

## Agency Retrospective Review Plan Report—January 2014—USDA

	E.O 13563 - Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review							
Agency/ Sub-agency	RIN/OMB Control No.	Title of Initiative/Rule/ICR	Brief Description  Actual or Target Completion Date  Anticipated savings in costs and /or information collection burdens		Progress updates and anticipated accomplishments			
			USE	DA – Food Safety				
Food Safety & Inspection Service (FSIS)	0583-AD39	Electronic Import Inspection and Certification of Imported Products and Foreign Establishments	This rule will amend import inspection regulations to provide for the electronic transmittal of foreign establishment certificates and foreign inspection certificates. FSIS will also propose to amend its regulations to give importers the option of submitting electronic import inspection applications.	Final rule to publish by 4/2014.	The final rule, in conjunction with the Public Health Information System, will reduce the information collection burden on importers by approximately 10,000 hours.  The electronic import system will also facilitate the import product foreign inspection and annual foreign establishment certifications by providing immediate and direct electronic government-to-government exchange of information; as well as exchange of information with the Customs and Border Protection system.  The new business practice may be operational as early as April 2012, and the regulations will codify the changes.	The final rule is under development and expected to publish by April 2014.		
FSIS	0583-AD41	Electronic Export Application and Certification Fee	The electronic export application and certification system will be a component of the Agency's Public Health Information System (PHIS). The export component of PHIS will be available as an alternative to the paper-based application and certification process.	Final rule to publish by 5/2014.	The final rule is expected to reduce the information collection burden. Actual amount TBD.  When an electronic government-to-government system interface or data exchange is used, fraudulent transactions', such as false alterations and reproductions will be significantly reduced, if not eliminated. Moreover, the workload of the inspection personal is reduced through the	The final rule is under development and expected to publish by May 2014.		



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					elimination of physical handling and processing of applications and certificates, reducing a two step process to one step.			
FSIS	0583-AC59	Prior Labeling Approval System: Generic Label Approval	This rulemaking will continue an effort initiated several years ago by amending FSIS' regulations to expand the types of labeling that are generically approved.	The rulemaking has been completed.	The final rule is expected to reduce the information collection burden hours on industry by 34,971.  The proposed rule would be beneficial because it would streamline the generic labeling process, while imposing no additional cost burden on establishments. Consumers would benefit because industry would have the ability to introduce products to the marketplace more quickly.  Moreover, the change would make better use of FSIS resources because it would reduce the number of labels required to be reviewed by the Agency.	The final rule was published on November 7, 2013.  This rule is effective January 6, 2014.		
FSIS	0583-AD32	Modernization of Poultry Slaughter inspection	This rule will modernize young chicken and turkey slaughter inspection in the United States by focusing FSIS inspection resources on the areas of the poultry production system that pose the greatest risk to food safety. The new inspection system will shift the responsibility for detecting visible carcass defects from FSIS inspectors to plant employees. FSIS will continue to conduct an on-	Final rule to publish by 4/2014 with an effective date 60 days after the publication date. Full implementation may take up to two years in plants that opt in.	The final rule will reduce costs by making better use of the Agency's inspection resources and improving the effectiveness of inspection systems. It is also expected to reduce the risk of foodborne illness in the United States and remove unnecessary barriers to innovation. The final rule will provide the framework for action to provide public health-based inspection in all establishments that slaughter amenable poultry species.	The final rule is under development and expected to publish by April 2014.		

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			line carcass-by-carcass inspection, but FSIS inspectors will be located further down the production line, where they will be presented with carcasses that have fewer defects to inspect.				
			USDA – National	Resources and Enviro	nment		
Forest Service(FS)	0596-AD01	National Environmental Policy Act Efficiencies	The Forest Service is proposing to develop and provide notice and comment on the addition of new categorical exclusions (CEs) to its NEPA Regulations. These CEs, designed to expedite landscape restoration activities on National Forests, Grasslands, and Prairies, will supplement existing Agency categorical exclusions found in 36 CFR part 220.6.	The rulemaking has been completed.	Categorical exclusions will reduce cost and time commitment burden on the Agency without reducing environmental protection.	The final rule was published on September 12, 2013.	
				Rural Development			
Rural Business Services (RBS)	0570-AA76 0570-0050 0570-0061 0570-0059	Rural Energy America Program	The rule proposes to change the RES and EEI grant application requirements to reduce burden and streamline the application process by requesting documentation for a complete application based on total project costs.	Final Rule to publish by 4/2014.	The final rule is expected to reduce the information collection burden. Notably, an estimated 20 percent reduction in the number of hours it takes to complete a technical report for those applications for projects with total project costs (TPC) of more than \$80,000 to \$200,000; the elimination of a technical report for those	The proposed rule published April 12, 2013. The final rule is expected to publish by April 2014.	

