prioritized strategy to combat the dangers that climate hazards pose to our community. Characteristically, in both counties, assistance is needed for implementing identified agricultural climate solutions that are key to achieving set climate-related targets and goals.

Agriculture is a key industry in Marin and Sonoma counties, with an annual market value totaling \$ 1,014,396,000 (NASS 2019). The continued viability of agriculture operations in the San Francisco Bay Area, particularly its livestock grazing operations, is not assured, with some of the highest land values in the country and an ever-growing population and recognized housing shortage. Despite the challenges facing agriculture in the region, the SF Bay Area is fertile ground to pilot the scaling of climate-smart agriculture with its strong local and regional food systems, educated consumers, and highly motivated producers with a long history as innovators in adopting sustainable farming practices. As an example, 80% of the dairies in the two counties are USDA certified organic and sell to local creameries with established internal targets around climate neutrality. The region has a reputation for successfully scaling agricultural innovation starting with the first organic dairy in California, the first agricultural land trust in the nation, the catalytic work of the Marin Carbon Project, and the growth of supply chain initiatives such as Fibershed's Climate Beneficial™ Wool and the California Sustainable Winegrowing Alliance's sustainability certification program.

Approach to Minimize Transaction Costs Associated with Project Activities

By leveraging existing RCD carbon farm programs, an established network of technical assistance providers, strong local conservation partnerships, and county government support, additional transaction costs will be kept to a minimum and primarily revolve around new monitoring, reporting, and verification services. Field visits by technical assistance providers for monitoring, reporting and verification purposes also play a critical role in ongoing producer engagement, providing opportunities to co-learn about project successes and challenges, adaptive management options, and producer's future implementation priorities. Transaction costs associated with developing and marketing a regional climate-smart agriculture

Project Narrative: County of Sonoma, SMACCC

recognition program will also leverage strong regional partnerships currently supporting vibrant local and regional foods systems and branding in the San Francisco Bay Area.

Approach to Reduce Producer Barriers to Implementing CSAF Practices

Local conservation partnerships in Marin and Sonoma counties have a long history of working together on CSAF practice implementation and collaborating to overcome barriers to implementation. RCD carbon farming programs have proven to be an effective tool in building producer interest in implementing CSAF practices as well as providing a vehicle for on-going technical and financial assistance. RCD cost-share requirements, typically between 10-25% depending on funding source, may be waived for underserved producers to promote equity.

To date, our dual-county/3-RCD team has been highly effective in bridging gaps to address systemic information, policy and market failures underlying continued ecological degradation of our working lands. The model adopted by this Program brings together non-profit, county, state and commodity agencies and organizations from two counties to demonstrate the value of ecosystem services, and links agricultural producers to emerging environmental markets. The carbon farm planning framework discussed in this proposal is based on the NRCS conservation planning process to facilitate scalability of the framework across the Nation.

In California, one of the largest barriers to CSAF adoption is the complicated environmental review and permitting process. Two of the three RCDs have developed one-stop permit coordination programs for producers to incentivize adoption of CSAF practices. The permit coordination programs offer programmatic California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) coverage and an expedited permitting process for USDA NRCS practices. This Pilot Program will utilize our permit coordination programs to facilitate CEQA and permitting clearance.

Geographic Focus

The pilot program will cover over one million acres in Sonoma County and 250,000 acres in neighboring Marin County. There are approximately 3,594 farms and ranches in Sonoma County, with an average farm size of 158 acres. The dominant agricultural land uses in Sonoma County are livestock grazing, vineyards, orchards, and small organic dairies. Approximately 50 percent of the land in Marin County is in agricultural production. Small organic dairies and livestock grazing are the dominant agricultural land uses, although row crop and aquaculture operations are also important to the local agricultural economy. Marin County has approximately 343 farms and ranches, with an average farm size of 408 acres.

The pilot program is intended to be scaled across California through an existing Carbon Farm Network. There are 42 RCDs organized into seven (7) Regional Carbon Hubs representing over 12.5 million acres across California. To date, California RCDs have completed 137 carbon farm plans on approximately 71,000 acres of agricultural lands, with a total estimated potential, if fully implemented, to sequester more than 1.7 million metric tons of carbon by year 20.

Project Narrative: County of Sonoma, SMACCC

Project Management Capacity of Partners

This project will be managed by the County of Sonoma's Climate Action and Resiliency Division within the County Administrator's Office. One full-time Administrative Analyst position (Project Manager) will be hired, with 75% of their time dedicated to the Project to provide monitoring and oversight of all contracts and facilitate tracking and reporting to USDA NRCS. This grant will provide funding for 75% of the Project Manager's FTE, so they will be able to dedicate roughly three quarters of their time (or 30 hours per week) to oversight, coordination, and management of the project and all of its subawards. The Director of the Climate Action and Resiliency Division (Deputy County Administrator) will supervise the Project Manager and will offer guidance throughout the grant period. The Director, along with other staff from the Climate Action and Resiliency Division, have extensive experience overseeing similar programs and will support on an as-needed basis. 2.5% of the Director's time will be allocated to this Project.

The Project Manager will hold recurring meetings every quarter. They meet one-on-one with project partners at the start of the grant period and at the end of every year, and will meet with each project sub-group (implementation, MMRV, and marketing) every quarter. They will maintain ongoing tracking databases that are accessible and easy to use, where each partner will feed implementation metrics and milestones throughout the grant period. They will maintain close contact with each project partner organization, and will have points of contact for each organization related to monitoring/tracking progress, implementation status, and administrative needs.

A strong regional conservation partnership exists within the two counties with a long history of collaboration, innovation, and public support for its agricultural sector. The Marin RCD is a lead entity of the Marin Carbon Project, a consortium of researchers, agricultural support agencies and organizations working to advance agricultural climate solutions. RCDs in the two counties were the first in the nation to offer carbon farm planning services to their producers and will be project leads for on-farm planning and implementation. The RCDs have existing Memorandums of Understanding for staff sharing, joint-fund development and contract management. In recent years, the RCDs have collaborated on a number of important climate-related grants totaling over \$9M. On-going support from USDA NRCS has enabled the RCDs to develop district-wide carbon farming programs, including development of education and outreach programs for landowners and carbon farm planning and implementation assistance.

Marin Agricultural Land Trust, established in 1980, was the first of its kind in the nation, and holds 91 agricultural conservation easements on more than 54,000 acres in the county. MALT will leverage their conservation easement stewardship program to advance carbon farm planning and practice implementation, and where possible, efforts to reduce transaction costs for monitoring, reporting, and verification services. MALT will also leverage its strong marketing and communications and fundraising departments to support development of a pilot climate-smart agriculture marketing campaign and regional carbon finance program.

Project Narrative: County of Sonoma, SMACCC

CCI has partnered with farmers, ranchers, universities, NRCS and 42 resource conservation districts in California since 2013 in the development of carbon farm planning programs. CCI has a continuing collaboration with NRCS and Colorado State University's COMET Team on the development and refinement of the COMET-Planner tool and development and deployment of a new online carbon farm planning curriculum. Over the past eight years, CCI has trained over 200 agricultural conservation professionals in carbon farm planning and the use of the COMET-Planner tool for GHG quantification purposes.

AIM's mission is to educate, inspire, and connect communities, responsible farmers, and producers as part of a healthy, earth-friendly, equitable, local and regional food system. For nearly forty years, AIM has operated four weekly Marin farmers' markets, with nine total markets, a mobile market serving underserved communities, and education and training programs. AIM serves 370+ small-to-midsize farmers, food purveyors, and artisans from 43 California counties who participate in AIM's Certified Farmers Markets. Approximately 27 percent of our farmers and producers are based in Marin and Sonoma counties and 46 percent publicly self-identify as Black, Indigenous Peoples, and People of Color (BIPOC).

Both the UCCE Marin and Sonoma offices represent a partnership between the University of California Land Grant System and each respective county. These offices have the administrative capacities and support of both the University of California Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources and Marin and Sonoma Counties. In this structure, the offices support UC academics assigned to work in the area, administer the grants and gifts these academics generate for programs expenses that include staff salary and benefits, and provide reporting and research-based information to local partners, UC, and Marin and Sonoma counties.

The Sonoma Regional Climate Protection Authority (RCPA) was the nation's first local government agency created specifically to address climate change. RCPA fosters collaboration, formalizes partnerships, and works across policy areas to address the local government role in reducing greenhouse gas emissions and building climate resilience. RCPA aims to create local solutions to complement State, Federal, and private sector actions – all showing that a better future with lower emissions is possible.

II) Plan to Pilot Climate-Smart Agriculture Practices

Financially, collaborative efforts such as ours have the potential to leverage local, state and federal funding initiatives and significantly increase conservation assistance to farmers and ranchers throughout the country. Our adaptive co-management approach is anchored in the long-standing partnership between local conservation districts, university extension services, county agricultural departments, and NRCS district field offices. Virtually every county in the United States has similar institutional arrangements and technical service capacities dating back over 80 years. This proposal builds on an established record of conservation innovation and collaboration over the past two decades, including current

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efforts to expand our local conservation partnership to include marketing organizations and county planning departments. The program will build on the success of this time-tested collaboration to scale implementation of CSAF practices and expand markets for CSAF commodities.

The three RCDs have already completed 40 carbon farm plans (CFPs) for dairy, livestock, vineyard, orchard and vegetable producers across nearly 15,000 acres of agricultural land. If fully implemented, the completed CFPs would have a collective GHG reduction benefit of 514,061,00 MT CO₂e over 20 years. RCDs in Marin and Sonoma counties have a current waitlist of 92 producers interested in completing carbon farm plans. High rates of producer interest in carbon farming across a wide range of agricultural land uses reflects a strong regional commitment to climate-smart agriculture and the scalability of producer participation in this larger pilot program.

Through the carbon farm planning process, RCD staff work closely with producers to identify a suite of recommended CSAF practices based on natural resource concerns, ecological site conditions, agricultural management considerations, and GHG reduction benefits. Carbon farming focuses management on increasing rates of carbon capture and storage in vegetation and soils, and drives beneficial changes in other system attributes, including hydrological function, improving soil water infiltration and water-holding capacities, and increasing biodiversity through implementation of practices that provide wildlife habitat. The CSAF practice list in Appendix A will be eligible for implementation under this Program.

Scale of Project	
New carbon farm plans developed	17
Number of CSAF projects implemented	87
Number of landowners served	73
Number of livestock targeted	2,550
Number of acres targeted	13,686

Across Marin and Sonoma counties, 87 projects deploying multiple CSAF practices will be designed and implemented. An estimated 17 new carbon farm plans will be developed to identify opportunities for CSAF practice implementation and position producers to access implementation funding. Planning and/or implementation is anticipated to occur on approximately 13,686 acres.

Implementation Practices

Most implemented practices will follow NRCS practice standards, though some adaptations to these standards may apply where necessary to ensure the application of practices are

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regionally-contextualized and locally-suitable. Further, it is anticipated there may be practices for which standards may not exist and/or projects which must follow requirements of matching funding sources. For practices following NRCS standards, RCD staff will conduct inspections for compliance with NRCS standards. For example, soil disturbance in croplands will not occur below previously established plow zone depths and practices outside of cropland will not exceed depth, horizontal extent, or intensity of previous disturbances. However, exceptions may be made for implementation of practices with well-established benefits for erosion-control (i.e. planting of buffers and hedgerows, improved forest stand management, agroforestry practices, no-till drilling for improved pasture, etc.).

Below is a list of anticipated implementation practices:

- Cover crops (CPS 340)
- Low-till or no-till (329 and 345)
- Nutrient management (590)
- Manure management (590)
- Feed management to reduce enteric emissions (592)
- Buffers, wetland, and grassland management, and tree planting on working lands (391, 332, 601, 612)
- Agroforestry and afforestation on working lands (666, 379, 391)
- Afforestation/reforestation and sustainable forest management (666)
- Planting for high carbon sequestration rate (666)
- Maintaining and improving forest soil quality (666)
- Increase on-site carbon storage through Forest Stand Management (666)
- Climate-smart pasture practices, such as prescribed grazing or legume interseeding (390, 512, 528, 327, 328, 342)
- Hedgerow planting (422)
- Sivopasture (381)
- Range and riparian herbaceous cover planting (390 and 550)
- Waste separation facility (632)
- Waste storage facility (313)
- Waste transfer (634)
- Pumping plant (533)

Program eligibility will include lands currently in agricultural production, however it is anticipated that practices such as hedgerow or riparian restoration may not be constructed on land that is in active production. Soil disturbance in croplands will not generally occur below previously established plow zone depths and practices outside of cropland will not exceed depth, horizontal extent, or intensity of previous disturbances. Exceptions may be made for implementation of practices with well-established benefits for erosion-control (i.e. planting of buffers and hedgerows, improved forest stand management, agroforestry practices, no-till drilling for improved pasture, etc.). Projects on CAFOs may include nutrient management, or manure management (separators, pump/agitator, reception pit, in-vessel composter, scrappers, uncovered pad, covered pad, compost bedded pack barn) practices.

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Producer Recruitment

RCDs in Marin and Sonoma counties have a current waitlist of 92 producers interested in completing carbon farm plans. All producers, including those on the waitlist, will be provided with an equal opportunity to apply for implementation assistance, however, we will have a special round of funding earmarked for underserved and small producers. An essential component of this pilot project is to develop new landscape-scale carbon management planning processes to overcome existing technical assistance and planning bottlenecks. For example, completing a single carbon management plan for multiple landowners within a watershed or completing a carbon management plan for multiple producers within a local supply chain.

The Carbon Cycle Institute, working with partnering RCDs and county government, has been piloting a jurisdictional carbon farm planning framework to support county-scale climate action planning. The first assessment was completed in Marin County in 2021. A similar planning assessment will be completed in Sonoma County as part of this project. Extensive agricultural stakeholder engagement is a core component of climate action planning and jurisdictional carbon accounting methodologies put forward in this pilot project.

Technical Assistance, Outreach, and Training

The pilot will leverage existing carbon farming programs at each of the three RCDs, which provide technical and funding assistance for planning, design, and implementation. Core elements will include:

Solicitation: Direct outreach to RCD district agricultural producers through public notifications, district mailing lists, websites, and newsletters; solicitation through producer associations, county extension offices and agricultural departments, etc. RCD staff will assist producers with individual applications. Technical assistance will be provided by phone and through site visits to refine applications and prepare them for Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) review. Solicitation and application assistance needs for underserved communities will be prioritized. There will be 1-2 rounds of solicitation for project applications. Program eligibility will include lands currently in agricultural production, however it is anticipated that practices such as hedgerow or riparian restoration may not be constructed on land that is in active production.

Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Review: TACs will be formed and led by each participating RCD to rank and prioritize projects, including 1) Dairy/Range, 2) Row Crop/Vineyards, 3) Underserved Producers. The TACs will consist of local natural resource professionals and producers with a wide breadth of experience, including nutrient and manure management, rangeland management, conservation planning, agronomy, soil science, viticulture, hydrology, construction, and engineering. Proposed TAC members will be invited to participate. To encourage equitable representation within target groups, some invitees may be compensated for their time. Invitees may include the following representatives:

Dairy/Range (Marin RCD)

o Randi Black, UCCE Dairy Advisor

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- Kristan Norman, NRCS Area Range Manager
- o Brooke Pippi, NRCS Engineer
- Tom Hammond, Sonoma-Marin RCD Partner Engineer
- Jeff Creque, Carbon Cycle Institute
- o TBD, Dairy Producer
- TBD, Livestock Producer

Row Crop/Vineyard (Sonoma RCD)

- o Emilie Winfield, North Coast Soil Hub
- Kelsey Brewer, Marin RCD
- Keith Abeles, Sonoma RCD
- Kerry McGrath, UCCE/County of Sonoma

Underserved (Gold Ridge RCD)

- Caiti Hachmeyer, Small Farms Producer and Women Owned Farmer
- o Marianna Zavala, North Coast RC&DC, BIPOC Farmer Representative
- Los Cien
- Community Alliance with Family Farmers
- o AIM
- UCCE

The TACs' responsibilities will include: advising and assisting with outreach strategies, drafting and finalizing project selection criteria, and project ranking. Selection criteria will reflect the best professional judgment of each committee and ensure that technical assistance is provided equitably. Depending on the solicitation round, the highest ranked sites will be selected to receive design and implementation assistance for CSAF practices. Sites will be prioritized based on selection criteria such as: 1) the operation's sustainability targets and/or participation in a local or regional supply chain, 2) landowner commitment, 3) support provided for underserved and small producers, and 4) cost-effectiveness. The TAC will review all applications and select a suite of projects for visitation and ranking. Rankings will be submitted to RCDs for review and final project selection.

Planning, design, & implementation of CSAF practices: RCDs will be responsible for project selection, obtaining landowner agreements, design specifications, CEQA/NEPA compliance, permits, and following each RCD's construction procurement procedures. Each RCD will prioritize projects within their districts based on TAC reviews and recommendations, though project selection will be based on a suite of criteria including, but not limited to: project feasibility, funding resources (i.e. availability of matching funds, total cost of project, etc.), and project timelines. As such, RCDs will not be bound to planning, designing, and implementing projects based solely on TAC recommendations. RCDs will ensure the following inspections are made for each projects:

- Work with NRCS to classify Highly Erodible Land and/or wetland determination protocol is followed.
- Work with NRCS on NEPA, cultural resource compliance.
- Work with producers to register their Farm and Track#s with the USDA Farm Service Agency.

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Trainings and Workshops: Training activities will focus on creating and marketing climate beneficial agricultural products. entry for producers. UCCE Marin and Sonoma will continue in its role to develop and deliver agricultural producer and community stakeholder education programs. In partnership with the respective team members, UCCE will hold a producer workshop in each of the project years. The model for these workshops will be farmer-to-farmer, with the primary objective of sharing needed information for on-farm practice implementation. The secondary objective of the farmer-to-farmer model is to build the information network and capacity of the agricultural community to relay information and exchange resources that will contribute to the overall goal of scaling up CSAF practice adoption and adaptation. UCCE will hold 2 of these workshops annually, for a total of 10 workshops for ag producers focused on benefits of CSA practices over the 5-year grant term.

AIM will host annual full-day training workshops on marketing climate-smart foods in partnership with Felice Foods, an experienced food industry sales director consultant with a proven track record of success building and scaling food brands across direct-to-consumer, retail, and intermediate markets. Workshops will be open to all producers participating in carbon farming programs and seeking to use green branding and other climate-smart practices. AIM will host two of these trainings for small and underserved producers over the 5-year grant term.

Statement of qualifications for agencies and organizations leading implementation can be found in <u>Appendix B</u>. Timeline of Project Activities can be found in <u>Appendix C</u>.

Financial Assistance for CSAF Practice Implementation

Funds for Carbon Farm Plan development and design and implementation of practices will be split between the three RCDs across both Sonoma and Marin counties. Funds from this project will not be used as cash incentives for producers or go directly to producers for implementing practices. Instead, it will help promote indirect incentivization, as described below.

Carbon farm plans are developed at no cost to the producer. When projects are selected for design and implementation by the TAC, RCDs will enter into contracts with the landowner and general contractors and/or consultants who are responsible for completion of the work. For every project, landowners are encouraged to seek cost-share funding from an appropriate source to supplement the funds from this pilot. Each RCD will use their respective cost-share policies and leveraged cost share funding to implement projects; generally the RCDs will cover up to 75-90% of project costs, with a mandatory 10% landowner cost-share. There will be a \$250,000 cap on individual projects for implementation. Cost share may be waived or reduced for underserved producers to promote equity.

Each RCD will use their respective cost-share policies and leveraged cost share funding to implement projects; generally the RCDs (and/or project partners) will cover up to 75-90% of project costs, with a mandatory 10% landowner cost-share. There will be a \$250,000 cap on

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RCD/partner organization funding contributions for implementation of individual projects. Cost share may be waived or reduced for underserved producers to promote equity. Producers have access to a variety of climate-related local, state and federal cost share programs which may provide matching funds to this program. A majority of these funds are provided directly to producers. Each RCD will work with their respective producers to determine that appropriate cost share allocations are made based on funding sources made available to them.

Producers are currently securing funds from the following cost share programs:

- CDFA Alternative Manure Management Program
- CDFA Healthy Soils
- CDFA Conservation Ag PLanning Grant
- Zero Foodprint Restore CA
- Marin Ag Land Trust: Stewardship Assistance Program
- CA State Coastal Conservancy Prop 68 Climate-Ready
- Marin County Measure A
- · Local Compost Rebate programs
- Wildlife Conservation Board Block Grant

Enrollment of Small and Underserved Producers

We will hold a funding round specifically to support small and underserved producers. This funding round, including design of the solicitation process and development of selection criteria, will be led by an advisory committee primarily made up of small and underserved producers. This will ensure the lived experience of these producers is integrated in the funding round and that the correct barriers are addressed. Both the UC Cooperative Extension Marin and Sonoma County Agricultural Ombudspersons will assist with outreach to small and underserved producers, and we will perform outreach in partnership with a number of local community-based organizations who have relationships with the producers we intend to target. The Agricultural Institute of Marin (AIM)'s racial equity initiatives and funding will facilitate outreach to small and socially disadvantaged producers; this work will be amplified through AIM's partnerships with Marin County Cooperation Team and Sanzuma, serving Black and multicultural farmers in urban areas and school-based farms.

The following producers are present in Marin and Sonoma counties and the project partners will perform outreach with partners to ensure equitable access to all opportunities with the Program:

- 2,733 female producers
- 2,180 new and beginning farmers
- 572 veteran producers
- 530 Hispanic, Latino, Spanish origin producers
- 131 Asian producers

- 45 American Indian/Alaska Native producers
- 12 Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander producers
- 9 Black or African American producers

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Marin and Sonoma counties are home to many small producers, with an average farm size of 408 acres and 158 acres, respectively, and average net cash farm income of \$56,419 and \$24,924 (NASS 2019). There are over 140 small producers that sell through local farmers markets and dozens more who sell through other direct to consumer outlets. We will design a program with shorter application and match requirements to ease the participation process for these small producers and allow for broader accessibility.

III) Quantification, Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification

Approach to Quantification

Quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verification are all based on the RCDs' carbon farming programs which include trained field staff with expertise in agricultural carbon management. RCD staff have experience in quantifying GHG benefits using COMET-Planner, and utilizing an RCD Project Tracker tool that manages data for planned and implemented projects. The RCDs and their partners also have a long history of collaborating with university researchers on local carbon measurement projects, from University of California Berkeley research on carbon benefits of compost application on rangeland (e.g. Ryals and Silver 2013; Ryals et al. 2015) to University of California Cooperative Extension riparian carbon sequestration modeling efforts (e.g. Matzek et al. 2020), providing local empirical quantification data, in addition to the use of national and state GHG quantification tools.

The potential GHG benefits of each practice, as applied at the farm scale, are estimated using COMET-Planner, or local peer-reviewed research where applicable and available. For specific practices and on a case-by-case basis, other quantification models are used, including the USDA Methods for Entity-Scale Inventory (Eve et al. 2014), COMET-Farm, Carbon for Riparian Ecosystems Estimator for California (CREEC) for riparian practices (Matzek et al. 2018), and the CDFAAlternative Manure Management Program (AMMP) Quantification Methodology for manure management practices (California Air Resources Board 2019). Quantification methods for specific practices can be found in Appendix A. Once a list of potential practices and their on-farm and climate mitigation benefits is developed, practices are prioritized based on needs and goals of the farm.

Verification of Implementation and Monitoring

RCDs and partners will develop appropriate monitoring protocols to verify practice success. Practice-specific monitoring objectives will be agreed upon by partners and RCDs and based on USDA NRCS conservation practice standards. For some practices, verification may be carried out at the time of practice implementation; for others, pre-project photos and periodic photo documentation can allow comparison between pre- and post-implementation conditions for evaluation of treatment effects.

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Our strong regional partnership has a proven track record of monitoring locally-relevant, innovative climate-smart practices. The approach to monitoring of practice implementation is based on the Riparian Zone Monitoring Plan (RZMP) which was developed by University of California Cooperative Extension and Marin RCD (Lewis et al. 2009). This approach will be modified to meet practice-specific monitoring objectives.

The RZMP provides a suite of monitoring protocols for a variety of conservation practices that will be used to measure performance. The protocol outlines two types of monitoring objectives:

- Implementation Monitoring, identifying best management practices at project sites, and verifying BMPs are implemented as designed.
- 2. Effectiveness Monitoring, assessing changes in site conditions overtime, and documenting outcomes from implemented practices.

Implementation and effectiveness monitoring will be conducted during and post implementation.

<u>Pre-Implementation:</u> In order to establish a baseline of physical site conditions, photo documentation will be completed. For wetland restoration projects, the California Rapid Assessment Method (CRAM), a cost-effective and scientifically defensible rapid assessment method for monitoring the conditions of wetlands throughout California, will be deployed. Landowner Agreements will be signed that outline maintenance and monitoring responsibilities.

<u>During Implementation</u>: Projects will be inspected at regular intervals during implementation by staff with expertise in water, soils, biology and engineering to ensure design plans are followed. Adaptive management will be utilized as necessary and if permitted by regulatory agencies.

<u>Post-Implementation</u>: Following project completion, the RCDs will publicly report on progress for 10 years using the RCD Project Tracker. The RCD Project Tracker is a database designed in partnership with Sitka Technology Group. RCDs and partners enter project-level data, accomplishments, and funding expenditures over the course of a project's timeline from proposal development through planning and design, implementation, and post-implementation. The database provides transparency in the use of public funding and is available to the public, while protecting producer privacy.

<u>Data Collection</u>: Data collection activities will include monitoring of 87 CSAF practices deployed on approximately 5-6 dairies and over 70 ranches and field crop operations. RCDs will budget for adequate staff support and technological resources for monitoring and GIS mapping, including field monitoring, data management, and engagement of local partner resources that will expand RCD monitoring capacity. Monitoring systems will support RCDs in maintaining active relationships with landowners by collaboratively tracking their projects' success, and enable reporting of aggregated practice benefits to funders, county climate action plan staff, and the public. By integrating monitoring activities with practice tracking databases,

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RCDs can document on-going project GHG benefits and other impacts and build an informative GIS database that can be shared with partners and inform future carbon management opportunities.

After construction, contractors will provide 'as-built' documents to RCDs to support post-implementation monitoring activities. In addition, pre and post-implementation photos will be compared by RCDs to evaluate treatment effect. If practices need additional evaluation by resource experts, RCDs will re-engage the TACs or the County Agricultural Commissioner's office to visit the project site post-implementation to verify practice success. Each practice will be held to USDA NRCS conservation practice standards.

Reporting and Tracking of GHG Benefits

The RCD Project Tracker is a public-facing online database designed to increase access and transparency around RCD project implementation, funding and impacts. RCD staff use the RCD Project Tracker to enter and store summary-level project data about carbon sequestration, GHG emissions reductions and other ecological outcomes. The database allows for project reporting in a variety of ways: tracking expenditures and accomplishments by individual project and funding source; reporting on project tracking and performance analysis, and improving storytelling and connection with communities and partners. Implemented practices, project costs, funding sources, and quantified GHG impacts will be tracked, enabling practices and impacts to be reported by farm, funding source, or aggregated by region. A portion of this grant will go towards improving reporting and verification capabilities within the RCD Project Tracker and for greater data access by supply chain stakeholders and county climate action planning staff, while maintaining producer privacy.

Together, Marin and Sonoma counties' agricultural climate action and resiliency plans have identified 346,693 acres of potential climate-beneficial practice implementation with a total potential GHG impact of 346,693 MT CO₂e per year. With this grant, we anticipate:

- 73 farms and ranches impacted, covering approximately 13,686 acres
- GHG benefits:
 - Total estimated: 353,612 MT CO₂e over 20 years
 - Per commodity:
 - Dairy: 330,411 MT CO₂e over 20 years
 - Beef: 17,365 MT CO₂e over 20 years
 - Vineyards: 2,918 MT CO₂e over 20 years
 - Cropland: 2,918 MT CO₂e over 20 years
 - 3.5 MT CO₂e per \$100 expended
- Environmental co-benefits:
 - Increased water holding capacity of roughly 23 million gallons of water
 - Increased resilience and long-term viability of 73 farms and ranches

In addition to tracking and reporting GHG benefits from each implemented practice and CFP, the project will integrate results with the GHG inventories currently produced by Marin and

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Sonoma counties as part of their climate action planning. The Regional Climate Protection Authority (RCPA) produces a community-wide inventory for Sonoma County every two to three years to track progress in meeting climate goals. For the agriculture sector, the inventory currently only reports emissions from enteric fermentation, manure management, and fertilizer use. It does not include data on the amount of carbon sequestered, or that could be sequestered, on natural and working lands.

The Sonoma County inventory will be revised to report both GHG emissions and the amount of carbon sequestered, and that could be sequestered, using both county-level analyses and practice-specific data from completed carbon farm plans. Sonoma County RCPA will partner with Marin County to ensure that the two counties are consistent in the way they integrate sequestration data into their inventories. The revised inventories will help promote the importance of local agriculture in addressing the climate crisis and meeting the counties' ambitious climate goals.

Agreement to participate in the Partnerships Network

We agree to participate in the Partnerships Network and look forward to collective learning.

IV) Plan to Develop and Expand Markets

Partnerships

The Sonoma-Marin regional foodshed features world-renowned food, fiber, forage, and flowers grown with climate-smart practices. Generally, climate-smart producers cannot compete on price alone and must find other ways to distinguish themselves through flavor, timing, quality, variety, diversity, and other values. We must therefore engage our communities in a more intentional and tailored way to increase sales and the numbers of customers purchasing climate-smart commodities through *direct to consumer* channels (e.g., farmers markets, on site farm store, community supported agriculture (CSAs), online marketing, etc.); *retail markets* (e.g., supermarkets, restaurants, independently owned grocery stores, etc.); *institutions* (e.g., K-12 schools, hospitals, etc); and *intermediated markets* (e.g., distributors, food hubs, wholesale markets, and processors).

To facilitate this work, we have formed a robust partnership network that coordinates region-wide marketing approaches; a coordinating council comprised of partner agencies – Agricultural Institute of Marin (AIM), Marin Agricultural Land Trust (MALT), Sonoma County Farm Bureau, University of California Cooperative Extension, MarinCAN, and Sonoma County Farm Trails – will lead the marketing network. During Year 1 of the grant, our marketing council will form a network consisting of farmers' markets, food hubs, grocery stores, schools, trade associations, and processors who are committed to sourcing from CSAF producers.

Each network member will become activated in our region-wide marketing efforts. Guiding the development of our marketing strategy is a *Marketing Advisory Committee* with representation

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of a diverse group of agricultural producers with experience in marketing practices. Members of the advisory committee will meet semi-annually to review and provide feedback on our three-pronged marketing strategy: (1) producer stories, (2) interactive marketing campaign and climate-smart badge, and (3) educational farm tours.

Producer stories: Our coordinating council will oversee the development of a storytelling campaign to communicate to consumers why they should care about climate-smart commodities. In partnership with INTO™, we will develop an interactive online marketing tool that will engage with shoppers through a creative learning experience. When customers know where products come from, the people involved; when they discover how every product relates to their local community, it empowers them to co-create the world we all want to live in.

In a time when the effects of climate change grow more alarming, storytelling is a powerful mechanism to educate the public on ways to help fight the climate crisis. We'll recruit, produce, and publicize 100 stories of climate-smart growers across Marin and Sonoma counties, with an emphasis on small and underserved. Through a storytelling campaign, we can bring the stewards of the land to life with a focus on producers who value climate-smart practices. Through Blockchain-based story-streaming, INTO™ helps brands integrate all of their stakeholders, from producers at the source to influencers and customers across social media and retail environments using QR codes displayed on packaging.

Interactive marketing campaign and climate-smart badge: AIM intends to contract with a creative marketing firm that breaks down the jargon of CSAF practices into simple messages understood by lay public audiences. The marketing firm will produce a variety of video, digital, on-line, retail, in-store, and advertising to communicate the value of climate-smart producers within the region to increase demand for climate-smart products. Another element of the campaign is a Climate-Smart "badge" that producers and processors can proudly display across direct-to-consumer channels, retail, institutions, and intermediated markets. As a more sophisticated symbol to "buying local", the badge will recognize that climate-smart is an essential element of local food systems. The Marketing Coordinating Council and Advisory Committee will collaborate with project partners to set criteria for producers' eligibility. A digital 40 second clip about the badge and benefits will be broadcast widely.

Educational Farm Tours: The sustained growth of our climate-smart regional food system will depend on the ability of eaters, shoppers, and institutions, to support the education of children on the importance of supporting climate-smart foods. Teaching children about where and how their food is grown is more than just environmental education. It's savvy marketing and customer engagement. Our social justice commitment leads us to work more closely with low-income communities, to whom we can also offer SNAP incentives. AIM will partner with RCDs to expand upon our respective "Diggin Education" and "TEAM" programs through a stronger climate-smart lens. We will develop lessons highlighting CSAF practices for all ages to use which will be utilized by teachers and educators, both in the classroom and on the farm. The curriculum would be used both by farmers and by teachers and educators, including lesson plans for dairy, fiber, aquaculture, specialty crops, nursery stock, and meat with age-

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appropriate lessons in English and Spanish, along with videos with subtitles in Vietnamese, Chinese, and Farsi. The curriculum would also be created for interactive display and use in public markets, such as AIM's Center for Food and Agriculture, the world's first closed-loop, zero-waste farmers market targeting no on-site greenhouse gas emissions.

Experiential learning and agri-tourism for adults and caregivers who make purchasing decisions is critical. Leveraging the success of Sonoma County Farm Trails and the California Cheese Trail, MALT will create a "Climate-Smart Farm Trail" tour map to educate the public about where climate-smart commodities are produced and farms and ranches that are implementing carbon farm plans, healthy soils grants, or are certified organic. This map will complement the "100 Stories" project by further increasing understanding of climate-smart agriculture.

Development of a regional carbon finance program: In parallel with the project's region-wide marketing approaches, grant funding will be used to catalyze the development and deployment of a regional carbon finance program in order to sustain and scale the project over the long term. To date, our dual-county team has been highly effective in bridging gaps to address systemic information, policy and market failures underlying continued ecological degradation of our working lands. Financially, this collaborative has demonstrated its capacity to leverage local, state and federal funding initiatives and significantly increase conservation assistance to farmers and ranchers throughout the region, yet much work remains to be done to secure adequate long-range funding for scaling CSAF practice implementation

Marin and Sonoma Counties have each carried out a county-wide climate action planning process to develop strategies for scaling county-wide implementation of CSAF practices. The process effectively engaged agricultural communities, county governments and TA organizations in identifying—and quantifying—the potential for carbon sequestration on working lands, and demonstrated the critical necessity of engaging working lands to achieve the counties' GHG reduction goals. The counties' climate action and resilience plans lay the groundwork for the creation of a regional carbon finance program.

The partners will use Years 1 and 2 of the grant to develop a regional finance strategy through an inclusive process that will include: producers, partner organizations, supply chain stakeholders, county governments, and finance sector experts. The strategy development process will center around four areas:

- Assessment of potential funding sources and their feasibility: including potential for mitigation funding from cities and counties, price premiums for producers, industry carbon insetting, private investment, and State and Federal grant programs.
- 2) Financial and technical needs analysis: building off of the County climate action and resilience plans, determining funding needs for effectively scaling implementation, including direct implementation support, technical assistance, and infrastructure.
- 3) <u>Assessment of MRV requirement:</u> assessing the measurement, monitoring, reporting and verification requirements of the potentially diverse funding sources and identifying opportunities for alignment.

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4) <u>Development of a process for integrating funding sources:</u> including fund structure, allocation mechanisms, and unifying MRV standards across funding sources.

Tracking Climate-Smart Commodities Through the Supply Chain

Essential features of this marketing campaign include an interactive searchable website identifying where climate-smart commodities are offered for sale, local food miles traveled from farm to table, and reductions in GHG emissions through on-farm climate resilience. MALT will host this searchable directory and work in partnership with the Marketing Coordinating Council to survey producers and populate records. As part of the project, use of the INTO™ blockchain technology will allow us to promote the traceability of producers participating in "100 stories" projects across sales outlets through a common marketing platform.

Economic Benefits for Producers

Over time, we anticipate an increase in the economic value of products being sold, as measured and reported in the Annual Crop Reports prepared by Marin and Sonoma County Departments of Agriculture, Weights, and Measures. We predict producers will experience four forms of economic benefit:

- Marketing, outreach, and educational campaigns to promote local and climate-smart agriculture are expected to increase demand for local agricultural products, with anticipated economic benefits of:
 - a) Increased demand for local foods most consumers at all income levels are willing to pay more for locally sourced foods (Dumont 2017).
 - b) Viability of beginning farms: Beginning farms that sell within the region have higher odds of survival (Low et al. 2015).
 - c) Job creation: Direct-market farms create 32 local jobs per \$1M in revenue, largely driven by greater purchase of local supplies, seed, equipment, etc. (Hardesty et al. 2016).
 - d) Economic impact: For every dollar of sales, local producers are generating twice as much economic activity within the region as producers who are not selling locally.
- 2) Participating producers will receive funding for implementation of CSAF practices.
- 3) Many of the CSAF practices being implemented in Marin and Sonoma counties are expected to increase productivity and/or yield stability in the long term. For example, local long-term research has found that compost application on rangelands increases forage productivity by up to 42% (<u>Ryals and Silver 2013</u>). Similarly, the many other soil carbon-building CSAF practices deployed through the program will increase soil water holding capacity and soil water infiltration, prolonging the growing season in non-irrigated systems and enhancing irrigation efficiency in irrigated systems.
- 4) Long term, this grant will enable the development of a regional financing program for producers (described above).

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Post-Project Potential and Scalability

Our intention is to build "evergreen" campaign materials, messages, and climate-smart labeling to outlast the completion of this grant. Furthermore, the development and deployment of a carbon finance program is intended to support the long-term scaling of implementation and the technical assistance and implementation infrastructure required.

Our approach is intentionally designed to serve as a regional model for coordinated CSA implementation and to be scalable in any region in the State or Country. The Carbon Farm Planning framework discussed in this proposal was intentionally based on the NRCS conservation planning process to facilitate scalability across the Country. Our adaptive comanagement approach is anchored in historic local conservation partnerships. Virtually every county in the United States has similar institutional arrangements dating back over 80 years.