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					applications for projects with TPC of \$80,000 or less; and a 50 percent reduction in the number of hours it takes to complete the narrative portion of an application.	
RBS	0570-AA85	Business and Industry Loan Guaranteed Program	The proposed rule will alter the way RBS services the loan guarantees making the program operate at a lower cost.	Final rule to be published by 4/2015.	Estimated reduction in Burden up to 2,000 hours.	The proposed rule is pending submission to OMB for review. The proposed rule is expected to publish by April 2014.
Rural Housing Service	0575-AC91	Community Facilities Loan and Grants	Update program operation in an effort to consolidate, streamline, and simplify existing processes.	Final Rule to publish in December 2014.	The agency is aligning its application requirements with the lending industry. As such, approximately 90 applicants each year would not be required to provide an examination opinion, which averages about \$45,000 each. Hence, this change will save the public approximately \$4 million a year.	The proposed rule is under development and is expected to publish by February 2014.
			USDA – Farm and	Foreign Agricultural S	Services	
Farm Service Agency and Risk Management Agency	0563-0084	Acreage and Crop Reporting Streamlining Initiative	To improve and streamline the existing information collection activities currently approved by OMB by eliminating or minimizing the duplication of information collected by each of the agencies	Implementation is to be conducted in phases with the first phase occurring in selected counties in Kansas.	The final rule is expected to reduce the information collection burden. Actual amount TBD.	OMB cleared the information collection on March 23, 2012.  For the 2013 crop year, the following USDA-wide changes have been or are in the process of being implemented:
						location identifiers aligned to ANSI standards; acreage

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						reporting dates consolidation; data governance process to maintain common data standards over time; the first phase of consolidated entity types and the common USDA commodity table are in place; phased implementation of mandatory acreage reporting by Common Land Unit; Phase 1 of the USDA acreage reporting web application was available for spring 2013 acreage reporting in 4 counties in Kansas.			
						Still underway is work to complete the consolidation of the remaining entity types; to fully incorporate the common USDA commodity table into agency processes and systems; to continue to achieve goals of annually increasing the percentage of acreage reporting by Common Land Unit; and to implement common production data elements and common			

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						production evidence standards.		
						Ongoing activity includes continuous Agency requests to add/edit new crops/types/intended uses to the CVT; to complete acreage reporting date change requests; and to continue work on Phase 2 of the pilot web acreage reporting application, using feedback from Phase 1 participants and other lessons learned to make changes and improvements to the		
			IISDA – Marketi	ng and Regulatory Pro	ngrams	application.		
Animal Plant	0579-0007,	Certification,	APHIS is creating a new electronic	The Target	APHIS anticipates both savings in cost and	The Assessment of business		
Health & Inspection	0579-0047, 0579-	Accreditation, Registration, Permits,	system to replace its ePermits system that will integrate	Completion Date of the initial process	information collection burdens for APHIS and the public. The affected publics would be State, Local,	practices will be an ongoing initiative to incorporate		
Service (APHIS)	0070/0137, 0579-0101, 0579-0127, 0579-0137, 0579-0146, 0579-0148, 0579-0185,	and other Licenses (CARPOL)	programs/processes that are currently not electronic and/or part of a consolidated system. The CARPOL system will streamline all certification, accreditation, registration, permitting, and other license processes across APHIS and	delivery date is 12/2016; however, this will be an ongoing initiative.	and Tribal Governments; Businesses and Other For- Profits (small entities included); Not-for-Profits; Farms; Individuals and Households; and Foreign Federal Governments.	certifications, accreditations and other license processes. The Target Completion Date for completion of the permitting phase of the Assessment of business practices is 04/2014. APHIS continues to do the		



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	0579-0189, 0579-0192, 0579-0324, 0579-0338, 0579-0367		will communicate with other systems.			preparatory work associated with this initiative, but does not expect to solicit proposals this fiscal year.		



	EO 13610: Paperwork and Reporting Burden Initiatives								
Agency	Sub-Agency	Title	Description of the Initiative	Hours of paperwork/reporting eliminated	Notes	Estimated effective date of the change			
USDA	FSIS	Generic Label Approval	This initiative would streamline the generic labeling process for meat and poultry by expanding the types of labeling that are generically approved.	34,971	Cost savings of \$8.7 million over 10 years	The final rule was published on November 7, 2013.  This rule is effective January 6, 2014.			
USDA	FNS	Direct Certification for School Meals	Under the direct certification process, a local educational agency obtains documentation of a child's receipt of SNAP benefits from the State or local program office. By eliminating the need for paper applications for many low-income families, direct certification helps to substantially reduce paperwork burden and simplify program access for participants.	113,000	Not identified	Already in effect.			