		Yea	ir 1			Yea	ar 2		Yea	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Required Quantitative Targets by Quarter										
1) Number of carbon farm plans developed	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	2	0	1
1) CUMULATIVE	0	0	2	2	2	2	5	7	7	8
2) Number of CSAF projects implemented	4	0	0	0	9	0	.0	2	18	3
2) CUMULATIVE	4	4	4	4	13	13	13	15	33	36
3) Number of producers involved	6	0	2	0	7	0	3	2	14	2
3) CUMULATIVE	6	6	8	8	15	15	18	20	34	36
4) Number of underserved producers involved	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0
4) CUMULATIVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
5) Number of acres involved	130	0	400	0	220	0	600	608	1008	808
5) CUMULATIVE	130	130	530	530	750	750	1350	1958	2966	3774
6) Head of cattle involved	0	0	400	0	0	0	200	50	50	50
6) CUMULATIVE	0	0	400	400	400	400	600	650	700	750
7) Funding provided to producers	\$37,725	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$44,250	\$0	\$0	\$24,000	\$107,300	\$143,750
7) CUMULATIVE	\$37,725	\$37,725	\$37,725	\$37,725	\$81,975	\$81,975	\$81,975	\$105,975	\$213,275	\$357,025
8) GHG benefits (Metric Tons of CO2e reduced or seq)*	132.2	0	0	0	204.9	0	0	125	416.7	143
8) CUMULATIVE * NOTE these are per quarter estimates, NOT 20-year total estimates	132.2	132.2	132.2	132.2	337.1	337.1	337.1	462.1	878.8	1021.8
9) Number of measurement tools utilized	2	0	3	0	2	0	3	1	2	0
9) CUMULATIVE	2	2	5	. 5	7	7	10	11	13	13
10) Number of trainings	1	0	1		1	0	0	1	9	0
10) CUMULATIVE	1	1	2	3	4	4	4	5	6	6
11) Number of new marketing channels established or expanded	0	0	0	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
11) CUMULATIVE	4	0	0	2	6	10	14	18	22	26
12) Number of expanded marketing channels	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12) CUMULATIVE	0	0	0	0		0	0		1.770	0
12) Number of producers reached via outreach	30	5	0	30	35	0	0	30	35	0
12) CUMULATIVE	30	35	35	65	1774.0000	100	100	10000	110470150	165
13) Number of new sales outlets for producers	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	1000	0	0
13) CUMULATIVE	0	0	0	25	25	25	25	50	50	50
14) Number of producers involved in storytelling campaign	0	5	5	5	5	5	5		5	5
14) CUMULATIVE	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
15) Number of meetings between partners or whole team meetings	13	5	5	14	5	5	5	14	5	5
15) CUMULATIVE	13	18	23	37	42	47	52	66	71	76

	ır 3			Ye	ar 4			Yea	ar 5	
	Q3	Q4	Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4		Q4					
Required Quantitative Targets by Quarter										
1) Number of carbon farm plans developed	0	3	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	2
1) CUMULATIVE	8	11	11	12	12	14	14	15	15	17
2) Number of CSAF projects implemented	2	4	21	3	2	4	8	3	2	2
2) CUMULATIVE	38	42	63	66	68	72	80	83	85	87
3) Number of producers involved	1	4	15	2	0	4	8	1	0	2
3) CUMULATIVE	37	.41	56	58	58	62	70	71	71	73
4) Number of underserved producers involved	0	2	1	0	0	7	0	1	1	1
4) CUMULATIVE	1	3	4	4	4	5	5	6	7	8
5) Number of acres involved	808	1216	1208	808	808	1216	1008	808	1216	816
5) CUMULATIVE	4582	5798	7006	7814	8622	9838	10846	11654	12870	13686
6) Head of cattle involved	50	475	50	50	50	675	50	50	50	300
6) CUMULATIVE	800	1275	1325	1375	1425	2100	2150	2200	2250	2550
7) Funding provided to producers	\$143,750	\$75,000	\$200,775	\$193,750	\$168,750	\$150,000	\$106,200	\$168,750	\$168,750	\$0
7) CUMULATIVE	\$500,775	\$575,775	\$776,550	\$970,300	\$1,139,050	\$1,289,050	\$1,395,250	\$1,564,000	\$1,732,750	\$1,732,750
8) GHG benefits (Metric Tons of CO2e reduced or seq)*	143	161	7938	143	143	5518	2584	143	18	2518
8) CUMULATIVE * NOTE these are per quarter estimates, NOT 20-year total estimates	1164.8	1325.8	9263.8	9406.8	9549.8	15067.8	17651.8	17794.8	17812.8	20330.8
9) Number of measurement tools utilized	0	2	3	0	0	2	3	0	0	2
9) CUMULATIVE	13	15	18	18	18	20	23	23	23	25
10) Number of trainings	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
10) CUMULATIVE	7	8	9	9	9	10	11	11	11	12
11) Number of new marketing channels established or expanded	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
11) CUMULATIVE	30	34	38	42	46	50	54	58	62	66
12) Number of expanded marketing channels	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	
12) CUMULATIVE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12) Number of producers reached via outreach	0	35	191	0	0	35	30	0	0	196
12) CUMULATIVE	165	200	391	391	391	426	456	456	456	652
13) Number of new sales outlets for producers	0	25	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	25
13) CUMULATIVE	50	75	75	75	75	100	100	100	100	125
14) Number of producers involved in storytelling campaign	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	10
14) CUMULATIVE	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	100
15) Number of meetings between partners or whole team meetings	5	14	5	5	5	14	5	5	5	14
15) CUMULATIVE	81	95	100	105	110	124	129	134	139	153

ATTACHMENT - PRACTICES LIST AND LIMITATIONS

Climate-Smart Practices and Limitations

Climate-Smart practices under this grant shall be limited to the following practices:

NRCS Practice Code	Practice Name
340	Cover Crop
329	Residue and Tillage Management, No-Till
345	Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till
590	Nutrient Management
592	Feed Management
390	Riparian Herbaceous Cover
332	Contour Buffer Strips
601	Vegetative Barrier
612	Tree/Shrub Establishment
666	Forest Stand Improvement
379	Forest Farming
391	Riparian Forest Buffer
512	Pasture and Hay Planting
528	Prescribed Grazing
327	Conservation Cover
328	Conservation Crop Rotation
342	Critical Area Planting
422	Hedgerow Planting
381	Silvopasture
550	Range Planting
632	Waste Separation Facility
313	Waste storage facility
634	Waste Transfer
533	Pumping Plant

All practices applied under this grant will follow NRCS practice standards unless noted below:

N/A



Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023 Version 1.0



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Overview of Reporting Requirements

Grant recipients are required to submit reports to document their performance under the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodity funding opportunity. These submissions will be required to use the Microsoft Excel workbook templates provided by USDA. The workbooks contain a series of worksheets that collect data in a standardized format to ensure data quality and allow for aggregation and summary of this information. The entire workbook must be submitted quarterly, with updates to all applicable worksheets. This guide is divided into three sections. The Overview of Reporting Requirements section summarizes the layout of the reporting workbook and presents the data elements included in each worksheet. It also describes additional documents that must be submitted to supplement the performance reports. The Data Definitions section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated. Finally, the Appendices contain practice and commodity lists that will be used for these reports. Reporting is necessary for USDA oversight of this effort. The data elements required for inclusion in the quarterly performance reports allow USDA to conduct selected audits to review whether producers are receiving federal funds from multiple sources for the same purpose; to determine whether GHG benefits from implementation of climate-smart agriculture and forestry (CSAF) practices are being estimated accurately; and for other purposes deemed appropriate by USDA.

The reporting worksheets collect information at four levels: project, partner, producer, and field. Descriptions of each level:

Project level: Information about activities and impacts at a whole project/aggregate level (i.e., reflecting all activities under the grant agreement). Some project-level reporting is further subdivided by commodity type or a combination of commodity and CSAF practice(s) (commodity x practice).

Partner level: Information about activities related to a single organization (recipient, subrecipient, contractor, or other partner) within a project.

Producer level: Information about individual producers who have one or more farms enrolled in a project. **Field level**: Information about individual fields enrolled in a project.

Certain data elements are required to be reported for each producer and field enrolled in a project. In order to minimize the burden associated with data collection and to enable USDA to match data to existing records, these producer- and field-specific records must use the producer's established FSA Farm, Tract and Field IDs, and report the State and County associated with the Farm ID. Associated data entered in conjunction with these data elements, such as Producer Name, must match the data contained in the customer's Business Partner record, and the Farm Operating Plan in Business File for that Farm ID. Disclosure of this information is protected under Section 1619 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (PL 110- 246), 7 U.S.C. 8791. Additionally, Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

Note: For purposes of this guide, "farm" refers to the operation from which climate-smart commodities are produced and may represent farms, ranches, forests or other operations. Similarly, "field" refers to the individual land units at which climate-smart practices are being implemented to produce climate-smart commodities and may represent lots, farmsteads or other units, depending on the type of operation and commodity. The use of "Farm", "Tract" and "Field" align with the FSA definitions; for example, "A field is a part of a farm that is separated from the balance of the farm by a permanent boundary, such as; fences, permanent waterways, woodlands, croplines in cases where farming practices make it probable that this cropline is not subject to change, and other similar features."

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The following tables list the data elements included in each reporting worksheet, along with a brief description of each item.

Project Summary

These data will be collected about each project. Cumulative results are reported each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Table 1. Project Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Commodity sales	Indicates sales of the commodity(ies) related to the project occurred this quarter	Quarterly
Farms enrolled	Indicates enrollment activities occurred this quarter	Quarterly
GHG calculation methods	Methods used to calculate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefits	Quarterly
GHG cumulative calculation	Method used to calculate cumulative GHG benefits	Quarterly
Cumulative GHG benefits	Whole project estimate of total GHG (CO2e) emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative carbon stock	Whole project estimate of total carbon sequestration	Quarterly
Cumulative CO2 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CO2 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative CH4 benefit	Whole project estimate of total CH4 emission reductions	Quarterly
Cumulative N2O benefit	Whole project estimate of total N2O emission reductions	Quarterly
Offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced by project	Quarterly
Offsets sale	Name of marketplace where carbon offsets were sold	Quarterly
Offsets price	Price of carbon in offset sales	Quarterly
Insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced by project	Quarterly
Cost of on-farm TA	Cost of on-farm technical assistance (TA) provided to producers	Quarterly
MMRV cost	Cost of measurement, monitoring, reporting, and verification (MMRV) activities	Quarterly
GHG monitoring method	Methods used by project to monitor GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG reporting method	Methods used by project to report on GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly
GHG verification method	Methods used to verify GHG benefits (up to 5)	Quarterly

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Partner Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will represent one organization involved in the project, including the recipient and all contributing partners. A partner is any organization that is receiving project funds or providing matching contributions (funds or in-kind contributions) to the project. While the recipient must complete one row for their own organization, not all data elements apply to the recipient. These exceptions are noted in the detailed descriptions of the specific elements in the *Data Definitions* section of this guide. Data are reported cumulatively each quarter. Report last quarter's entry if there has been no change in this quarter.

Table 2. Partner Activities elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Partner ID	Unique ID for each partner	One-time
Partner name	Name of partner organization	One-time
Partner type	Type of organization	One-time
Partner POC	Partner point of contact name	As applicable
Partner POC email	Partner point of contact email	As applicable
Partnership start date	Start of partnership on project	One-time
Partnership end date	End of partnership on project	As applicable
New partnership	Indicator for partner organizations that have no prior work with the recipient	As applicable
Partner total requested	Total amount requested to date by partner from recipient	Quarterly
Total match contribution	Total amount of match contribution by partner to date	Quarterly
Total match incentives	Total amount of match contribution by partner for incentives	Quarterly
Match type	Top 3 types of match contribution by partner, other than incentives	Quarterly
Match amount	Value of match contributions by type	Quarterly
Training provided	Top 3 types of training provided to the partner through project	Quarterly
Activity by partner	Top 3 types of activities provided by this partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Activity cost	Approximate cost per activity type provided by partner to producers or other partners	Quarterly
Products supplied	Names of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly
Product source	Supplier or source of products supplied to producers as part of project activities or incentives	Quarterly

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Marketing Activities

These data will be collected at the project level. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to one commodity for which the project enrolls fields and one marketing channel used to sell that commodity by the project or producers enrolled in the project. Data are reported for the current quarter and are not cumulative. If no sales of the commodity were reported during a quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Table 3. Marketing Activities elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Commodity type	Type of commodity incentivized by the project	Quarterly
Marketing channel type	Type of marketing channels used	Quarterly
Number of buyers	Number of buyers per marketing channel	Quarterly
Names of buyers	Names of buyers in the marketing channel	Quarterly
Marketing channel geography	Geography of marketing channel	Quarterly
Value sold	Value of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Volume sold	Volume of commodity sold by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium	Price premium of commodity by marketing channel	Quarterly
Price premium to producer	Percent of price premium that goes to the producer	Quarterly
Product differentiation method	Top 3 types of product differentiation methods used	Quarterly
Marketing method	Top 3 types of marketing methods used	Quarterly
Marketing channel identification method	Top 3 ways marketing channel was identified	Quarterly
Traceability method	Top 3 types of supply chain traceability methods used	Quarterly

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Producer Enrollment

These data will be collected at the producer level about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. Data are reported when a producer first enrolls one or more fields in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the farm characteristics each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates. The quarterly submission should contain information about each farm initially enrolled in the project during that quarter and for updates to farms that have re-enrolled during that quarter, as applicable. If no farms are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter.

Table 4. Producer Enrollment elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
Producer data change	Indicator that producer data was updated at re-enrollment	As applicable
Producer start date	Contract start date	Enrollment
Producer name	Name of primary operator	Enrollment
Underserved status	Indicator the primary operator is considered underserved and/or a small producer	Enrollment
Total area	Total area of enrolled operation	Annual
Total crop area	Total crop area in enrolled operation enrolled	Annual
Total livestock area	Total livestock confinement, pasture and rangeland in enrolled operation	Annual
Total forest area	Total forest area in enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock type	Top 3 types of livestock on enrolled operation	Annual
Livestock head	Total livestock currently managed (by type)	Annual
Organic farm	Indicator that part of the farm is certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Organic fields	Indicator that any of the enrolled fields are certified or transitioning organic	Annual
Producer motivation	Motivation for participation	Annual
Producer outreach	Top 3 types of outreach provided to producer	Annual
CSAF experience	Indicator of prior implementation of CSAF practices at this farm	Annual
CSAF federal funds	Indicator of prior receipt of federal funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF state or local funds	Indicator of prior receipt of state funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF nonprofit funds	Indicator of prior receipt of nonprofit funds for CSAF practices	Annual
CSAF market incentives	Indicator of prior receipt of market incentives for CSAF practices	Annual

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Field Enrollment

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row corresponds to one field x commodity combination enrolled in the project. Generally, data are reported once for each field, at its initial enrollment. The quarterly submission should contain information about each field initially enrolled in the project during that quarter. If no fields are enrolled during that quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. If a field is enrolled for multiple years, any relevant changes, such as a new ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations should be entered in this worksheet during the quarter it is re-enrolled, or as applicable.

Table 5. Field Enrollment elements

Data element name	Description
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name
Physical County of field	Physical county name must match FSA farm records
Prior Field ID	Previous Field ID when reconstitution of farm results in new Field IDs
Field data change	Indicator that field data has changed from initial enrollment
Contract start date	Start date of contract
Total field area	Size of enrolled field
Commodity category	Category of commodity(ies) produced
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced
Baseline yield	Average yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment
Baseline yield location	Location for which baseline yield is provided
Field land use	Most common land use in field in past 3 years
Field irrigated	Most common irrigation type in field in past 3 years
Field tillage	Most common tillage in field in past 3 years
Practice past extent - farm	Extent of operation that implemented this practice prior to project enrollment
Field any CSAF practice	Indicator for prior CSAF practices in this field in past 3 years
Practice past use - this field	Indicator of prior use of this practice in this field in the past 3 years
Practice type	CSAF practice(s) that will be implemented in enrolled field (up to 7)
Practice standard	Organization that developed CSAF practice standard implemented in field
Planned practice implementation year	Year that practice is planned to be implemented
Practice extent	Area or number of animals for which practice is implemented
Follow-on questions	Follow-on questions by practice type (see Table 11)

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Farm Summary

These data will be collected about each farm enrolled in the project. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one farm that has at least one field enrolled in the project. The quarterly submission should contain updates to any data elements that have changed for each farm enrolled in the project during that quarter. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. Data are not cumulative.

Table 6. Farm Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory	State name	
County of residence	County name	
Producer TA received	Type of technical assistance provided to producer	Quarterly
Producer incentive amount	Total financial incentive provided to the producer	Quarterly
Incentive reason	Top 4 reason(s) for financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Incentive structure	Top 4 units on which financial incentives are structured	Quarterly
Incentive type	Top 4 type(s) of financial incentives provided to producer	Quarterly
Payment on enrollment	Extent of payment provided to producer upon enrollment	Quarterly
Payment on implementation	Extent of payment provided to producer upon implementation of CSAF practices	Quarterly
Payment on harvest	Extent of payment provided to producer upon harvest or slaughter	Quarterly
Payment on MMRV	Extent of payment provided to producer upon reporting or verification	Quarterly
Payment on sale	Extent of payment provided to producer upon sale of commodity	Quarterly

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Field Summary

These data will be collected about each field enrolled in the project for a commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field x commodity x practice(s) combination enrolled in the project. Data for each field will be reported quarterly and are not cumulative. Report data for any elements that have an update in that quarter. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate. If there are no changes from the previous quarter, do not complete this worksheet for that quarter. This worksheet includes a section to report the "official" estimate of GHG benefits – amounts of greenhouse gas emissions reduced and carbon sequestered – for the field. These quantities refer to the estimates that are used to calculate the project's aggregate impact (reported in Table 1). Tables 8 and 9 are used to report alternate estimates of the field-level GHG benefits when additional methods are used to model (Table 8) or measure (Table 9) these impacts. Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model.

Table 7. Field Summary elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to seven)	Quarterly
Date practice complete	Date that practice implementation is certified complete	Quarterly
Contract end date	End date of contract	Quarterly
MMRV assistance provided	Indicator that MMRV assistance is provided to field	Quarterly
Marketing assistance provided	Indicator that marketing assistance provided for commodity from field	Quarterly
Incentive per acre or head	Indicator that a per acre/head incentives is provided for the CSAF practice(s) on this field	Quarterly
Field commodity value	Value of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Field commodity volume	Volume of commodity produced from field	Quarterly
Cost of implementation	Total cost of practice implementation in field	Quarterly
Cost coverage	Percent of total cost of implementation of practice covered by project incentives	Quarterly
Field GHG monitoring	Methods used to monitor GHG benefits in field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG reporting	Methods used to report on GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG verification	Methods used to verify GHG benefits for field (up to 3)	Quarterly
Field GHG calculations	Methods used to calculate GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG calculation	Method used to calculate official GHG benefits for field	Quarterly
Field official GHG ER	Official estimate of total GHG emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official carbon stock	Official estimate of total carbon sequestration for field	Quarterly
Field official CO2 ER	Official estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official CH4 ER	Official estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field official N2O ER	Official estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Quarterly
Field offsets produced	Amount of carbon offsets produced in field	Quarterly
Field insets produced	Amount of carbon insets produced in field	Quarterly
Other field measurements	Indicator that field data was collected for reasons other than GHG benefit estimation	Quarterly

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GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

If greenhouse gas benefits are modeled for the same field using multiple methods, the results for the alternate models are reported in this worksheet. The "alternate" models refer to those model results that were not used in the calculation of the project's aggregate impact (as reported in Table 1). Any field that can use COMET-Planner must submit those results, either as the official or alternate model. These data will be collected about the modeled GHG benefits for each field x commodity x practice(s) combination. In this worksheet, each row will correspond to one field enrolled in the project. Data are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for all fields that have new modeled data. Greenhouse gas benefit estimates must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Table 8. GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	202
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name	
County of field	County name	
Commodity type	Type of commodity(ies) produced from the field (up to 6)	Annual
Practice type	Type of practice(s) incentivized in field (up to 7)	Annual
GHG model	Model used to calculate GHG benefits	Annual
Model start date	Start date of model run	Annual
Model end date	End date of model run	Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	Estimate of total GHG benefits for field	Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	Estimate of total change in carbon stock for field	Annual
Total CO2 estimated	Estimate of total CO2 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total CH4 estimated	Estimate of total CH4 emission reductions for field	Annual
Total N2O estimated	Estimate of total N2O emission reductions for field	Annual

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GHG Benefits - Measured

Projects must report the results of any carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this worksheet. These data will be collected at the field level. Each row will represent a separate measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits for a given field. Data are reported once per year of measurement and are not cumulative. Each quarterly submission should include information for any field for which there are new soil samples or new calculations of annual GHG benefits based on actual measurements.

Table 9. GHG Benefits - Measured data elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State	State name	
County	County name	
GHG measurement method	Method of measurement	Annual
Lab name	Entity that conducted analysis	Annual
Measurement start date	Start date of measurements	Annual
Measurement end date	End date of measurements	Annual
Total CO2 reduction calculated	Calculation of total CO2 reduction	Annual
Total carbon stock change calculated	Calculation of change in carbon stock	Annual
Total CH4 reduction calculated	Calculation of total CH4 reduction	Annual
Total N2O reduction calculated	Calculation of total N2O reduction	Annual
Soil sample result	Numeric result from soil sample	Annual
Measurement type	Type of analysis conducted	Annual

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Additional Environmental Benefits

Projects that track additional environmental benefits (e.g., water quality improvements) from enrolled fields report results in this worksheet. These data will be collected about each field. Each row in this worksheet will correspond to an enrolled field. Data are not cumulative. Estimates of environmental benefits must be entered upon practice completion or annually, as appropriate.

Table 10. Additional Environmental Benefits elements

Data element name	Description	Frequency	
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA		
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA		
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA		
State	State name		
County	County name		
Environmental benefits	Indicator that project tracks other environmental benefits	Annual	
Reduction in nitrogen loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in nitrogen loss	Annual	
Amount	Amount	Annual	
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual	
Reduction in phosphorus loss	Indicator that project tracks reductions in phosphorus loss	Annual	
Amount	Amount	Annual	
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual	
Other water quality	Indicator that project tracks other water quality improvements	Annual	
Туре	Type of water quality metric being tracked	Annual	
Amount	Amount	Annual	
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual	
Water quantity	Indicator that project tracks reduced water use	Annual	
Amount	Amount	Annual	
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual	
Reduced erosion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in soil erosion	Annual	
Amount	Amount	Annual	
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual	
Reduced energy use	Indicator that project tracks reductions in energy use	Annual	
Amount	Amount	Annual	
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual	
Avoided land conversion	Indicator that project tracks reductions in land conversion	Annual	
Amount	Amount	Annual	
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual	
Improved wildlife habitat	Indicator that project tracks improvements in wildlife habitat	Annual	
Amount	Amount	Annual	
Purpose	Purpose of tracking those co-benefits	Annual	

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Supplemental Data Submission

Project MMRV Plan

Definition of MMRV elements:

Measurement: Quantification of the greenhouse gas benefits (reduction or capture) using mathematical models and/or direct physical measurements in the field

Monitoring: Ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time

Reporting: Documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization

Verification: Independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable.

Projects must submit an MMRV plan that includes details about how each of the following are addressed:

- · Quantification approach, including:
 - GHG models used
 - GHG measurement plan (if applicable)
 - Approach to quantifying additional environmental benefits, if applicable (e.g., water quality, habitat)
- Verification approach:
 - Compliance criteria
 - Verification plan/methodology
- · Approach to ensuring:
 - Additionality
 - Permanence
 - Leakage
 - Impacts of weather
- Plan for non-compliance

If the project is using a specific MMRV methodology or approach developed by the recipient, a project partner, or an outside organization, the project can submit documentation associated with the methodology as long as the documentation addresses each of the above categories.

If the project is tracking other environmental benefits (as reported in the Additional Environmental Benefits worksheet), include a description of the methodology and tools used to track and report on these benefits.

Field modeled GHG benefit reports

Results from any models besides COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits must also be submitted as a separate report. This includes projects running COMET-Farm. The full results of any model can be submitted in the native/standard format generated by the modeling tool and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID.

Field direct measurement results

For any direct physical measurements in the field, measurement results must be submitted as a separate report and must include the following Unique IDs in the report or in the file name: State, County, Farm ID, Tract ID, Field ID. Measurement results reports must include the name of the equipment used for sampling or data collection, the name of the lab that analyzed the data, and the analytical method used.

Sample report types include soil analysis reports, summarized results of portable emissions analyzers or flux towers, water quality analyses, and plant species counts. These could be collected for the purposes of determining GHG emission reductions or carbon sequestration amounts, for calibration of tools or models, for tracking other environmental benefits, or for other reasons.

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Data Descriptions

This section provides descriptions and allowable response options for each data element. The guide also indicates whether each data element is required, applicable at times, or optional; as well as how frequently each data element must be updated.

Unique IDs

Project ID: Unique ID at the project level – "Award Identifying Number" shown on award documentation

Partner ID: Unique ID at the partner level – use EIN; if no EIN, a unique ID will be assigned for use in these reports

State or territory of operation: State or territory name

County of operation: Physical county name

Farm ID: Unique ID at the operation level assigned by Farm Service Agency (FSA)

Tract ID: Unique ID at the tract level assigned by FSA **Field ID:** Unique ID at the field level assigned by FSA

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Project Summary

Froject Summary				
Commodity type				
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What climate-smart commodity types a produced by this project?			
Description: Type of commodity incentivize	zed by the project. These commodities include those for whom			
	r other types of marketing support. See full list of commodity options			
in Appendix B. List one commodity per rov				
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No			
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list			
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes			
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly			
Commodity sales				
Data element name: Commodity sales	Reporting question: Did project activities result in sales this			
	quarter of the commodity(ies) produced by this project?			
(7)	ity(ies) related to project activities. If sales are reported, complete the			
	s part of the quarterly performance report.			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No			
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:			
	• Yes			
Logic: None – all respond	No Required: Yes			
STRUMENT THE STATE OF THE STRUMENT OF THE STATE OF THE ST				
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly			
Farms enrolled				
Data element name: Farms enrolled	Reporting question: Did the project enroll any producers or fields this quarter?			
complete the Producer Enrollment and Fie	rolled producers or fields. If enrollment activities occurred this quarter and Enrollment worksheets (Tables 4 and 5) as part of the quarterly			
performance report. Data type: List	Select multiple values: No			
10 MO 10 MO 10 MO	23 III. IF G			
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:			
	 Yes No 			
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes			
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly			
GHG calculation methods				
Data element name: GHG calculation	Reporting question: What methods is the project using to			
methods	calculate GHG benefits?			
Description: List the way(s) that GHG bene	efits are being measured and calculated by the project this quarter.			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No			
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:			
	 Models 			
	 Direct field measurements 			
W & 350 NO N	• Both			
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes			
Data collection level: Project	Data collection frequency: Quarterly			

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GHG cumulative calculation

Data element name: GHG cumulative Reporting question: What method(s) was used to calculate the

calculation total cumulative GHG benefits reported here?

Description: List the method(s) that was used to calculate the total cumulative GHG benefits reported by the

project this quarter.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Both

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative GHG benefits

Data element name: Cumulative GHG Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total GHG

benefits emission reductions (CO2eq) to date?

Description: Total cumulative estimated greenhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation.

This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative carbon stock

Data element name: Cumulative carbon Reporting question: How much carbon has the project

stock sequestered to date?

Description: Estimated total cumulative change in carbon stock based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is

one ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO2eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative CO2 benefit

Data element name: Cumulative CO2 Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

benefit cumulative CO2 emission reductions to date?

Description: Estimated total cumulative carbon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation.

This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂ Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cumulative CH4 benefit

Data element name: Cumulative CH4 benefit Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

CH4 emission reductions to date?

Description: Estimated total cumulative methane reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same numbers as the previous quarter. Conversion rate is one ton

of CH₄ = 25 tons of CO₂eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

CO₂eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Cumulative N20 benefit

Data element name: Cumulative N2O benefit Reporting question: What are the project's estimated total

N2O emission reductions to date?

Description: Estimated total cumulative nitrous oxide reduction based on practice implementation. This is updated quarterly. If there are no updated numbers enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Conversion rate is one ton of $N_2O = 298$ tons of CO_2eq .

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in

CO₂eq

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets produced

Data element name: Offsets produced Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been

produced in the project?

Description: Total carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields during the quarter. Offsets are defined as

having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets sale

Data element name: Offsets sale Reporting question: To what marketplace(s) were carbon offsets

sold?

Description: Marketplaces to which carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields were sold. Offsets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

List each marketplace name. Separate names with commas.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Offsets price

Data element name: Offsets price Reporting question: What was the average price of carbon

received for offsets?

Description: Average price per metric ton paid for carbon offsets produced by enrolled project fields. Offsets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars per metric ton Allowed values: 0-500

Logic: Respond if >0 to 'Offsets produced' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Insets produced

Data element name: Insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been

produced in the project?

Description: Total carbon insets produced by enrolled fields during the quarter. Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a firm.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Cost of on-farm TA

Data element name: Cost of on-farm TA Reporting question: What is the total amount that has been

spent to provide on-farm TA?

Description: Total cost of any field- or practice-specific technical assistance provided by the project (by recipient or partners) to any producers. This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the

previous quarter.

 Data type: Decimal
 Select multiple values: No

 Measurement unit: Dollars
 Allowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

MMRV cost

Data element name: MMRV cost Reporting question: What is the total amount that has been

spent on MMRV activities?

Description: Total cost of all MMRV activities paid for by the project (recipient or partners). MMRV components are defined as measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practices have been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable). This is updated quarterly. If there are no changes, enter the same number as the previous quarter.

Data type: DecimalSelect multiple values: NoMeasurement unit: DollarsAllowed values: \$0-\$50,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

GHG monitoring method

Data element name: GHG monitoring 1-5 Reporting question: How did the project monitor GHG benefits?

Description: Up to the five most common forms of monitoring GHG benefits used this quarter as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Drones

Ground-level photos and videos

On-farm visit

Plot-based sampling

Producer records or attestation

· Satellite monitoring or remote sensing

Soil metagenomics

Soil sensors

Water sensors

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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GHG reporting method

Data element name: GHG reporting 1-5

Reporting question: How did the project track and report implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

Description: Up to the five most common forms of tracking and reporting on practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Automated devices
- Email
- Mobile app
- Paper
- Third-party actors
- Website
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

GHG verification method

Data element name: GHG verification method 1-5

Reporting question: How did the project verify implementation

of practices to reduce GHG emissions?

Description: Up to the five most common forms of verifying practice implementation used this year as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 5 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides five columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 5 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

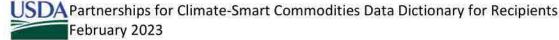
Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Artificial intelligence
- · Audit by recipient
- Computer modeling
- Photos
- Record audit
- Satellite imagery
- Site or field visit
- Third-party audit
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Partner Activities

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Partner ID Unique Project ID for each partner

Partner name

Data element name: Name of partner organization Reporting question: What is the official name of the

recipient or partner organization?

Description: Legal name of recipient or partner organization

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation

Partner type

Data element name: Type of partner organization Reporting question: What type of organization is this?

Description: Legal/financial structure of recipient or partner organization

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity groups (501c5)

For-profitIndividualNonprofit

State or local agency

Tribal agency
 University
 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation

Partner POC

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Partner POC Reporting question: Who is the point of contact for

this project at the recipient or partner organization?

Description: Name of a point of contact for the recipient or partner organization

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation;

update as necessary

Partner POC email

Data element name: Partner POC email Reporting question: What is the point of contact's

email address?

Description: Email of the point of contact for the recipient or partner organization

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation;

update as necessary

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Partnership start date	
Data element name: Partnership start date	Reporting question: When did the partnership start?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	the recipient began formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partnership end date	=
Data element name: Partnership end date	Reporting question: When did the partnership end?
Description: Date that the partner organization and	the recipient stopped formally partnering on the project
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030
Logic: No response for recipient	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership end quarter
New partnership	
Data element name: New partnership	Reporting question: Is this a new partnership?
working relationship (under contract or on a grant) Data type: List	prior to the start of the project. Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	• Yes
	• No
Landa, No company for applicant	 I don't know Required: Yes
Logic: No response for recipient	
Santa and Harakhara Lanca La Santa and	E 50 79 30 0 0 00 100 0
Data collection level: Partner	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
Partner total requested	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation
The second of th	Pata collection frequency: Partnership initiation Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this
Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested	Data collection frequency: Partnership initiation Reporting question: What is the total amount of
Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the en	Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the
Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the	Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If
Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds that recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the previous to the previous entries.	Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If vious quarter.
Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the predata type: Decimal	Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the ne amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If vious quarter. Select multiple values: NA
Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus there are no changes, report the value from the predata type: Decimal Measurement unit: Dollars	Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the ne amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If vious quarter. Select multiple values: NA Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000
Partner total requested Data element name: Partner total requested Description: Cumulative (total) amount of funds tha recipient from the start of the partnership to the envalue must be the sum of all previous entries plus the there are no changes, report the value from the predata type: Decimal	Reporting question: What is the total amount of funding the partner has requested to date from this project? It the partner has requested reimbursement for from the d of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the ne amount of funds requested in the reporting quarter. If vious quarter. Select multiple values: NA

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Takal	and the second	and the second second second	
lota	matth	contribution	

Data element name: Total match contribution

Reporting question: What is the total match value the organization has contributed to the project to date?

Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds and in-kind contributions (e.g., staff time, inputs, equipment rental, marketing support) that the partner has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all previous entries plus match contributions in the reporting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value from the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000 Measurement unit: Dollars

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Total match incentives

Data element name: Total match incentives

Reporting question: What is the total value of match provided by this organization for producer incentives?

Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds for incentive payments directly to producers that the partner has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. For each quarter's data entry, the value must be the sum of all previous entries plus match incentives in the reporting quarter. If there are no changes, report the value from the previous quarter.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Match type

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Match type 1-3

Reporting question: What types of match contributions has the organization provided to the project?

Description: Types of match contributions other than incentives provided directly to producers by the organization from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of match contributions provided. In-kind staff time could be used for technical assistance, marketing assistance, or other support to producers. Production inputs include seed, fertilizer, pesticides, equipment and other inputs for use in the field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other match types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Equipment rental or use

In-kind staff time

Production inputs (reduced cost or free)

Program income

Software

Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Match amount

Data element name: Match amount 1-3 Reporting question: What is the value of the match

contributions the organization provided to the project?

Description: Cumulative (total) value of funds for each match type that the organization has provided as a project match contribution from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amounts for up to the top three (in dollar value) match types. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If fewer than 3 match types are used, leave unnecessary columns

blank.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Training type provided

Data element name: Training type 1-3 provided Reporting question: What types of training has the

organization provided to project partners?

Description: Types of training provided to the project partner as a result of participating in the project during the past quarter. Training can come from the recipient, a project partner organization (including other divisions of their own organization, or an outside organization. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of partner training provided. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 training types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other training types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

- Data collection
- Grant reporting
- Marketing opportunities
- Providing financial assistance
- Providing technical assistance
- Writing producer contracts

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Quarterly Data collection level: Partner

Activity by partner

Data element name: Activity 1-3 by partner

Reporting question: What types of activities has the organization provided to the project?

Description: Types of activities that the recipient or partner organization has provided during the reporting quarter. Enter up to the top three (in dollar value) types of activities undertaken. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 activity types are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other activity types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Marketing support MMRV support

- Producer outreach for enrollment
- Technical assistance to producers
- Training to other partner organizations

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Activity cost

Data element name: Activity cost 1-3 Reporting question: What is the value of the activities

this organization has provided to the project?

Description: Cumulative (total) cost of each activity type that the organization has undertaken or offered from the start of the partnership to the end of the reporting quarter. Enter amounts for up to the top three (in dollar value) activity types. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each

column. If fewer than 3 activity types are provided, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Products supplied

Data element name: Products supplied Reporting question: What products or supplies were

provided to enrolled fields?

Description: Name(s) of products supplied to enrolled producers as incentives or matching contributions. Enter the name of each product, including its brand. Separate each product name with a comma. If no products or

supplies were provided by the organization, leave the column blank.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Product source

Data element name: Product source Reporting question: Which companies provided the

supplies?

Description: Name of firm or company from which supplies were obtained.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: Respond if text entered for 'Products supplied' **Required:** Yes

Data collection level: Partner Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Marketing Activities

Commodity type

Data element name: Commodity type Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced by

the farmers enrolled in this project?

Description: List a single commodity produced or marketed through incentives from this project. If multiple commodities are produced by the project, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each commodity. Use

the FSA commodity list in Appendix B and choose the commodity from the list.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing channel type

Data element name: Marketing channel Reporting question: What type of marketing channel is used to

ype sell this commodity?

Description: List a single type of marketing channel used to sell the commodity produced by farmers enrolled in the project. If a single commodity is marketed through multiple channels, use additional rows of the worksheet to report each combination of commodity and marketing channel. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the other marketing channel type(s) as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Agricultural marketing board

Biorefinery

Commodity broker

Direct to consumer

Direct to institution

Direct to restaurant

Distributor (including grain elevators)

Food hub or cooperative

Food processor

Non-food byproducts processor

Retailer

USDA

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Number of buyers

Data element name: Number of buyers Reporting question: How many buyers are there in this

marketing channel?

Description: List the number of individual firms or buyers in this marketing channel.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Count Allowed values: 1-500

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Names of buyers

Data element name: Names of buyers Reporting question: What are the names of all of the buyers in

this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the names of all buyers in this marketing channel. Separate each name with a comma.

Data type: Text Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Name Allowed values: Text

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing channel geography

Data element name: Marketing channel Reporting question: What is the primary geography of the

geography marketing channel?

Description: The primary geography of the type of marketing channel. Primary geography means the scale at which most of the activity of buying and selling happens. Local means within a single state or directly neighboring states. Regional means within a five-to-ten state area. National means across the United States. International means specific locations outside of the United States. Global means across the world or not to a

specific international location.

Logic: None - all respond

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

LocalRegionalNational

Global
 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Value sold

Data element name: Value sold Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity sold in

this marketing channel?

Description: The dollar value of the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Volume sold

Data element name: Volume sold Reporting question: What is the volume of the commodity sold

in this marketing channel?

Description: The volume of the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter (non-cumulative).

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Number Allowed values: 1-100,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Data element name: Volume sold unit Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?

Description: The unit associated with the volume of the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If "other" is

chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Bales (500 pounds)

Bushels

Carcass pounds

Gallons

Kilograms

Linear board feet

Liveweight pounds

Metric tons

Pounds

Short tons

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Price premium

Data element name: Price premium Reporting question: What price premium is received for the

commodity sold in this marketing channel?

Description: The price premium received for the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price

premium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0.01-\$10,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Price premium unit

Data element name: Price premium unit Reporting question: What is the unit for the price premium?

Description: The unit associated with the price premium for the commodity sold in the marketing channel. If

"other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Per bale (500 pounds)

Per bushel

Per carcass pound

Per gallon

Per kilogram

Per linear board foot

Per live pound

Per metric ton

Per ounce

Per short ton

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Price premium to producer

Data element name: Price premium to Reporting question: What percent of the price premium is

producer provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this

marketing channel?