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USDA	APHIS	Forms for Declaration Mandated by 2008 Farm Bill	The Lacey Act amendments included in the 2008 Farm Bill require the declaration of imported plant and plant products. APHIS, in cooperation with other Federal entities, has implemented a number of initiatives to reduce the burden on importers. APHIS has been developing an electronic entry system and solicited public comment on regulatory options on several issues, including a de minimis exemption for the declaration requirement.	Electronic entry system (known as Lacey Act Web Governance System or LAWGS): It is estimated that some time would be saved due to importers using templates of forms saved from previously submitted electronic entries; postage and filing fees would also be saved.  De minimis exemption: The de minimis exemption would provide industry cost and time savings by eliminating the need for declarations of products with little plant material. The solicitation for comment indicated 2 percent, 5 percent, and 10 percent of volume, weight, or value. If it is assumed that at least 2 percent of all declarations currently received would not be received under de minimis, the savings would be 120,000 hours (12 million anticipated under full	Electronic entry system: cost savings to industry estimated at \$1.7 million - \$5.7 million [57,600 entries (those currently received in paper format) * \$30 to \$100 broker's fees]. The Government will incur cost of \$750,000 to develop and implement the entry system.  De minimis exemption: The ANPRM proposed thresholds of 2 percent, 5 percent, or 10 percent. Assuming that at least 2 percent of the number of declarations that would otherwise be filed under full implementation are exempt, the cost savings would be \$7.2 million to \$24 million (240,000	Electronic entry system:  September 2013: Four Industry webinars were held introducing the new system. To date, almost 300 participants representing more than 80 organizations have registered for LAWGS webinars.  February 2013 to December 2013: internal testing of the system is ongoing.  Winter 2014: initiate a beta test program with up to 20 industry and other stakeholders; continue, to conduct additional webinars.  Late winter 2014: implementation of

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				implementation *0.02*0.5 hours per declarations)	declarations * \$30 to \$100 in broker's fees).	LAWGS, pending completion of Agencymandated certification and accreditation of the system.  De minimis exemption: As rulemaking is required, the initiative could not be implemented before 2014. The de minimis exemption would not likely be implemented if the phase-in implementation did not progress, as most plant products under the current implementation schedule are comprised of all or nearly all wood.			



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USDA	FSA/FLP	Streamlined Farm Loan Programs Direct Loan Making (OMB Control # 0560-0237)	FSA's Farm Loan Programs provide loans to family farmers to buy real estate and equipment, and finance agricultural production. FSA added a streamlined version of form FSA-2314 that will be used by some respondents. Repeat customers (borrowers) whose information has not changed will be able to use the new form, which will be streamlined and require less information and therefore less burden. The burden hours have decreased in some forms (FSA-2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, and 2006) due to lower number of responses	Eliminated 17,898 responses and 6,271 annual burden hours	\$162,607 cost savings for the respondents and \$647,728, federal cost savings for processing by the Federal Government employees	OMB approved the ICR for the change on October 22, 2013.			



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USDA	NRCS	Conservation Delivery Streamlining Initiative (CDSI) – Client Gateway (CG)	Although NRCS' Conservation Delivery Streamlining Initiative (CDSI) is not an effort focused on paperwork reduction, the new processes and technologies being implemented will result in some paperwork reduction for NRCS' clientele.  Most of the efficiency gains for clients will result from the Client Gateway, which will provide an online portal that will allow customers to:  - work with NRCS 24/7 at their convenience, reducing or eliminating the needs for trips to the NRCS office;  - view, finalize, and electronically sign documents using remote electronic signature, eliminating the generation, processing, and management of some paper documents; and  - request assistance, describe problems, obtain resource	When CDSI is fully implemented, NRCS estimates the Initiative has the potential to substantially reduce other (non-PRA) administrative time for clients when participating in NRCS' conservation programs. While not within the scope of PRA, examples of such time savings include: 110,000 hours result from reduced travel time by clients to NRCS offices, or 40,000 hours result from reduced time interpreting and applying the simplified and consolidated documents (conservation plan, practice designs, etc.) being implemented through CDSI.	Cost savings is not a primary objective of CDSI, so little or no initial cost savings will be realized. In the long term, there are information technology cost savings to NRCS associated with reducing: (1) the number of information technology legacy systems that must be maintained, (2) costs for data storage and management, and (3) costs of managing multiple duplicative physical document	The Client Gateway public facing web application is scheduled for nationwide implementation in calendar year 2014. The Client Gateway application will provide benefits for both NRCS employees and its clients.  Other CDSI systems (Conservation Desktop and Mobile Planning Tool) and streamlined processes that will enhance the paperwork reduction are scheduled for implementation in late fiscal year 2015; and			

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			information, and check on payments in less time and with fewer steps.  Other paperwork reductions will result from NRCS' implementation of mobile planning tools and other process streamlining.	Since the use of the Client Gateway is optional, there is an expectation that initial use will be small, with increasing participation each year thereafter. NRCS projects participation will be 10-20% in 2015, and grow to 75-100% by 2020.	management systems.  The design and development contract cost for Client Gateway Version 1 is \$1.48M.  NRCS anticipates significant lifecycle savings as usage by USDA's external customers (farmers, etc.) increases and as USDA personnel are able to more quickly and efficiently process customer technical assistance requests and financial assistance applications.  The Client Gateway results in a cost-savings for NRCS customers by reducing the number of trips customers must	thereafter.				

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					make to the NRCS office to participate in the Agency's programs.					