Description: The percent of the price premium provided to the producer for the commodity sold in this marketing channel this quarter. Price premium is the amount received above a 'business as usual' price.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-100 Measurement unit: Percent

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Product differentiation method

Data element name: Product differentiation method 1-3 Reporting question: What methods are used

to differentiate climate-smart commodities in

this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the methods used to differentiate the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Product differentiation methods are ways to distinguish or differentiate the climate-smart commodity in the marketplace. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 product differentiation methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other product differentiation methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Certification/verification for internal insetting
- Farm certification
- Label or badge used on packaging or marketing
- Third party certification/verification
- Trademark Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing method

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Marketing method 1-3 Reporting question: What methods are used to market climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the method(s) used to market this commodity in this market channel. Marketing method is the way that potential buyers of the climate-smart commodity are engaged by the project partners as the sellers or facilitators of sale. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing methods as free text

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

- Label or badge used on packaging or marketing materials
- Marketing partnership (e.g., promotion by buyer)
- Print marketing campaign
- Social media and digital marketing campaign
- Verbal marketing campaign (e.g., radio, word of mouth)

Other (specify) Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Marketing channe	l identification method
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Data element name: Marketing channel identification method 1-3

Reporting question: What methods are used to generate interest in climate-smart commodities in this marketing channel?

Description: Provide the marketing channel identification method(s) used for this commodity in this market channel. Market channel identification methods are the ways that producers and project partners generate interest in purchasing the climate-smart commodity. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 marketing channel identification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other marketing channel identification methods as free text

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Educational tours for buyers
- In-person lead generation
- Negotiated contracts with buyers
- Partnership network or project partner
- Other (specify) Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Traceability method

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Traceability method

Reporting question: What traceability methods are used for climate-smart commodities in this channel?

Description: Provide the traceability method(s) used for the climate-smart commodity in this market channel. Traceability methods are ways to trace the climate-smart commodity or the climate-smart claims through the supply chain. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this project. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 traceability methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other traceability methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

- Barcode or unique ID
- Blockchain
- Book and claim
- Chain of custody
- Mass balance
- Recordkeeping
- Registry with certification
- Segregation
- Supply shed
- Volume proxy
- Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Project Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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SDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Producer Enrollment

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Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	by FSA	
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)		
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)		

Producer data change

Data element name: Producer data change Reporting question: Is there new/updated

information for a producer who is re-enrolling in the

Description: Indicates that there is new or updated information for a producer who had previously enrolled in

the project and is re-enrolling.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

> Yes No

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment

Producer start date

Data element name: Producer start date Reporting question: When did the producer enroll in

the project?

Description: Date that the producer enrolled in the project by signing their first contract.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Producer name

Data element name: Producer name Reporting question: What is the name of producer

enrolled in the project?

Description: Name of the producer enrolled in the project; the name must match the name contained in the

customer's Business Partner record and the Farm Operating Plan in FSA Business File for that Farm ID.

Select multiple values: NA Data type: Text

Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Text

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Underserved status

Data element name: Underserved status

Reporting question: Is this producer considered an underserved and/or a small producer?

Description: Underserved status of the primary operator of the enrolled operation. Underserved producers generally include beginning farmers, socially disadvantaged farmers, veteran farmers, and limited resource farmers; women farmers and producers growing specialty crops are generally also included in these categories. Small farms are generally those with less than \$350,000 in annual gross cash farm income. Indicate whether this producer is considered underserved, a small producer, or both underserved and a small producer. Use "I don't know" if the producer declines to answer. Departmental Regulation 4370-001 provides USDA's policies for collecting demographic data, including race, ethnicity and gender. Providing demographic information is voluntary and at the discretion of the customer. Demographic information is used by USDA for statistical purposes only and will not be used to determine an applicant's eligibility for programs or services for which they apply.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes, underserved

- Yes, underserved
 Yes, small producer
- Yes, underserved and small producer
- No
- I don't know

Required: No

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Total area

Data element name: Total area Reporting question: What is the total area of the farm?

Description: Total area of the farm associated with the Farm ID. Report total area of the farm, even if only a portion of the farm is enrolled in the project. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total area each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Logic: None - all respond

Allowed values:

- Less than 1 acre
- 1 to 9 acres
- 10 to 49 acres
- 50 to 69 acres
- 70 to 99 acres
- 100 to 139 acres
- 140 to 179 acres
- 180 to 219 acres
- 220 to 259 acres
- 260 to 499 acres
- 500 to 999 acres
- 1,000 to 1,999 acres
 2,000 to 4,999 acres
- 2,000 to 4,999 acres

5,000 or more acres

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Producer

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

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Total crop area

Data element name: Total crop area Reporting question: What percent of the current operation is

cropland?

Description: Area of the total farm that is currently used as cropland. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total crop area each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary

updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

Total livestock area

Data element name: Total livestock Reporting question: What amount of the current operation is used for

area livestock (by area)?

Description: Area of the total farm that is currently used for pasture, grazing, rangeland; or animal housing, feeding or milking. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total livestock area each

time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

Total forest area

Data element name: Total forest area Reporting question: What amount of the current operation is forested

(by area)?

Description: Area of the total farm that is currently considered forest land use. Forest land use means that at least 10% of the land area is covered in trees that will be at least 13 feet tall when mature. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the total forest area each time a new contract is signed and

provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: 0-100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent

enrollment(s), if applicable

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Livestock type

Data element name: Livestock type 1-3

Reporting question: What types of livestock are raised on the farm?

Description: Up to top three types of livestock (by head count) on the farm. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other livestock types as free text. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the livestock type each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

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Allowed values:

- Alpacas
- Beef cows
- Beefalo
- Buffalo or bison
- Chickens (broilers)
- Chickens (layers)
- Dairy cows
- Deer
- Ducks
- Elk
- Emus
- Equine
- Geese
- Goats
- Honeybees
- Llamas
- Reindeer
- Sheep
- Swine
- Turkeys
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Livestock head

Data element name: Livestock head 1-3

Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0

Data collection level: Producer

Reporting question: How many livestock (by type) are on this operation?

Description: Average annual head count for each type of livestock. Enter amounts for up to the top three livestock types by number. The worksheet provides three columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 livestock types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the average annual head count each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: Head count Allowed values: 1-10,000,000

Logic: Respond if 'Total livestock area' >0 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

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Data element name: Organic farm

Reporting question: Is any part of the farm currently USDAcertified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

Description: USDA-certified organic means that the farm has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the farm is certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the farm each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None - all respond Required: No

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Organic fields

Data element name: Organic fields

Reporting question: Are any of the fields enrolled in the project currently USDA-certified organic or transitioning to USDA-certified organic?

Description: USDA-certified organic means that the operation has been certified by an accredited organic certifying agent or is transitioning to USDA-certified organic by not using any of the prohibited substances. Yes means that some or all of the fields enrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. No means that no part of the fields enrolled in the project are certified organic or transitioning to certified organic. If a producer is enrolled in the project for multiple years, review the organic certification status of the enrolled fields each time a new contract is signed and provide any necessary updates.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Organic operation'

Required: No

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment and

subsequent enrollment(s), if applicable

Producer motivation

Data element name: Producer motivation Reporting question: Which of the following was the primary

reason the producer enrolled in this project?

Description: Primary operator's motivation for enrolling in the project.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

Financial benefit

Environmental benefit

New market opportunity

Partnerships or networks

Other

Required: Yes Logic: None - all respond

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Data element name: Producer outreach 1- Reporting question: What types of outreach were provided to producers?

Description: Up to three most common types of outreach provided to producer prior to enrollment. Outreach activities are those focused on identifying and enrolling producers in the project. Outreach can come from the recipient or project partners. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 outreach types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other outreach types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: Yes

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Commodity organizations
- Conferences
- Cooperative extension
- Digital communications and resources
- Education workshops, field days, and town halls
- Existing partner networks
- Farm visits and one-on-one meetings
- General advertising
- Peer referrals and producer groups
- Phone calls
- Print communications and resources
- Retailers
- State agencies
- Targeted messaging using proprietary data
- Technical service providers
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF experience

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: CSAF experience Reporting question: Has the primary operator implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years anywhere on the farm?

Description: Has this farm implemented climate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practices anywhere on the farm in the past 10 years or since the current primary operator took control (whichever time period is shorter)?

CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Yes
- No
- I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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CSAF federal funds

Data element name: CSAF federal funds **Reporting question:** Were prior CSAF practices supported by federal funds?

Description: If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by federal funds? Federal funds are defined as being from programs including, but not limited to, those from the Natural Resources Conservation Service ((NRCS), including through Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP), Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP), or related programs), the Farm Service Agency Conservation Reserve Program (CRP), as well as funds from other USDA programs or other federal agencies.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' **Required:** Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF state or local funds

Data element name: CSAF state or local Reporting question: Were prior CSAF practices supported by

unds state or local funds?

Description: If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by state funds? State or local funds are those from state departments of agriculture or other state agencies, local water quality districts and other local agencies.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF nonprofit funds

Data element name: CSAF nonprofit funds Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by

nonprofit funds?

Description: If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by nonprofit funds? Nonprofit funds are those offered directly from a nonprofit

organization to a producer.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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CSAF market incentives

Data element name: CSAF market incentives Reporting question: Were CSAF practices supported by market

incentives?

Description: If this farm (under the primary operator) has implemented CSAF practices in the last ten years, was implementation supported by market incentives? Market incentives include premiums paid by a commodity buyer or by a consumer based on branding or labeling as a climate-smart commodity.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'CSAF experience'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Field Enrollment

	ue	

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)
Prior Field ID, if applicable	Prior Field ID assigned by FSA if there has been reconstitution of the farm resulting in a new Field ID during the field's enrollment in the project

Field data change

Data element name: Field data change Reporting question: Has the information previously

reported for this field changed?

Description: Indicator that this entry is being used to report any relevant changes, such as a new Field ID number or changes to the commodity or practice combinations, for a field that has previously been enrolled in

the project.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Re-enrollment

Contract start date

Data element name: Contract start date Reporting question: What is the start date of the

contract with the producer that includes this field?

Description: Start date listed on the contract that enrolls the field in the project.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: NA

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Total field area

Data element name: Total field area Reporting question: What is the total size of the

enrolled field?

Description: Total size of the field enrolled with the project.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Acres Allowed values: .01-500

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Commodity category				
Data element name: Commodity category	Reporting question: What category of			
MONE ON DIEGO SECTION MESS. VIGANO DE 10 JULIO 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10	commodity(ies) is (are) produced from this field			
Description: Category of commodity(ies) produced in fie	ld enrolled in the project			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No			
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:			
	 Crops 			
	 Livestock 			
	 Trees 			
	 Crops and livestock 			
	 Crops and trees 			
	 Livestock and trees 			
2 - 2 - 10 W 1	 Crops, livestock and trees 			
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes			
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment			
Commodity type				
Data element name: Commodity type	Reporting question: What type of commodity is			
water with the second	produced from this field?			
Description: Type of commodity produced in field enrolle				
worksheet provides a drop-down list of the allowed value commodities in subsequent rows.	es. Choose the appropriate value. Enter additional			
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No			
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values: FSA commodity list			
Logic: None – all respond	Required: Yes			
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment			
	Data conection frequency. Initial enrollment			
Baseline yield	Demanting acception. What is the becaling still			
Data element name: Baseline yield	Reporting question: What is the baseline yield of this field?			
	rs prior to enrollment. Provide yield for the enrolled			
field if possible. If not at field level, provide average annu				
	ual yield for the specific commodity for the operation. Select multiple values: No			
field if possible. If not at field level, provide average annu	ver and a company of the company of			
field if possible. If not at field level, provide average annu Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No			

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Baseline	vield	unit

Data element name: Baseline yield unit Reporting question: Baseline yield unit

Description: Unit of average annual yield of commodity in enrolled field in 3 years prior to enrollment. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Animal units per acre

Bushels per acre

Carcass pounds per animal

Head per acre

Hundred-weights (or pounds) per head

Linear feet per acre

Liveweight pounds per animal

Pounds per acreTons per acreOther (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Baseline yield location

Data element name: Baseline yield location Reporting question: For what portion of the operation is the

baseline yield being reported?

Description: Location of the reported average annual yield of commodity in 3 years prior to enrollment. If

"other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate location as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Enrolled fieldWhole operationOther (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field land use

Data element name: Field land use Reporting question: What is this field's land use history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common land use for this field in the past 3 years?

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Crop land

Forest land

Non-agriculture

Other agricultural land

Pasture

Range

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Fiel	d	ırrı	ga	ted	ķ.

Data element name: Field irrigated Reporting question: What is this field's irrigation history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common irrigation practice on this field the past 3 years?

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

No irrigation

Center pivot

Drip-subsurface

Drip-surface

Flood/border

Furrow/ditch

Lateral/linear sprinklers

Micro-sprinklers

Seepage

Side roll

Solid set sprinklers

Supplemental

Surface

Traveling gun/towline

Wheel Line

Other

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field tillage

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Field tillage Reporting question: What is this field's tillage history?

Description: Prior to enrollment, what was the most common tillage approach during the past 3 years?

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

None

Conventional, inversion

Conventional, vertical

No-till, direct seed

Reduced till, inversion

Reduced till, vertical

Strip till

Other

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Practice	past	extent	-	farm
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Data element name: Practice past extent - Reporting question: What percent of the farm has

farm implemented this CSAF practice (combination) previously?

Description: Prior to enrollment, on what portion of the whole farm had this (these) CSAF practice(s) ever been used by the primary operator? If multiple practices are planned to be implemented in this field, enter the value that best corresponds to the farm's prior experience with the planned set of practices.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Never used

Used on less than 25% of operation

Used on 25-50% of operation
Used on 51-75% of operation

Used on more than 75% of operation

been implemented previously in this field?

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Field any CSAF practice

Data element name: Field any CSAF practice Reporting question: What is this field's prior experience with

CSAF practices?

Description: Prior to enrollment, have any CSAF practice or practices been used in this field in the past 3 years?

CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes
 No

I don't know
 Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Practice past use - this field

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Practice past use - this Reporting question: Have this CSAF practice (combination)

field

Description: Prior to enrollment, had this (these) CSAF practice(s) been used in this field in the in the past 3 years? Enter yes if all of the practices had been used previously in this field; enter some if multiple practices are being implemented and one or more, but not all of the practices had been used previously in this field; and

enter no if none of the practices had been used previously in this field.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesSome

• No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Practice type

Data element name: Practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

in this field through the project?

Description: Which CSAF practice or practices will be implemented on this field as part of enrollment in the project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Practice standard

Data element name: Practice standard 1-7 Reporting question: What standard does the CSAF practice

follow?

Description: Is the CSAF practice being implemented on the field as part of enrollment in the project following a defined practice standard? The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

NRCS

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Planned practice implementation year

Data element name: Practice 1-7 Reporting question: What year is the CSAF practice planned to

implementation year be implemented?

Description: Year that the CSAF practice is planned to be implemented on the field. Use 2022 for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively implemented in 2022 (prior to contract being signed for this project). The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Year Allowed values: 2022-2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

Practice extent

Data element name: Practice 1-7 extent Reporting question: To what extent is the practice

implemented?

Description: Total area, length, or head where the practice is being implemented in the field specified by the

contract.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Extent Allowed values: .01-

100,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

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Practice extent unit

Data element name: Practice 1-7 Reporting question: Unit for extent of practice implementation

extent unit

Description: Unit for extent of practice implementation on the field specified by the contract. If "other" is

chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate unit.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Acres

Head of livestock

Linear feet

Square feet

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Initial enrollment

CSAF Practice Sub-questions

For certain practices, additional questions are asked that provide information necessary to estimate greenhouse gas benefits from implementation of the practice. See Table 11 in the CSAF Practice Sub-questions section for descriptions of individual questions to be answered depending on the CSAF practices selected.

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SDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Farm Summary

Unique IDs

Farm ID Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA		
State or territory	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of residence	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Producer TA received

Data element name: Producer TA received 1-3

Reporting question: What types of technical assistance were provided to this producer?

Description: Did the recipient or any partner provide technical assistance (TA) to the producer this year? Technical assistance is any training, education, capacity building or other support provided by any project partner(s) directly to producers enrolled in the project. List up to the top three most common types of TA provided to this producer. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 3 TA types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other TA types as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

- Demonstration plots
- Equipment demonstrations
- Group field days or in-person field workshops
- Hotline
- One-on-one enrollment assistance
- One-on-one field visits
- One-on-one producer mentorship
- Producer networks and peer-to-peer groups
- Retailer consultation
- Social media/digital tools
- Train-the-trainer opportunities
- Virtual meetings or field days
- Webinars and videos
- Written materials
- None
- Other (specify) Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Producer incentive amount

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Producer incentive

Reporting question: What is the total value of financial

amount

incentives provided to this producer?

Description: Total incentive payment received by the producer from USDA project funds for the year (non-

cumulative). Do not include incentive payments made with partner match funds.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: NA Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$0-\$5,000,000

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Incentive reason

Data element name: Incentive reason 1-4 Reporting question: Why were incentives provided to this producer?

Description: List up to four reasons for producer incentive payments. List the top 4 based on total value of the incentive for each reason. The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 reasons, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other reasons as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

- Avoided conversion
- Conference or training attendance
- Demographics/equity payment
- Enrollment
- Foregone revenue
- Historic data collection
- Identity preservation (supply chain tracing)
- Implementation of practices
- MMRV (e.g., data collection, reporting)
- Passing audit
- Price premium on output
- Yield change
- Other (specify)

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Incentive structure

Logic: None - all respond

Reporting question: What are the units for the financial Data element name: Incentive structure 1-4 incentives provided to this producer?

Description: List the structures (units) corresponding to the top 4 (by dollar value) incentive payments to producers. Production unit is weight or volume (bushel, kilogram, ton). The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 structure types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other structure types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

- Flat rate
- Per animal head
- Per area
- Per length
- Per production unit
- Per ton GHG
- Per tree
- Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Incentive type

Data element name: Incentive type 1-4

Reporting question: What type of incentives were provided to each producer?

Description: List the top 4 types of incentive payments to producers (based on dollar value). The worksheet provides four columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If there are fewer than 4 incentive types, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other incentive types as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

- Cash payment
- Equipment loan
- · Guaranteed commodity premium payment
- Inputs and supplies
- Land rental
- Loan
- Paid labor
- Post-harvest transportation
 Tuition or fees for training
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on enrollment

Data element name: Payment on

enrollment

Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon enrollment in the project?

Description: Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon enrollment/signing a contract, and not related to any implementation, MMRV or sales activities. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon enrollment.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

- Full paymentPartial payment
- No payment

Logic: None – all respond

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on implementation

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Payment on

implementation

Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon implementation of the practices?

Description: Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon implementing the practices included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon implementation.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Full payment

Partial payment

 No payment Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Payment on harvest

Data element name: Payment on harvest

Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon harvest of the commodity?

Description: Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon harvesting or slaughtering the commodity included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon harvest.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Full payment
 Partial payment

 No payment Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on MMRV

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: Payment on MMRV

Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to the producer upon completing MMRV requirements?

Description: Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon completing the annual MMRV requirements included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon MMRV being complete.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Full paymentPartial paymentNo paymentRequired: Yes

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Producer

Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Payment on sale

Data element name: Payment on sale

Reporting question: What portion of the financial incentive is provided to producer upon sale of the commodity?

Description: Any incentive payment provided to the producer upon sale of the commodity included in the contract. Full payment means the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. Partial payment means that only part of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale. No payment means that none of the full incentive amount for any contract held by the producer is paid upon sale.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Full paymentPartial paymentNo payment

Logic: None – all respond

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Producer Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field Summary

U	n	ia	u	e	1	D	S

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

Commodity type

Data element name: Commodity type Reporting question: What type of commodity is produced from

this field?

Description: Type of commodity produced in field enrolled in the project. See full list in Appendix B. The worksheet provides multiple columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each

column. Leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Practice type

Data element name: Field practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

in this field through the project?

Description: Which climate-smart agriculture or forestry (CSAF) practice or practices are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Date practice complete

Data element name: Date practice complete Reporting question: When did the project certify CSAF practice

implementation as complete?

Description: Date that the project certifies that implementation of the CSAF practice is complete on the field. Use January of the year prior to contract year for early adopters, defined as fields that have the practice actively implemented in the year prior to a contract associated with this project is signed). The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column, corresponding to the practice types entered in the previous columns. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented on this field through enrollment in the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 - 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Contract end date

Data element name: Contract end date Reporting question: Contract end date

Description: End date listed on the contract that enrolls the field in the project. If contract end date changes,

submit updated end date during the next quarter's reporting.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

MMRV assistance provided

Data element name: MMRV assistance provided Reporting question: Was MMRV assistance provided?

Description: Was any MMRV assistance provided to the primary operator for this field? MMRV assistance includes in-field support for the use of technologies, consultation on data collection and input, and other support related to MMRV. MMRV is defined a measurement (calculations or estimations of GHG emissions), monitoring (ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time), reporting (documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization), and verification (independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Marketing assistance provided

Data element name: Marketing assistance provided Reporting question: Was marketing assistance

provided?

Description: Was any marketing assistance provided to the primary operator for the commodity(ies) produced from this field? Marketing assistance includes guaranteeing the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a platform for the sale of the commodity(ies), providing a label, branding, or other support related to marketing.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

• No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Incentive per acre or head

Data element name: Incentive per acre or head Reporting question: Is this field receiving a per-acre or

per-head incentive?

Description: Is this field receiving an incentive payment to implement a specific CSAF practice or set of practices

on a per-acre or per-head (livestock) basis?

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Field commodity value

Data element name: Field commodity value Reporting question: What is the value of the commodity

produced on the enrolled field?

Description: The dollar value of the commodity produced on the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field commodity volume

Data element name: Field commodity volume Reporting question: What is the volume of commodity

produced on the enrolled field?

Description: The volume of the commodity produced on the enrolled field

Data type: Decimal

Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Number Allowed values: 1-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field commodity volume unit

Data element name: Field commodity volume Reporting question: What is the unit of volume?

unit

Description: The unit associated with the volume of the commodity produced on the enrolled field. If "other" is

chosen, enter the appropriate value in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Bushels

Carcass weight pounds

GallonsHead

Linear feet

Liveweight pounds

PoundsTons

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cost of implementation

Data element name: Cost of implementation Reporting question: What is the cost of practice

implementation in the field?

Description: Total annual estimated cost per unit of implementing the practice(s) in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Dollars Allowed values: \$1-\$10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Cost unit

Data element name: Cost unit Reporting question: What is the unit for cost?

Description: The unit associated with the cost of implementing CSAF practices in the field. If "other" is chosen,

enter the appropriate value in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Per acre

Per bushel

Per head

Per linear foot

Per pound

Per ton

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Cost coverage

Reporting question: What percent of the practice cost is Data element name: Cost coverage

covered by the incentive?

Description: Estimated proportion of total annual cost of implementing the practice(s) that is covered by project

incentives.

Data type: Integer Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-100 Measurement unit: Percent

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field GHG monitoring

Data element name: Field GHG monitoring Reporting question: How were GHG impacts monitored in this 1-3 field?

Description: Up to the top three forms of monitoring GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Monitoring is defined as ongoing review and confirmation that the climate-smart practice has been implemented according to the agreed upon standard and documentation of any changes in the site, implementation, or GHG emissions impacts over time. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG monitoring methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG monitoring methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Drones

Ground-level photos and videos

On-farm inspection

Plot-based sampling (e.g., soil, water)

Producer records or attestation

Satellite monitoring or remote sensing

Soil metagenomics

Soil sensors

Water sensors

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field GHG reporting

Data element name: Field GHG reporting Reporting question: How were GHG benefits reported for this

Description: Up to the top three forms of reporting on GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Reporting is defined as documenting and sharing monitoring and measurement results with project partners, the recipient, and any third-party verification organization. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG reporting methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG reporting methods as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

- Automated devices
- **Fmail**
- Mobile app
- Paper
- Third-party actors
- Website
- Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field GHG verification

Data element name: Field GHG verification Reporting question: How was implementation of practices to reduce GHG emissions verified for this field?

Description: Up to the top three of verification of GHG benefits as part of MMRV requirements. Verification is defined as independent confirmation that measurement, monitoring and reporting information are complete, accurate and reliable. Include up to 3 methods, based on which methods are most commonly used for this field. The worksheet provides three columns with a drop-down list of the allowed values. Choose one value for each column. If fewer than 3 GHG verification methods are used, leave unnecessary columns blank. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter other GHG verification methods as free text.

Select multiple values: No Data type: List

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

- Artificial intelligence
- Computer modeling
- Recipient audit
- Photos
- Record audit
- Satellite imagery
- Site or field visit
- Third-party audit

Other (specify)

Logic: None - all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field GHG calculations

Data element name: Field GHG Reporting question: What methods are used to calculate GHG

calculations benefits in this field?

Description: List the method(s) used to calculate GHG benefits in this field. If yes to direct physical

measurements, submit result reports (see Supplemental Data Submission - Field direct GHG measurement

results).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Both

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official GHG calculation

Data element name: Field official GHG Reporting question: What method was used to calculate the

calculation official GHG benefits in this field?

Description: List the method used to calculate the official GHG benefits in this field that are reported as part of

the project's aggregate impact.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Models

Direct field measurements

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official GHG ER

Data element name: Field official GHG Reporting question: What are the estimated total GHG emission

emission reductions reductions (CO2eq) in this field?

Description: Estimated greenhouse gas emission reductions from practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice completion

or annually, as appropriate.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official carbon stock

Data element name: Field official carbon Reporting question: How much carbon has been sequestered in

stock this field?

Description: Estimated total change in carbon stock based on practice implementation in this field. This data element can be reported in any quarter and is cumulative for the year. Conversion rate is one ton of carbon =

3.67 tons of CO₂eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field official CO2 ER

Data element name: Field official CO2 Reporting question: What are the estimated total CO2 emission

emission reductions reductions in this field?

Description: Estimated total carbon dioxide emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

completion or annually, as appropriate.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂ Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official CH4 ER

Data element name: Field official CH4 emission Reporting question: What are the estimated total CH4

reductions emission reductions in this field?

Description: Estimated total methane emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

completion or annually, as appropriate. Conversion rate is one ton of CH₄ = 25 tons of CO₂eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in

CO₂eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field official N20 ER

Data element name: Field official N2O emission Reporting question: What are the estimated total N2O

reductions emission reductions in this field?

Description: Estimated total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on practice implementation in this field that are reported as part of the project's aggregate impact. This data element must be entered upon practice

completion or annually, as appropriate. Conversion rate is one ton of $N_2O = 298$ tons of CO_2eq .

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in

CO₂eq

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Field offsets produced

Data element name: Field offsets produced Reporting question: How many carbon offsets have been

produced in this field?

Description: Total carbon offsets produced in the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Offsets are defined

as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and sold into the carbon marketplace.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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Field insets produced

Data element name: Field insets produced Reporting question: How many carbon insets have been

produced in this field?

Description: Total carbon insets produced in the field during the quarter (not cumulative). Insets are defined as having been verified and certified using an accepted standard and accounted for within Scope 3 emissions for a

firm.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

Other field measurement

Data element name: Other field Reporting question: Were data collected from the field for

measurement reasons other than GHG benefit estimation?

Description: Direct physical measurements or data collection taken in the field for any reason other than GHG benefits estimation. These reasons could include calibration of GHG estimation tools or models, tracking other environmental benefits (see Field environmental benefits report), and other reasons. If yes, submit

corresponding reports (see Supplemental data submission - Field direct measurement results).

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Quarterly

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GHG Benefits - Alternate Modeled

ue IDs		
n ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
et ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
d ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
e or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
nty of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	1)

Commodity type

Data element name: Commodity type 1-6 Reporting question: What type of commodity (ies) is produced

from this field?

Description: Type of commodity(ies) produced in field enrolled in the project. See full list of commodity options in Appendix B. The worksheet provides multiple columns with drop-down lists of the allowed values. Choose

one value for each column. Leave unnecessary columns blank

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: FSA commodity list

Logic: None – all respond Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple

methods

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Practice type

Data element name: Practice type 1-7 Reporting question: What CSAF practice is being implemented

by this project?

Description: Which CSAF practice or practices are being implemented in this project? CSAF practices are included in a list in Appendix A. The worksheet provides seven columns for this data element. Enter one value for each column. If there are fewer than 7 practices being implemented by the project, leave unnecessary columns blank.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: See list in Appendix A

Logic: None – all respond Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple

methods

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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GHG model

Data element name: GHG model Reporting question: What model was used for alternate calculation of GHG benefits?

Description: Select the model used for the alternate calculation of the field's GHG benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

- ACC Calculator
- Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU) Carbon Calculator
- AIRES
- APEX
- · Bowen Ratio Energy Balance
- Carat-Calculator
- CArPE
- CDFA web-based calculator
- COMET-Farm
- COMET-Planner
- CoolFarm
- Cover Crop Explore
- CropTrak
- CultivateAl's FMIS
- DayCent-CR
- DNDC
- DSSAT
- Earth Optics
- EcoPractices
- EPIC
- Extrapolation based on literature
- FieldPrint
- Granular
- GREET
- gTIR
- IFSM
- IPCC default emissions factors & models
- itree
- Nitrogen Balance
- Nutrient Tracking Tool (NTT)
- RCD Project Tracker
- Revised Universal Soil Loss equation 2 (RUSLE2)
- RuFaS
- SAFE-Link
- SALUS (CIBO)
- SNAPGRAZE
- SquareRoots
- SWAT-C
- SYMFONI
- Truterra Sustainability Tool
- Verra
- WEPP
- YardStick
- Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond

Data collection level: Field

Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods

Data collection frequency: Annual

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Model start date	
Data element name: Model start date	Reporting question: For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model start date)?
Description: Date that the model parameter	
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/1950 - 12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Model end date	
Data element name: Model end date	Reporting question: For what time period are the GHG benefits modeled (model end date)?
Description: Date that the model parameters	s end.
Data type: Date	Select multiple values: NA
Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY	Allowed values: 01/01/2023-12/31/2030
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total GHG benefits estimated	
Data element name: Total GHG benefits estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total GHG emission reductions?
Description: Total greenhouse gas emission using an alternate model.	reductions from practice implementation in the field estimated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total carbon stock estimated	
alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton	THE 40명 [20대 HD]
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total CO2 estimated	
Data element name: Total CO2 estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total CO2 emission reductions?
Description: Total carbon dioxide emission reusing an alternate model.	eductions based on practice implementation in the field estimated
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CO ₂	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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Total CH4 estimated		
Data element name: Total CH4 estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate of the field's total CH4 emission reductions?	
Description: Total methane emission reductions based on praction an alternate model. Conversion rate is one ton of CH ₄ = 25 tons		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
otal field N20 estimated		
Data element name: Total N2O estimated	Reporting question: What is the alternate estimate of the field's total N2O emission reductions?	
Description: Total nitrous oxide emission reductions based on using an alternate method. Conversion rate is one ton of N_2O =	V	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000	
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If project calculates GHG benefits using multiple methods	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	

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SDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

GHG Benefits - Measured

u	ni	a	п	ρ	ı	D	S
•		-	•	•		_	•

Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

GHG measurement method

Logic: None - all respond

Data element name: GHG measurement method

Reporting question: What measurement method is used to calculate GHG benefits?

Description: Field-based measurement method used to calculate GHG benefits. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Allowed values: Measurement unit: Category

> **Emissions measurement** unit

Flux towers

Litterbags

Plant measurements

Portable emissions analyzers

Soil flux chambers

Soil samples Soil sensors

Vehicle-mounted sensors

Other (specify)

Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this

field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Lab name

Data element name: Lab name Reporting question: What is the name of the lab that

processed the measurement samples?

Description: Name of entity that received data and conducted analysis of samples. Data type: Text Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: NA Allowed values: Free text Logic: None - all respond Required: If applicable

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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Measurement start date

Data element name: Measurement start date Reporting question: On what date did the

measurement start?

Description: Date that the measurements began. If it was a single point in time, use the same date for start date and end date. If multiple measurements took place over a time period, use the date that the measurements first

began.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023 – 12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes

carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission

measurements in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Measurement end date

Data element name: Measurement end date Reporting question: On what date did the

measurement end?

Description: Date that the measurements began. If it was a single point in time, use the same date for start date and end date. If multiple measurements took place over a time period, use the date that the measurements

were completed.

Data type: Date Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: MM/DD/YYYY Allowed values: 01/01/2023–12/31/2030

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes

carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission

measurements in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Total CO2 reduction calculated

Data element name: Total CO2 reduction calculated Reporting question: What are

the total measured CO2 emission reductions?

Description: Total annual CO2 emission reductions based on practice implementation in the field calculated

from in-field measurements.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂ Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project takes

carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this

field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency:

Annual

Total field carbon stock measured

Data element name: Total field carbon stock Reporting question: What is the total amount of

measured carbon sequestered based on repeat measurements

in this field?

Description: Change in carbon stock based on practice implementation in the field calculated from repeat soil sampling in this field. (Results for initial field soil samples should be reported in the 'Soil sample result' and

'Measurement type" columns.) Conversion rate is one ton of carbon = 3.67 tons of CO₂eq.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Metric tons CO₂eq Allowed values: 0-10,000,000

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes

carbon stock measurements in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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Total CH4 reduction calculated	
Data element name: Total CH4 reduction calculated	Reporting question: What are the total measured CH4 emission reductions?
Description: Total annual methane emission reductions b from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is one ton or	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons CH4 reduced in CO2eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Total N20 reduction calculated	
Data element name: Total N2O reduction calculated Reporting question: What are the to N2O emission reductions?	
Description: Total annual nitrous oxide emission reductio	ns based on practice implementation in the field
calculated from in-field measurements. Conversion rate is	S S S
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Metric tons N2O reduced in CO ₂ eq	Allowed values: 0-10,000,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples or takes carbon stock or greenhouse gas emission measurements in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Soil sample result	
Data element name: Soil sample result	Reporting question: What is the numeric result from this soil sample?
Description: Results of measurement(s) taken to determine in a specified volume of soil).	ne the carbon stock of a soil (the tons of carbon found
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: .00001-100,000
Logic: None – all respond	Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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Soil sample result unit

Data element name: Soil sample result unit Reporting question: What is unit for the soil sample result?

Description: Unit for the corresponding soil sample result. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free

text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

PercentPpmGrams

Grams per cubic centimeter

Other (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Measurement type

Data element name: Measurement type Reporting question: What type of analysis was conducted for

this soil sample?

Description: Type of soil analysis conducted. The worksheet provides a drop-down list of choices for this data element. If "other" is chosen, use the additional column to enter the appropriate yield unit as free text.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Organic matter
 Total organic carbon

Bulk densityOther (specify)

Logic: None – all respond Required: If a project conducts soil samples in this field

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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Additional Environmental Benefits

Unique IDs		
Farm ID	Unique Farm ID assigned by FSA	
Tract ID	Unique Tract ID assigned by FSA	
Field ID	Unique Field ID assigned by FSA	
State or territory of field	State name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	
County of field	County name (must match FSA farm enrollment data)	

-			
- m	ronmenta	al ha	notite
LIIVI	1 Ullille III.	שנו נוב	HEHLS

Data element name: Environmental Reporting question: Are environmental benefits other than

penefits GHGs being tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking of environmental benefits other than greenhouse gas emission reductions and carbon sequestration in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting

that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes
 No

I don't know

Logic: None – all respond Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss

Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen Reporting question: Are reductions in nitrogen losses being

ss tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking reductions in nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using

some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

• 1/10

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss amount

Data element Reporting question: How much reduction in nitrogen losses

name: Reduction in nitrogen loss amount have been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of reduction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in

nitrogen loss'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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Reduction is	n nitrogen	loss amount un	iit

Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen

loss amount unit

Reporting question: What is the unit for how much reduction in

nitrogen losses have been measured in the field?

Description: Unit for the total amount of reduction in nitrogen losses that is measured and reported in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

KilogramsMetric tonsPounds

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in

nitrogen loss'

Data collection level: Field

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in nitrogen loss purpose

Data element name: Reduction in nitrogen

loss purpose

Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduction in

nitrogen losses?

Description: Purpose of tracking reduction in nitrogen losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category

Allowed values:

Commodity marketing

Producing insets

Producing offsets

I don't knowOther (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in Required: Yes

nitrogen loss'

phosphorus loss

Data collection level: Project

Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in phosphorus loss

Data element name: Reduction in

Reporting question: Are reductions in phosphorus losses being

tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking of reductions in phosphorus losses in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum

using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes

No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduction in phosphorus loss amount

Data collection level: Field

Data element name: Reduction in phosphorus loss amount

Reporting question: How much reduction in phosphorus losses

have been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of reduction in phosphorus losses that is measured in the field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in

phosphorus loss'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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benefits'

Data collection level: Field

production and a second	
Reduction in phosphorus loss amount unit	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in
phosphorus loss amount unit	phosphorus losses measured in the field?
다른 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 다른 사람들이 보고 있다면 하는데 하는데 하는데 보고 있다면 되었다면 하는데 보고 있다면 하는데 보고 있다면 되었다면 하는데 보고 있다면 없는데 하는데 보고 있다면 하는데 보다면 하는데 보고 있다면 하는데 보다면 하는데 보고 있다면 하는데 보다면 되었다면 하는데 보다면 하는데 보다면 하는데 보다면 하는데 보다면 되었다면 하는데 보다면 하는데 보다면 되었다면 되었다면 하는데 보다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었다면 되었	duction in phosphorus losses that is measured in the enrolled field. If
"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate val	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	 Kilograms
	Metric tons
	 Pounds
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
phosphorus loss'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Reduction in phosphorus loss purpose	
Data element name: Reduction in	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reductions
phosphorus loss purpose	in phosphorus losses?
Description: Purpose of tracking reduction i	in phosphorus losses in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter
the appropriate value as free text in the add	ditional column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	Commodity marketing
	 Producing insets
	 Producing offsets
	I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduction in	Required: Yes
phosphorus loss'	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual
Other water quality	Some of the southern production of the south register agreement of the south register and the southern agreement of the so
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: Are other water quality metrics being
	tracked in the field?
Description: Project tracking of other water	quality metrics in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum
using some form of monitoring and reportir	ng that can quantify benefits.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
The first time to the control of the	• Yes
	• No
	I don't know
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental	Required: Yes
	ಆರ್. ಷ ರುಗರಾಸ್ಕರ್ನನ್

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Data collection frequency: Annual



Data collection level: Field

Other water quality type		
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What type of other water quality metric	
type	have been measured in the field?	
- North Mall Control (1987) - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1	etric (besides nitrogen loss and phosphorus loss reductions) that is	
The state of the s	enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	 Sediment load reduction 	
	Temperature	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Other water quality amount		
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: How much reduction in other water quality	
amount	metrics have been measured in the field?	
Description: Total amount of reduction in o	ther water quality metrics that is measured in the enrolled field.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Other water quality amount unit		
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What is the unit for the reduction in other	
amount unit	water quality metrics measured in the field?	
	duction in other water quality metrics that is measured in the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
	 Degrees F 	
	 Kilograms 	
	Kilograms per liter	
	Metric tons	
	• Pounds	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes	

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Data collection frequency: Annual



Other water quality purpose			
Data element name: Other water quality	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking other water		
purpose	quality benefits?		
appropriate value as free text in the addition	r quality benefits in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
53 (F) (F)	Allowed values:		
Measurement unit: Category			
	 Commodity marketing Producing insets 		
	Producing disets Producing offsets		
	I don't know		
	Other (specify)		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Other water quality'	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Nater quantity	8 8		
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: Is water conservation being tracked in the field?		
Description: Tracking of water conservation	or reduction in use in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a		
minimum using some form of monitoring an	d reporting that can quantify benefits.		
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
	• Yes		
	• No		
	I don't know		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Water quantity amount			
Data element name: Water quantity	Reporting question: How much water conservation has been		
amount	measured in the field?		
- T	ation or reduction that is measured in the field.		
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes		
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual		
Water quantity amount unit			
Data element name: Water quantity amount unit	Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of water conservation measured in the field?		
- 공항장으로 교육하다는 맛있다면 가능한 맛있다면 처럼 하나는 하는 것이 없었다 사람들 수 있다면 모르네네 하다 모르네네 이번도 모르네네 맛이다.	the appropriate value as free text in the additional column. Select multiple values: No		
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:		
The state of the s	Acre-feet		
	Cubic feet		
	Other (specify)		
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity'	Required: Yes		
The state of the s			

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Water quantity purpose Data element name: Water quantity Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking water conservation? Description: Purpose of tracking water conservation or reductions in water use in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column. Data type: List Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: Commodity marketing **Producing insets** Producing offsets I don't know Other (specify) Logic: Respond if yes to 'Water quantity' Required: Yes Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual Reduced erosion Data element name: Reduced erosion Reporting question: Is reduced soil erosion being tracked in the Description: Tracking of reduced soil erosion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits. Data type: List Select multiple values: No Measurement unit: Category Allowed values: Yes No I don't know Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental Required: Yes

benefits'

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced erosion amount

Data element name: Reduced erosion Reporting question: How much erosion reduction has been

amount measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of erosion reduction that is measured in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No Allowed values: 0-1,000,000 Measurement unit: Amount

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Reduced erosion amount unit

Data element name: Reduced erosion unit Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of erosion

reduction measured?

Description: Unit for the total amount of erosion reduction from enrolled fields that is measured and reported

by the project. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Tons

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion' Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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February 2023		
Reduced erosion purpose		
Data element name: Reduced erosion purpose Description: Purpose of tracking reduced ero value as free text in the additional column.	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced erosion in the field? osion the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate	
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
measurement and eategory	Commodity marketing	
	Producing insets	
	Producing offsets	
	I don't know	
	Other (specify)	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced erosion'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Reduced energy use		
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: Is reduced energy use being tracked in the field?	
Description: Tracking of reduced energy use form of monitoring and reporting that can quality Data type: List	in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some uantify benefits. Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:	
Weasurement unit. Category	Yes	
	• No	
	I don't know	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental benefits'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Reduced energy use amount		
Data element name: Reduced energy use amount	Reporting question: How much energy use reduction has been measured in the field?	
Description: Total amount of energy use red	uction that is measured in the enrolled field.	
Data type: Decimal	Select multiple values: No	
Measurement unit: Amount	Allowed values: 0-1,000,000	
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy use'	Required: Yes	
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual	
Reduced energy use amount unit		
Data element name: Reduced energy use	Reporting question: What is the unit for the energy use	

Reduced	energy	use	amount unit
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reduction measured in the field?

Description: Unit for the total amount of energy use reduction that is measured in the enrolled field. If "other"

is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column. Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Kilowatt hours

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy

use'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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Reduced energy use purpose

Data element name: Reduced energy use Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking reduced

ourpose energy use in the field?

Description: Purpose of tracking reduced energy use in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity marketing
 Producing insets

Producing offsets

I don't knowOther (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Reduced energy

use'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: Is avoided land conversion being tracked in

conversion the field?

Description: Tracking of avoided land conversion in the enrolled field. Tracking means at a minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits. Land conservation means land use changing from

agricultural uses to non-agricultural uses.

Data type: List

Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Yes
 No

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion amount

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: How much avoided land conversion has

conversion amount been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of avoided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land

conversion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Avoided land conversion amount unit

Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of avoided

conversion unit land conversion measured in the field?

Description: Unit for the total amount of avoided land conversion that is measured in the enrolled field. If

"other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Acres

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land

conversion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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Avoided	land	convers	ion	purpose
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Data element name: Avoided land Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking avoided

conversion purpose land conversion in the field?

Description: Purpose of tracking avoided land conversion in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the

appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

Commodity marketing
 Producing insets

Producing offsets

I don't knowOther (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Avoided land

conversion'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Improved wildlife habitat

Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: Are improvements to wildlife habitat being

habitat tracked in the field?

Description: Tracking of improvements to wildlife in and around the enrolled field. Tracking means at a

minimum using some form of monitoring and reporting that can quantify benefits.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

YesNo

I don't know

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Environmental

benefits'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Improved wildlife habitat amount

Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: How much improved wildlife habitat has

habitat amount been measured in the field?

Description: Total amount of improved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around the enrolled fields.

Data type: Decimal Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Amount Allowed values: 0-1,000,000

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife

habitat'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

Improved wildlife habitat amount unit

Data element name: Improved wildlife Reporting question: What is the unit for the amount of improved

habitat unit wildlife habitat measured in the field?

Description: Unit for the total amount of improved wildlife habitat that is measured in and around enrolled

fields. If "other" is chosen, enter the appropriate value as free text in the additional column.

Data type: List Select multiple values: No

Measurement unit: Category Allowed values:

AcresLinear feet

Other (specify)

Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife

habitat'

Required: Yes

Data collection level: Field Data collection frequency: Annual

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mproved wildlife habitat purpose	
Data element name: Improved wildlife	Reporting question: What is the purpose of tracking improved
habitat purpose	wildlife habitat in the field?
Description: Purpose of tracking improved v	vildlife habitat in the enrolled field. If "other" is chosen, enter the
appropriate value as free text in the addition	nal column.
Data type: List	Select multiple values: No
Measurement unit: Category	Allowed values:
	 Commodity marketing
	 Producing insets
	 Producing offsets
	 I don't know
	Other (specify)
Logic: Respond if yes to 'Improved wildlife habitat'	Required: Yes
Data collection level: Field	Data collection frequency: Annual

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CSAF Practice Sub-questions

For some CSAF practices, there is an additional set of questions that are unique to each practice. Responses to these questions are needed to verify estimated GHG benefits of these practices. If a field is implementing a CSAF practice with an NRCS CPS code in Table 11, answer the follow-up questions listed next to the relevant practice name in the table. Use the *Supplemental Reporting Workbook – CSAF Practice Sub-questions* to report the required information.

Table 11. Follow-on questions for select CSAF practices

Practice name and code	Follow-up question	Options (select one)
Alley Cropping (CPS 311)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Anaerobic Digester (CPS 366)	Waste storage system prior to installing anaerobic digester	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Digester type	Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring Complex mix with energy generation Plug flow with energy generation Other (specify)
	Additional feedstock source (select most common if using more than one)	Food waste Straw or bedding Wastewater Other (specify)

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		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
	9 NO 607 III 687	Kerosene
	Fuel type before installation	Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount before installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Part Control of the Part Control	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene)
	Fuel amount unit before	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
Combustion System		Other (specify)
mprovement (CPS 372)		Coal
		Diesel
		Electricity
		Gasoline
	For I was a few days Harden	Kerosene
	Fuel type after installation	Liquified petroleum gas (LPG)
		Natural gas
		Propane
		Wood
		Other (specify)
	Fuel amount after installation	0-1,000,000
		Cubic feet (natural gas)
	Private and a state of the state of	Gallons (diesel, gasoline, propane, LPG, kerosene)
	Fuel amount unit after	Kilowatt-hours (electricity)
	installation	Pounds (wood, coal)
		Other (specify)
		Brassicas
Conservation Cover	Species category (select most	Grasses
	common/extensive type if	Legumes
11 05 3771	using more than one)	Non-legume broadleaves
		Shrubs

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		Brassica
		Broadleaf
	Conservation crop type	Cool season
	conservation of op type	Grass
		Legume
		Warm season
		Added perennial crop
Conservation Crop Rotation	Change implemented	Reduced fallow period
(CPS 328)	2	Both
(CF 3 328)		Conventional (plow, chisel, disk)
		No-till, direct seed
	Conservation crop rotation tillage type	Reduced till
	conservation crop rotation timage type	Strip till
		None
	7	Other (specify)
	Total conservation crop rotation length in days	1-120
	Strip width (feet)	1-100
Contour Buffer Strips (CPS		Grasses
332)	Species category	Forbs
	So National Community College (Sept. 1984)	Mix
		Brassicas
	Species category (select most	Forbs
	common/extensive type if using more	Grasses
	than one)	Legume
		Non-legume broadleaves
	12	Grazing
C (CDS 240)	Cover crop planned management	Haying
Cover Crop (CPS 340)	11 10 839	Termination
		Burning
		Herbicide application
	Cover eran termination method	Incorporation
	Cover crop termination method	Mowing
		Rolling/crimping
		Winter kill/frost
		Grass
	Species category (select most	Grass legume/forb mix
Critical Area Planting (CPS	common/extensive type if using more	Herbaceous woody mix
342)	than one)	Perennial or reseeding
	than one;	Shrubs
		Trees
	Crude protein (percent)	0-100
Feed Management (CPS 592)	Fat (percent)	0-100
		Chemical
	Florit 1797 A. T.	Edible oils/fats
	Feed additives/supplements	Seaweed/kelp
		Other (specify)
Field Border (CPS 386)	C	Forbs
	Species category (select most	Grasses
	common/extensive type if using more	Mix
	than one)	Shrubs

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USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Filter Strip (CPS 393) Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one) Forest Farming (CPS 379) Forest Farming (CPS 379) Land use in previous year Forest Stand Improvement (CPS 666) Purpose for implementation Forest Stand Improvement (CPS 666) Forest Stand Improve forest Stand Pasture/grazing land Row crops Other agroforestry Maintain or improve forest carbon stocks Maintain or improve forest structure and composition Maintain or improve wildlife, fish, and pollinator habitat Manage natural precipitation more efficiently Reduce forest pest pressure Reduce forest wildfire hazard Flowering Plants Forbs Grasses Grasses Grasses Grasses Grasses Shrubs Trees Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one) Forbs Grasses Grasses Mix Shrubs Trees Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs Shrubs Shrubs Shrubs Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs Mix Mix Maintain or improve forest tartouture and composition Mixit		Strip width (feet)	20-1,000
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Pollinator habitat Manage natural precipitation more efficientl Reduce forest pest pressure Reduce forest wildfire hazard Flowering Plants Forbs Grasses Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one) Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one) Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one) Species density (number of trees planted per acre) Forbs Grasses Shrubs Trees 1-10,000 Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs Barriers (CPS 603) Barrier width (feet) Number of rows Mulching (CPS 484) Mulch type Mulch type Mulch type Polinator habitat Manage natural precipitation more efficientl Reduce forest pest pressure Reduce forest pest pressure Reduce forest pest pressure Reduce forest pest pressure Reduce forest wildfire hazard Flowering Plants Forbs Grasses Mrubs Grasses Mix Shrubs Shrubs Barrier width (feet) 1-1,000 Number of rows 1-100 Gravel Natural Synthetic Wood	Improvement (CPS 666)	Purpose for implementation	Maintain or improve wildlife, fish, and
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Herbaceous Wind Barriers (CPS 603) Mulching (CPS 484) More than one) Trees Trees 1-10,000 Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs Barrier width (feet) Mulch type Mulch type Trees 1-10,000 Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs Forbs Grasses Mix Shrubs Barrier width (feet) Natural Synthetic Wood		Species category (select most	Grasses
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Herbaceous Wind Barriers (CPS 603) Barrier width (feet) Number of rows 1-100 Gravel Natural Nulching (CPS 484) Mulch type Mulch type Synthetic Wood			Grasses
Barriers (CPS 603) Barrier width (feet) 1-1,000	Herbaceous Wind		Mix
Barrier width (feet) 1-1,000 Number of rows 1-100 Gravel Natural Synthetic Wood	[[[[전기기 [전환 라면([[전]]]] 기 [] [[[[[]]]	more than one)	Shrubs
Mulching (CPS 484) Mulch type Synthetic Wood		Barrier width (feet)	1-1,000
Mulching (CPS 484) Mulch type Synthetic Wood		Number of rows	1-100
Mulching (CPS 484) Mulch type Synthetic Wood		Levinor and Constant	Gravel
Mulching (CPS 484) Synthetic Wood		Mulch type	Natural
Wood	Mulching (CPS 484)	wuich type	Synthetic
Mulch cover (percent of field) 0-100			Wood
		Mulch cover (percent of field)	0-100

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INCOME TO SELECT		
	Nutrient type with CPS 590	Biosolids Commercial fertilizers Compost EEF (nitrification inhibitor) EEF (slow or controlled release) EEF (urease inhibitor) Green manure Liquid animal manure Organic by-products Organic residues or materials Solid/semi-solid animal manure Wastewater
	Nutrient application method with CPS 590	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
Nutrient management (CPS 590)	Nutrient application method in the previous year	Banded Broadcast Injection Irrigation Surface application Surface application with tillage Variable rate
	Nutrient application timing with CPS 590	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application timing in the previous year	Single pre-planting Single post-planting Split pre- and post-planting Split post-planting
	Nutrient application rate with CPS 590	0-20,000
	Nutrient application rate unit with CPS 590	Gallons per acre Pounds per acre
	Nutrient application rate change	Decrease compared to previous year Increase compared to previous year No change
Pasture and Hay Planting	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Cool-season broadleaf Cool-season grass Warm-season broadleaf Warm-season grass
(CPS 512)	Termination process	Grazing Haying (i.e., cutting and baling) Other (specify)
Prescribed Grazing (CPS 528)	Grazing type	Cell grazing Deferred rotational Management intensive Rest-rotation

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USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

Range Planting (CPS 550)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Forbs Grasses Legumes Shrubs Trees
Residue and Tillage Management – No-till (CPS 329)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row only
Residue and Tillage Management – Reduced Till (CPS 345)	Surface disturbance	None Seed row/ridge tillage for planting Shallow across most of the soil surface Vertical/mulch
Riparian Forest Buffer (CPS 391)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
(CF3 391)	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Riparian Herbaceous Cover (CPS 390)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Ferns Forbs Grasses Legumes Rushes Sedges
Roofs and Covers (CPS 367)	Roof/cover type	Concrete Flexible geomembrane Metal Timber Other (specify)
Silvopasture (CPS 381)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Forage Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
	Strip width (feet)	1-1,000
Stripcropping (CPS 585)	Crop category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Erosion resistant crops Fallow Sediment trapping crops
	Number of strips	2-100
Tree/Shrub Establishment (CPS 612)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000
Vegetative Barrier (CPS 601)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Grasses Grass forb mix Grass legume mix
	Barrier width (feet)	3-1,000

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Waste Separation Facility	Separation type	Chemical (e.g., salts, polymers) Mechanical (e.g., screens, presses) Settling basin
(CPS 632)	Most common use of solids	Bedding Field applied Other (specify)
Waste Storage Facility (CPS 313)	Waste storage system prior to installing your waste storage facility	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/range/paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
Waste Treatment (CPS 629)	Treatment type	Biological Chemical Mechanical
Waste Treatment Lagoon (CPS 359)	Waste storage system prior to installing waste treatment lagoon	Aerobic lagoon Anaerobic digester (complex mix) with energy generation Anaerobic digester (plug flow) with energy generation Anaerobic lagoon Composting Covered lagoon (no energy generation or flaring) Covered lagoon with energy generation Covered lagoon with flaring Daily spread Deep bedding pack Deep pit Dry lot Dry stacking/solid storage Pasture/Range/Paddock Poultry with bedding Poultry without bedding (e.g., high rise) Slurry tank/basin
	Is there a lagoon cover/crust?	Yes No
	Is there lagoon aeration?	Yes No

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Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation (CPS 380)	Species category (select most common/extensive type if using more than one)	Coniferous trees Deciduous trees Shrubs	
	Species density (number of trees planted per acre)	1-10,000	

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Appendix A: Climate-smart Agriculture and Forestry Practices

309, Agrichemical Handling Facility 390, Riparian Herbaceous Cover 311, Alley Cropping 391, Riparian Forest Buffer

313, Waste Storage Facility 393, Filter Strip 314, Brush Management 394, Firebreak

315, Herbaceous Weed Treatment 395, Stream Habitat Improvement and Management

316, Animal Mortality Facility 396, Aquatic Organism Passage 317, Composting Facility 397, Aquaculture Pond 318, Short Term Storage of Animal Waste and By-Products 398, Fish Raceway or Tank

319, On-Farm Secondary Containment Facility 399, Fishpond Management 320, Irrigation Canal or Lateral 400, Bivalve Aquaculture Gear and Biofouling Control

324, Deep Tillage 402, Dam

325, High Tunnel System 410, Grade Stabilization Structure

412, Grassed Waterway 326, Clearing and Snagging 420, Wildlife Habitat Planting 327, Conservation Cover 328, Conservation Crop Rotation 422, Hedgerow Planting 423, Hillside Ditch

329, Residue and Tillage Management, No Till

330, Contour Farming 428, Irrigation Ditch Lining

331, Contour Orchard and Other Perennial Crops 428A, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining, 332, Contour Buffer Strips Plain Concrete

333, Amending Soil Properties with Gypsum Products 428B, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining,

334, Controlled Traffic Farming Flexible Membrane 336, Soil Carbon Amendment 428C, Irrigation Water Conveyance, Ditch and Canal Lining, 338, Prescribed Burning Galvanized Steel

340, Cover Crop 430, Irrigation Pipeline 342, Critical Area Planting 432, Dry Hydrant 345, Residue and Tillage Management, Reduced Till 436, Irrigation Reservoir

348, Dam, Diversion 441, Irrigation System, Microirrigation

350, Sediment Basin 442, Sprinkler System

443, Irrigation System, Surface and Subsurface 351, Well Decommissioning 447, Irrigation and Drainage Tailwater Recovery 353, Monitoring Well

355, Groundwater Testing 449, Irrigation Water Management

356, Dike and Levee 450, Anionic Polyacrylamide (PAM) Application 359, Waste Treatment Lagoon 453, Land Reclamation, Landslide Treatment 360, Waste Facility Closure 455, Land Reclamation, Toxic Discharge Control

362, Diversion 457, Mine Shaft and Adit Closing

460, Land Clearing 366, Anaerobic Digester

367, Roofs and Covers 462, Precision Land Forming and Smoothing

368, Emergency Animal Mortality Management 464, Irrigation Land Leveling 371, Air Filtration and Scrubbing 466, Land Smoothing

468, Lined Waterway or Outlet 372, Combustion System Improvement

373, Dust Control on Unpaved Roads and Surfaces 472, Access Control 374, Energy Efficient Agricultural Operation 484, Mulching

375, Dust Management for Pen Surfaces 490, Tree/Shrub Site Preparation 376, Field Operations Emissions Reduction 500, Obstruction Removal

378, Pond 511, Forage Harvest Management 379, Forest Farming 512, Pasture and Hay Planting

380, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment and Renovation 516, Livestock Pipeline

520, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Soil Treatment 381, Silvopasture

382, Fence 521, Pond Sealing or Lining, Geomembrane or

383, Fuel Break Geosynthetic Clay Liner

384, Woody Residue Treatment 521A, Pond Sealing or Lining, Flexible Membrane 386, Field Border 521B, Pond Sealing or Lining, Soil Dispersant 388, Irrigation Field Ditch 521C, Pond Sealing or Lining, Bentonite Sealant

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521D, Pond Sealing or Lining, Compacted Clay Treatment

522, Pond Sealing or Lining - Concrete

527, Sinkhole Treatment 528, Prescribed Grazing 533, Pumping Plant

543, Land Reclamation, Abandoned Mined Land 544, Land Reclamation, Currently Mined Land 548, Grazing Land Mechanical Treatment

550, Range Planting

554, Drainage Water Management

555, Rock Wall Terrace 557, Row Arrangement 558, Roof Runoff Structure

560, Access Road

561, Heavy Use Area Protection 562, Recreation Area Improvement

566, Recreation Land Improvement and Protection

570, Stormwater Runoff Control

572, Spoil Disposal 574, Spring Development 575, Trails and Walkways 576, Livestock Shelter Structure

578, Stream Crossing

580, Streambank and Shoreline Protection

582, Open Channel

584, Channel Bed Stabilization

585, Stripcropping

587, Structure for Water Control

588, Crosswind Ridges 589, Cross Wind Trap Strips 590, Nutrient Management

591, Amendments for Treatment of Agricultural Waste

592, Feed Management

595, Pest Management Conservation System

600, Terrace

601, Vegetative Barrier 602, Equitable Relief

603, Herbaceous Wind Barriers

604, Saturated Buffer 605, Denitrifying Bioreactor 606, Subsurface Drain 607, Surface Drain, Field Ditch

608, Surface Drain, Main or Lateral

609, Surface Roughening

610, Salinity and Sodic Soil Management

612, Tree/Shrub Establishment

614, Watering Facility 620, Underground Outlet 629, Waste Treatment 630, Vertical Drain 632, Waste Separation Facility

633, Waste Recycling 634, Waste Transfer

635, Vegetated Treatment Area 636, Water Harvesting Catchment 638, Water and Sediment Control Basin

640, Waterspreading 642, Water Well

643, Restoration of Rare or Declining Natural Communities

644, Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management 645, Upland Wildlife Habitat Management

646, Shallow Water Development and Management 647, Early Successional Habitat Development-Mgt

649, Structures for Wildlife

650, Windbreak/Shelterbelt Renovation

654, Road/Trail/Landing Closure and Treatment

655, Forest Trails and Landings 656, Constructed Wetland 657, Wetland Restoration 658, Wetland Creation 659, Wetland Enhancement 660, Tree-Shrub Pruning 666, Forest Stand Improvement

670, Energy Efficient Lighting System 672, Energy Efficient Building Envelope 736, Crop By-Product Transfer, interim 724, Water Treatment Facility, interim 735, Waste Gasification Facility, interim

737, Reduced Water and Energy Coffee Conveyance

System, interim

740, Pond Sealing and Lining, Soil Cement, interim

751, Individual Terrace, interim 753, Infiltration Ditch, interim 755, Well Plugging, interim

770, Livestock Confinement Facility, interim 775, Drainage Ditch Covering, interim 782, Phosphorus Removal System, interim 800, Controlling Existing Flowing Wells, interim

803, Water Well Disinfection, interim

805, Amending Soil Properties with Lime, interim

808, Soil Carbon Amendment, interim

809, Conservation Harvest Management, interim 810, Annual Forages for Grazing Systems, interim

812, Raised Beds, interim

815, Groundwater Recharge Basin or Trench, interim

817, On-Farm Recharge, interim

818, Water Conservation System, interim

821, Low Tunnel Systems, interim 823, Organic Management, interim

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Other CSAF Practices

Traditional or cultural practices Microbial products Solar power generation Grain bin construction Pre-season drainage

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Appendix B: Commodity List

CROPS CINNAMON HYBRID POPLAR TREES

ALFALFA CLOVER IDLE ALMONDS COCONUTS INDIGO

AMARANTH GRAIN COFFEE ISRAEL MELONS
APPLES CORN JACK FRUIT

APRICOTS COTTON ELS JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES

ARONIA (CHOKEBERRY) **COTTON UPLAND JICAMA ARTICHOKES CRANBERRIES JOJOBA ASPARAGUS** CRENSHAW MELON JUJUBE **ATEMOYA** CRUSTACEAN **JUNEBERRIES AVOCADOS CUCUMBERS** KENAF **CURRANTS BAMBOO SHOOTS** KHORASAN **BANANAS** DASHEEN **KIWIBERRY** BARLEY DATES **KIWIFRUIT**

BEANS DURIAN KOCHIA (PROSTRATA)

BEETS EGGPLANT KOHLRABI

BIRDSFOOT/TREFOIL EINKORN KOREAN GOLDEN MELON

BLUEBERRIES ELDERBERRIES KUMQUATS BREADFRUIT EMMER LAMBS EAR BROCCOFLOWER FIGS LEEKS BROCCOLI **FINFISH LEMONS** BROCCOLINI FLAX **LENTILS BRUSSEL SPROUTS FLOWERS LESPEDEZA** FORAGE SOYBEAN/SORGHUM BUCKWHEAT LETTUCE CABBAGE GAILON LIMES GARLIC CACAO LONGAN **CACTUS GENIP** LOQUATS CAIMITO **GINGER** LYCHEE CALABAZA MELON GINSENG MANGOS **CALALOO** GOOSEBERRIES **MANGOSTEEN** CAMELINA **GOURDS** MAPLE SAP

CANARY MELON GRAPEFRUIT MAYHAW BERRIES
CANARY SEED GRAPES MEADOWFOAM
CANEBERRIES GRASS MILKWEED
CANISTEL GREENS MILLET

CANOLA **GROUND CHERRY** MIXED FORAGE **CANTALOUPES** GUAMABANA/SOURSOP MOHAIR CARAMBOLA (STAR FRUIT) **GUAR** MOLLUSK **CARROTS GUAVA** MORINGA **CASHEW GUAVABERRY MULBERRIES CASSAVA GUAYULE MUSHROOMS** CAULIFLOWER HAZEL NUTS MUSTARD CELERIAC **HEMP NECTARINES CELERY HERBS** NIGER SEED NON CHERIMOYA **HESPERALOE**

CHERRIES HONEY OATS CHESTNUTS **HONEYBERRIES OKRA** CHICORY/RADICCHIO HONEYDEW **OLIVES** ONIONS CHINESE BITTER MELON HOPS HORSERADISH CHRISTMAS TREES **ORANGES CHUFAS HUCKLEBERRIES PAPAYA**

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TURKEYS

USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Data Dictionary for Recipients February 2023

PARSNIP STRAWBERRIES PASSION FRUITS SUGAR BEETS **PAWPAW** SUGARCANE LIVESTOCK **PEACHES SUNFLOWERS ALPACAS PEANUTS BEEF COWS** SUNN HEMP **PEARS TANGELOS BEEFALO**

PEARS TANGELOS BEEFALO
PEAS TANGERINES BUFFALO OR BISON
PECANS TANGORS CHICKENS (BROILERS)
PENNYCRESS TANGOS CHICKENS (LAYERS)
PEPPERS TANNIER DAIRY COWS

PERENNIAL PEANUTS TARO DEER TEA **DUCKS** PERIQUE TOBACCO TEFF **PERSIMMONS ELK** PINE NUTS TI **EMUS PINEAPPLE** TOBACCO CIGAR WRAPPER **EQUINE PISTACHIOS TOBACCO BURLEY GEESE**

PITAYA/DRAGONFRUIT **TOBACCO BURLEY 31V GOATS PLANTAIN TOBACCO CIGAR BINDER HONEYBEES PLUMCOTS** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER LLAMAS **PLUMS** TOBACCO CIGAR FILLER BINDER REINDEER **POMEGRANATES** TOBACCO DARK AIR CURED SHEEP **POTATOES TOBACCO FIRE CURED SWINE**

POTATOES SWEET TOBACCO FLUE CURED PRUNES TOBACCO MARYLAND

PSYLLIUM TOBACCO VIRGINIA FIRE CURED

PUMMELO TOMATILLOS PUMPKINS TOMATOES QUINCES TREES TIMBER QUINOA TRITICALE **TRUFFLES** RADISHES **RAISINS TURNIPS RAMBUTAN** VETCH RAPESEED WALNUTS RHUBARB WAMPEE RICE WASABI RICE SWEET WATERMELON WAX JAMBOO FRUIT RICE WILD

RUTABAGA WHEAT

RYE WILLOW SHRUB
SAFFLOWER WINTER MELON
SAPODILLA WOLFBERRY/GOJI

SAPOTE YAM

SCALLIONS SESAME SHALLOTS SORGHUM

SORGHUM DUAL PURPOSE

SORGHUM FORAGE

SOYBEANS SPELT SQUASH

STAR GOOSEBERRY

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Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Additional Specific Terms and Conditions February 2023

I. Overarching Statement

The following award terms and conditions are applicable to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities agreements and are in addition to the USDA FPAC General Terms and Conditions. The award recipient must abide by all terms of this grant including, but not limited to, the General Terms and Conditions, the terms in the Funding Opportunity and associated Frequently Asked Questions, and this addendum. The recipient must also deliver on the planned objectives in the project narrative and budget narrative associated with this grant.

II. Eligibility and Highly Erodible Lands and Wetlands Compliance

In order to be eligible for an incentive payment as a part of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities, a producer must:

- Establish Farm Records with the Farm Service Agency (FSA) (have farm, tract, and field numbers in place);
- Complete an AD-2047 (Customer Data Worksheet to facilitate the collection of customer data for Business Partner Record);
- Certify highly erodible land conservation (HEL) and wetland conservation (WC) compliance via Form AD-1026, Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification; and
- Certify that they are not a foreign person or entity.

Farm, tract, and field numbers are required for the producer, and ultimately the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipient, to report climate-smart practice implementation to USDA, as well as to certify and maintain HELC/WC compliance. This will require that some producers who do not already have these numbers, like perennial crop growers or feedlots, establish these records with USDA's FSA. Farm, tract, field numbers, producer name, and Core Customer I.D. (CCID) will be provided by the recipient to the National Program Officer as a part of routine grant reporting. Recipients must ensure that producers receiving financial assistance or incentives through this project use the same name as is included in the relevant FSA Business File for that Farm ID in any contracts or similar documentation kept by the recipient.

Producers are not bound by the payment limitations and the adjusted gross income (AGI) limitations that are in place for other USDA programs.

In order to demonstrate HELC/WC compliance for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities incentive payments, producers will need to request a copy of their subsidiary print from their

USDA FSA field office. The Subsidiary Print includes print year specific eligibility related information about a selected producer. The producer will then provide this documentation to the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities recipients as proof of compliance. A current year subsidiary print will be required for each crop year that the producer receives a payment, and HELC/WC eligibility information is provided under the AD-1026 and Conservation Compliance sections of subsidiary (determined by year, which can change at any time during the year or in a subsequent year). As is the case already, field offices will not be expected to provide documentation to anyone besides the producer themselves (and must always comply with Section 1619 limitations if they ever do provide documentation to third parties). Producers must have control of the land for the term of their beneficiary contract.

Recipients are responsible for determining producer eligibility within the funding opportunity requirements. Recipients must inform producers of eligibility requirements and direct them to local USDA offices for requested information as necessary, including but not limited to, farm and tract establishment and Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Compliance determinations. Privacy of producers is a priority throughout this process, and recipients are responsible for maintaining producer privacy in the process.

At minimum, the recipient will collect and review subsidiary reports from participating producers. They will ensure that the producer is listed as "compliant" in all sections of the conservation compliance portion of subsidiary and "certified" for AD-1026 before an incentive payment is made. If payments to a producer span more than one Federal fiscal year, the recipient will review an updated subsidiary print each fiscal year to ensure that the status is still compliant.

III. Other Environmental and Cultural Resources Reviews

A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was signed by USDA NRCS on August 26, 2022. A copy of the Programmatic Environmental Assessment for Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities is available at www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities. USDA may determine that additional environmental and cultural resources review is needed for any particular action under Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities. The recipient must not execute any beneficiary contracts under this grant agreement prior to receipt of a letter from USDA that specifically details:

- further procedures deemed appropriate by the Agency to ensure a completed National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review and all appropriate consultation requirements are met, and
- 2) additional instructions for any unanticipated discoveries or conditions.

A resolution of support is required for projects on Tribal lands from the governing body of the Tribe with jurisdiction over that land, if the applicant is not the Tribe nor an entity owned or

operated by that Tribe. USDA may approve alternative documentation for resolutions when USDA deems necessary and legally sufficient.

IV. Producer Benefits

USDA encourages the recipient to disclose to participating producers the manner and amount for which any market premiums derived from the development of the relevant climate-smart commodity will be shared between participating parties, including producers. USDA will be monitoring producer benefits, in particular those to small and underserved producers, throughout the grant period. Recipients agree that their project(s) will implement a plan for engaging small and underserved producers as laid out in this agreement.

V. Producer Data Protection and Disclosure

Recipients must ensure each producer has convenient access to any data collected from that producer or the producer's land and any associated modeling as part of the project. The recipient must provide each producer applying for benefits under this grant a description in writing of how their information, including but not limited to data about their farm and commodities, will be utilized, protected and shared as applicable.

VI. Other Data and Reporting Requirements

In addition to the reporting information provided in the statement of work and General Terms and Conditions, USDA will provide a template for the Detailed Progress Report, also known as the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities (PSCS) Project Reporting Workbook. Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, a copy of this workbook will be posted at www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer. USDA may provide updates to the PCSC Project Reporting Workbook or submission methods to streamline the data collection process and/or reduce the burden on the recipient throughout the grant period. Generally, these updates will be provided at least 3 months in advance of any required changes. The recipient must not transfer any data to foreign governments or foreign entities without prior approval from USDA.

USDA will provide a Technical Contact for this grant. The Technical Contact will have the responsibility of technical oversight for USDA for the project. The recipient is responsible for providing the technical assistance required to successfully implement and complete the project. The recipient must comply with any requests for information from the Technical Contact. The Technical Contact for this award is the National Program Officer assigned to this grant.

Prior to execution of this grant, the recipient must provide a shapefile depicting the project boundary for enrollment under this grant. Producer enrollment may not occur outside this boundary without modification of this grant.

Within 30 calendar days of execution of this grant, the recipient must provide to the National Program Officer a website address where enrollment information will be posted for producers for the project associated with this grant. Recipients will be responsible for the following reports:

- Submit quarterly performance reports that include a written progress report, as well as
 additional reporting on specific data elements contained in the most up-to-date version
 of the Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Project Reporting Workbook.
 Additional information about each reported element is described in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit supplemental reports required to validate greenhouse gas (GHG) benefit data, including: (1) an initial project MMRV plan, (2) field-modeled GHG benefit reports, and (3) field-direct GHG measurement results, as applicable. Additional information about these reports is in included in the Data Dictionary.
- Submit copies of project outputs and deliverables (e.g., fact sheets, reports) as attachments in ezFedGrants along with quarterly performance reports.
- Report the version of COMET-Planner used to estimate GHG benefits of the project within each quarterly performance report. As COMET-Planner is updated, recipients must adopt the latest version of the tool as directed by USDA for use in performance reports.

Recipients must designate an individual as a member of the USDA Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities Learning Network (Partnerships Network); this representative should be identified in the Project Narrative for this grant. Each project includes a plan for up to two Partnerships Network virtual meetings and two in-person meetings a year during the project duration. Dates and other details on events will be posted at www.usda.gov/climate-smart-commodities or an alternative location provided to the recipient by the National Program Officer.

The Partnerships Network will be co-chaired by representative from the USDA Office of the Chief Economist and the Farm Production and Conservation Mission Area. The Partnerships Network will inform synthesis reports to be assembled by USDA on a range of topics related to the implementation of Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities projects, including:

- Lessons-learned as projects are implemented;
- · Options for providing technical assistance;
- Procedures for measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, and verifying GHG benefits;
- Options for tracing climate-smart commodities through the supply chain;
- Mechanisms for reducing costs of implementation;
- A forum for discussion and learning regarding approaches to climate-smart agriculture and forestry implementation (including but not limited to deployment and

measurement/quantification, monitoring, reporting, tracking, and verification of associated greenhouse gas benefits and marketing of climate-smart commodities).

- · Synthesis of outcomes; and
- Opportunities for USDA and others to inform future approaches to generating new and expanded markets for climate-smart commodities.

The Partnerships Network topics to be discussed will cover at minimum the areas described in previous FAQs and will evolve with USDA's ongoing project data analysis efforts and with input from the project recipients on the kinds of sessions that will be most helpful to them in building the diverse climate-smart markets associated with their projects. Participation may include at least one interview a year and include questions related to the following areas:

- Technical assistance approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Producer outreach approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Monitoring, measurement, reporting, and verification (MMRV) approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Marketing approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Partnership approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Data collection and storage approaches, methods, and successes and/or challenges
- Supply chain approaches, methods and successes and/or challenges, including approaches to traceability
- Supply chain benefits and demand for climate-smart commodities
- Perspectives on program design, climate-smart commodity definitions, and future approaches or opportunities
- Project successes and stories

USDA may also request producer exit reports at a later date. Additional marketing and branding-related requirements may be provided by USDA, including signage related to Partnerships for Climate-Smart Commodities.

VII. Competition and Anti-Competitive Practices

In connection with this grant, recipients may not prohibit or otherwise limit a producer from changing the provider of other services or materials not included as part of this grant. Recipients may not condition, limit, steer, or discriminate in their provision or sale of non-project business functions or products to producers based on their participation or non-participation in or use of any services provided as part of this grant. Additionally, funds in this agreement shall not be used for purposes or activities related to mergers or acquisitions.

VIII. Suspension and Disbarment

The provisions governing Suspension and Disbarment in subsection 1.a.8 shall also apply to fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification, or destruction of records, making false statements, or violations of the Federal civil antitrust or unfair trade practice laws.

IX. Special provisions for awards to for-profit entities as recipients

This section contains provisions that apply to awards to for-profit entities. These provisions are in addition to other applicable provisions of these terms and conditions, or they make exceptions from other provisions of the terms and conditions for awards to for-profit entities. For-profit entities that receive awards have two options regarding audits:

- A financial related audit of a particular award in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, in those cases where the for-profit entity receives awards under only one USDA program; or, if awards are received under multiple USDA programs, a financial related audit of all awards in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; or
- 2) An audit that meets the requirements contained in 2 CFR 200 subpart F.

For-profit entities that receive annual awards totaling less than the audit requirement threshold in 2 CFR 200 subpart F are exempt from USDA audit requirements for that year, but records must be available for review by appropriate officials of Federal agencies or the Government Accountability Office.

X. Non-Disparagement

Recipients may not engage in any advertising deemed by USDA as disparaging to another agricultural commodity or competing product, or in violation of the prohibition against false and misleading advertising. Disparagement is defined as anything that depicts other commodities in a negative or unpleasant light via overt or subjective video, photography, or statements. Comparative advertising is allowable, provided the presentation of facts is truthful, objective, not misleading, and supported by a reasonable basis.